

**PANJAB UNIVERSITY, CHANDIGARH-160014 (INDIA)**  
(Estd. under the Panjab University Act VII of 1947—enacted by the Govt. of India)



**FACULTY OF ARTS**  
**SYLLABI**

*FOR*

**M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (SEMESTER SYSTEM)**  
**EXAMINATIONS, 2021-22**

- : 0:-

**APPLICABILITY OF REGULATIONS FOR THE TIME  
BEING IN FORCE**

Notwithstanding the integrated nature of a course spread over more than one academic year, the regulations in force at the time a student joins a course shall hold good only for the examinations held during or at the end of the academic year. Nothing in these regulations shall be deemed to debar the University from amending the regulations subsequently and the amended regulations, if any, shall apply to all students whether old or new.

**GUIDELINES FOR CONTINUOUS INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (20%) FOR REGULAR STUDENTS OF POST-GRADUATE COURSES of M.A. Political Science (Semester System)**  
(Effective from the First Year Admissions for the Academic Session 2005-2006)

1. The Syndicate has approved the following guidelines, mode of testing and evaluation including Continuous Internal Assessment of students :

- (i) Terminal Evaluation : 80 %
- (ii) Continuous Assessment : 20 %
- (iii) Continuous Assessment may include written assignment, snap tests, participation in discussions in the class, term papers, attendance etc.
- (iv) In order to incorporate an element of Continuous Internal Assessment of students, the Colleges/Departments will conduct **one** written test as quantified below :

(a)	Written Test	:	25 (reduced to 5)
(b)	Snap Test	:	25 (reduced to 5)
(c)	Participation in Class Discussion	:	15 (reduced to 3)
(d)	Term Paper	:	25 (reduced to 5)
(e)	Attendance	:	10 (reduced to 2)

**Total : 100 reduced to 20**

2. Weightage of 2 marks for attendance component out of 20 marks for Continuous Assessment shall be available only to those students who attend 75% and more of classroom lectures/seminars/workshops. The break-up of marks for **attendance component** for theory papers shall be as under :

<i>Attendance Component</i>	<i>Mark/s for Theory Papers</i>
(a) 75 % and above upto 85 %	1
(b) Above 85 %	2

3. It shall **not be compulsory** to pass in Continuous Internal Assessment. Thus, whatever marks are secured by a student out of 20% marks, will be carried forward and added to his/her score out of 80 %, i.e. the remaining marks allocated to the particular subject and, thus, he/she shall have to secure pass marks both in the University examinations as well as total of Internal Continuous Assessment and University examinations.
4. Continuous Internal Assessment awards from the affiliated Colleges/Departments must be sent to the Controller of Examinations, by name, **two weeks before** the commencement of the particular examination on the *proforma* obtainable from the Examination Branch.

**SPECIAL NOTES :**

- (i) The theory paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For the private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.  
**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**
- (iii) In the case of Postgraduate Courses in the Faculties of Arts, Science, Languages, Education, Design & Fine Arts, and Business Management & Commerce, falling under the purview of Academic Council, where such a provision of Internal Assessment/Continuous Assessment already exists, the same will continue as before.
- (iv) The marks obtained by a candidate in Continuous Internal Assessment in Postgraduate Classes from the admissions of 2004 will be shown separately in the Detailed-Marks-Card (D.M.C.).

**OUTLINES OF TESTS, SYLLABI AND COURSES OF READING IN THE SUBJECT OF  
POLITICAL SCIENCE FOR M.A. (Semester System) i.e. 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> SEMESTERS  
NOVEMBER/DECEMBER, 2021 AND 2<sup>nd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> SEMESTERS  
APRIL/MAY, 2022 EXAMINATIONS**

**Outlines of Test**

*Note* :Each paper/course shall carry 4 credits/100 marks.

A semester shall have at least 60 hours of lectures and 15 hours of seminars in the papers included in the syllabus.

**FIRST SEMESTER**

- Course I : Western Political Thought-I
- Course II : Key Concepts in Political Analysis
- Course III : Indian Politics : Institutions at work (Compulsory)
- Course IV : International Relations : An Historical Overview

**SECOND SEMESTER**

- Course V : Western Political Thought (II)
- Course VI : Comparative Politics : Understanding Advanced Industrial Societies
- Course VII : Indian Politics : Political Processes (Compulsory)
- Course VIII : Theories of International Relations

**OR**

Approaches to the Study of International Relations

**THIRD SEMESTER**

- Course IX : Indian Political Thought-I (Compulsory)
- Course X : Comparative Politics-II : Understanding Developing Societies (Compulsory)

**OR**

Comparative Political Systems with special reference to USA, UK, China, Japan & Switzerland (Compulsory)

- Course XI : ***The candidates are required to offer any one of the following courses :***
  - Option (a) International Organization
  - Option (b) Transnational Actors in International Politics
  - Option (c) Politics of Development in India
  - Option (d) Peace and Conflict Resolution
  - Option (e) Rethinking Geopolitics : Critical Perspectives
  - Option (f) Theories of Development
  - Option (g) Public International Law-I

- Course XII : ***The candidates are required to offer any one of the following courses :***
- Option (a) Democracy in India
  - Option (b) Government & Politics of India's Neighbours (Pakistan, Bangladesh, Nepal and Sri Lanka).
  - Option (c) Women and Politics in India
  - Option (d) Rights : Ideas and Movements
  - Option (e) Nationalism : Theory and Context
  - Option (f) New Political Geography in Comparative Perspective
  - Option (g) Policies and Politics of Development in India
  - Option (h) Public Administration

#### **FOURTH SEMESTER**

Course XIII : Indian Political Thought-II (Compulsory)

Course XIV : Foreign Policy of India (Compulsory)

Course XV : ***The candidates are required to offer any one of the following courses :***

- Option (a) Parties and Electoral Politics in India
- Option (b) State Politics in India
- Option (c) Decentralized Governance and Local Level Institutions in India
- Option (d) Political Sociology with special reference to India
- Option (e) Representing "India" : Geopolitical Imaginations
- Option (f) Dalit Movements and Issues in India

Course XVI : ***The candidates are required to offer any one of the following courses :***

- Option (a) Feminist Political Theory
- Option (b) Major themes in Recent Political Philosophy
- Option (c) Readings in the Philosophy of Resistance and Liberation
- Option (d) Contemporary Debates in 20<sup>th</sup> Century Marxism
- Option (e) Introducing Federalism
- Option (f) Public International Law-II

**FIRST SEMESTER**

**Course I : WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper aims to introduce to the students to the major themes of western political thought. This will be done by undertaking an in-depth study of the key thinkers of this tradition.

**Unit-I**

1. Plato.
2. Aristotle.

**Unit- II**

1. St. Augustine.
2. St. Thomas Aquinas.

**Unit-III**

1. Machiavelli.
2. Hobbes.

**Unit-IV**

1. Locke.
2. Rousseau.

**Essential Readings :**

In addition to some sections from the original texts of the thinkers mentioned in the course (to be specified by the course-teacher), the students may refer to the following secondary literature :

**General Textbooks :**

1. Dunning, W.A., *A History of Political Theories*, Allahabad (any edition).
2. Ebenstein, William, *Great Political Thinkers*, IBH, Oxford (any edition).
3. Sabine, G.H., *A History of Political Theory*, Oxford and IBH, Bombay (any edition).
4. Russell, Bertand, *History of Western Philosophy*, Simon and Schuster, New York (any edition).
5. Strauss, Leo and Joseph Cropsey, *History of Political Philosophy*, Rand McNally, 1968.

**Suggested Readings :**

1. Allen, J.W., *A History of Political Thought in the Sixteenth Century*, Methuen, London, 1964 (Ch. II Machiavelli).
2. Bakshi, O.P., *Politics and Prejudice : Notes on Aristotle's Political Theory*, University of Delhi, 1975.
3. Barker, E., "Introduction" in E. Barker (ed.), *The Politics of Aristotle*, OUP, Oxford.
4. Barker, E., *Greek Political Theory : Plato and His Predecessors*, Methuen, London, 1947.
5. Barnes, Jonathan, *Articles on Aristotle, Vol. 2, Ethics and Politics*, Duckworth, London, 1977.
6. Berlin, Isaiah, *The Originality of Machiavelli in I. Berlin, Against the Current*, OUP, Oxford, 1981.
7. Brian R. Nelson, *Western Political Thought*, Pearson, Delhi, 2004.
8. Brown, Keith C. (ed.), *Hobbes Studies*, Basil Blackwell, 1965.
9. Cole, G.D.H. (Translator), *The Social Contract and Discourses* by Jean Jacques Rousseau (Author) J.H. Brumfitt (Revised), London, Everyman's Library, 1993.
10. Colletti, Lucio, "Rousseau as Critic of Civil Society" in Lucio Colletti ed. *From Rousseau to Lenin*, OUP, Delhi, 1978.
11. Croix, GEM De Ste, *The Class Struggle in the Ancient Greek World*, Duckworth, London, 1981.
12. Crombie, I.M., *An Examination of Plato's Doctrines*, Vol. I R.K.P., London, 1962.
13. Cross, R.C. & A.B. Woozley, *Plato's Republic*, Macmillan, 1964.
14. Deane, Herbert, A., *The Politics and Social Ideas of St. Augustine*, Columbia University Press, New York, 1963.
15. Dunn, John, Locke, *Past Masters Series*, OUP, Oxford, 1984, Chs. 1 & 2.
16. Dunn, John, *The Political Thought of John Locke*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1969.
17. Filed, G.C., *The Philosophy of Plato*, London, 1969.
18. Gilby, Thomas, B., *The Political Thought of Thomas Aquinas*, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 1958.
19. Grimsley, Ronald, *The Philosophy of Rousseau*, OUP, London, 1973.
20. Hall, J.C., *Rousseau, Introduction to His Political Philosophy*, Macmillan, 1971.
21. Levinson, R.B., *In Defence of Plato*, Harvard University Press, Harvard, 1953.
22. Macpherson, C.B., "Introduction" in C.B. Macpherson (ed.), *Leviathan of Hobbes*, Penguin, Harmondsworth, 1968.
23. Macpherson, C.B., *Political Theory of Possessive Individualism, Hobbes to Locke*, OUP, London, 1962.
24. Masters, Roger D., *The Political Philosophy of Rousseau*, Princeton, 1968.
25. Muglan, R., *Aristotle's Political Theory*, Clarendon, Oxford, 1977.
26. Newman, N.L., *The Political Thought of Aristotle*, 4 Vols., Clarendon, Oxford, 1887-1902.
27. Pocock, J., *The Machiavellian Moment*, Princeton, 1975.
28. Popper, Karl, *The Open Society and Its Enemies*, Vol. I : The Spell of Plato, R.K.P., London, 1945.
29. Raphael, D.D., *Hobbes : Morals and Politics*, George Allen & Unwin, London, 1977.
30. Skinner, Q., *Machiavelli, Past Masters Series*, OUP, Oxford, 1981.
31. Skinnners, Q., *Foundations of Modern Political Thought, Vol. 1 : The Renaissance*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1978 (Chs. 4, 5, 6).

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## Semester-I

### Course II : KEY CONCEPTS IN POLITICAL ANALYSIS

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :**The course aims at introducing students to the key concepts which are the building blocks of political analysis. Each concept will be studied in terms of the main debates over its nature and scope in the discipline and its relationship with other concepts. After doing this course, the student will be able to discern the conceptual debates which underlie political phenomena.

#### Unit-I

Politics and the Political - Conflict, Consensus, Class, Patriarchy, Public and the Private Power – Three Dimensional View of Power, Power to and Power over, Influence, Exploitation, Hegemony, Power/Knowledge.

#### Unit-II

State- Political Authority and Political Obligation, Modern State, Theories of the state, Governmentally, State-Society relationship

Civil Society- Historical evolution of the concept, Civil Society as market, public sphere, civic virtue; associational life, State/ civil society, relationship

#### Unit III

Democracy- Who should rule and why? Liberal democracy and its critics, Representation and Participation

Liberty – Negative and Positive models, Civil and Political liberty, Freedom of expression, Alienation, Social conditioning

#### Unit-IV

Equality and Justice – Why equality; Equality of What/ Distributive justice: Universality and difference, Care

Rights- Natural, legal rights, human rights; Three generations of rights, Individual and group rights



**Essential Readings:-**

1. Andrew Heywood, *Political Theory*, Palgrave Macmillan, 2004 (Third Edition)
2. Andrew Heywood, *Politics*, Palgrave Macmillan, 2013 (Fourth Edition)
3. Rajeev Bhargava and Ashok Acharya (ed) *Political Theory: An Introduction* (Available in Hindi translation), Pearson Education, 2008
4. Andrew Vincent, *Modern Political Ideologies*, Wiley-Blackwell, 2010 (Third Edition)
5. Will Kymlicka, *Contemporary Political Philosophy* (Available in Hindi translation), OUP, 2002 (Second Edition)
6. Dudley Knowles, *Political Philosophy*, Routledge, 2001
7. Jonathan Wolff, *An Introduction to Political Philosophy*, OUP, 1996
8. John Dryzek, Bonnie Honig and Anne Phillips (eds), *The Oxford Handbook of Political Theory*, OUP, 2008
9. Jean Hampton, *Political Philosophy*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1998

**Suggested Readings:-**

1. Adrian Leftwich: *What is Politics: The Activity and Its Study*, Polity Press, 2004
2. Amartya Sen, "Equality of What?" in S.M.McMurrin, ed., *The Tanner Lectures on Human Values*, Cambridge University Press, 1980, pp 195-220.
3. Bhikhu Parekh, "Equality in a Multicultural Society", in *Rethinking Multiculturalism*, Palgrave, 2000
4. Colin Gordon et.al, eds., *The Foucault Effect: Studies in Governmentality*, University of Chicago Press, 1991
5. Craig Calhoun, "Civil Society and Public Sphere", in *Public Culture*, Vol 5, No2, 1995.
6. David Held, *Models of Democracy*, Polity, 2006 (Third Edition)
7. David Held, *Political Theory and the Modern State*, Polity Press, 1989
8. David Miller: *The Liberty Reader*, Paradigm Publishers, 2006
9. John Rawls, 'Justice as Fairness: Political not Metaphysical', *Philosophy and Public Affairs*, Vol 14 (3), 1985.
10. Michael Walzer, "Complex Equality", in *Spheres of Justice: A Defence of Pluralism and Equality*, Martin Robertson, 1983
11. Norberto Bobbio, 'Gramsci and the conception of civil society' in Chantal Mouffe (ed) *Gramsci and Marxist Theory*, Routledge, 1979.
12. Robert Nozick, "Distributive Justice", in *Anarchy, State and Utopia*, Oxford, Blackwell, 1974
13. Ronald Dworkin, 'What is Equality? Part I: Equality of Welfare', *Philosophy and Public Affairs*, Vol 10/3, 1981
14. Ronald Dworkin, 'What is Equality? Part II: Equality of Resources', *Philosophy and Public Affairs*, Vol 10/4, 1981.
15. Selma Sevenhuijsen, 'The Place of Care: The Relevance of the Feminist Ethic of Care for Social Policy' in *Feminist Theory*, 4(2), 2003.
16. Simone Chambers and Will Kymlicka, eds., *Alternative Conceptions of Civil Society*, Princeton University Press, 2002.
17. Steven Lukes, *Power: A Radical Critique*, Palgrave Macmillan, 2005.

## Semester-I

### Course-III - Indian Politics: Institutions at Work (compulsory)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
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**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective of the Course:** Recently India has witnessed a major thrust in the study of India's political and economic processes. An important component of many such studies has been to refer to the relevant constitutional and institutional aspects. Such studies, sensitive to the constitutional experiences of a 'new democracy', have enriched themselves by undertaking an in-depth analysis of the way the constitutional provisions have been put into practice and also by making an attempt to explore the core ideas that guided the constitution-makers during the deliberations in the Constituent Assembly. The paper aims at making the students aware of the text of the Constitution of India, important debates and the way the institutions have worked over the last more than six and half decades.

#### **Unit I: Making of Political Institutions**

- a) Constituent Assembly Debates: Secularism, Rights
- b) Preamble, Fundamental Rights and the Directive Principles of State Policy
- c) Constitutional Amendments related to Right to Property: Nature, Problems and Politics

#### **Unit II: Federal Institutions**

- a) Strong Centre Framework: Reading Relevant Constitutional Text
- b) Autonomy and Devolution: Sarkaria Commission Recommendations
- c) Local Self Government: Politics of Decentralization

#### **Unit III: Executive and Legislature**

- a) President and Prime Minister: Modes of exercise of powers
- b) Governors and Chief Ministers: Changing Role and Institutional Relationship
- c) Union Parliament: Composition, Powers, Reservations and Parliamentary Committees

#### **Unit IV: Judicial Power and Rule of Law**

- a) Supreme Court: Jurisdictions
- b) Judicial Independence, Judicial Review
- c) Judicial Activism, Public Interest Litigation
- d) Election Commission of India and Electoral Reforms

### Essential Readings

- M.P.Singh and S.R.Raj, ed. *The Indian Political System*, Pearson 2012.
- Madhav Khosla, *India's Founding Moment: The Constitution of a most surprising Democracy*, Oxford University Press, Oxford 2020.
- Madhav Khosla, *The Indian Constitution*, New Delhi, OUP 2012.
- Austin, Granville, *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1966.
- Austin, Granville, *Working a Democratic Constitution: A History of the Indian Experience*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1999.
- Basu, D.D., *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, LexisNexis, Gurgaon, 2015.
- Bhargava, Rajeev, ed., *Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.
- Brass, Paul R., *The Politics of India since Independence*, Cambridge University Press, London, 1994.
- Chaube, S. K., *Constituent Assembly of India, Springboard of Revolution*, People's Publishing House, New Delhi, 1973.
- Choudhry, Sujit, Madhav Khosla, Pratap Bhanu Mehta ,eds, *The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Constitution*, Oxford , Oxford University Press, 2016.
- Hasan, Zoya et al., eds., *India's Living Constitution: Ideas, Practices, Controversies*, Permanent Black, New Delhi, 2002.
- Kapur, Devesh and Pratap B Mehta (eds.) *Public Institutions in India: Performance and Design*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.

### Suggested Readings:-

#### Unit I

1. Arora, Balveer and Douglas Verney, eds., *Multiple Identities in a Single State: Indian*
2. Bandyopadhyay, Sekhar (ed.) *Nationalist Movement in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2009.
3. Constituent Assembly Debates (Selections).
4. *Federalism in Comparative Perspective*, Konark Publishers, New Delhi, 1995.
5. Mehta, Pratap Bhanu, *The Burden of Democracy*, Penguin, New Delhi, 2003
6. Mehta, V. R. and Thomas Pantham (ed.), *Political Ideas in Modern India*, Delhi, Sage, 2006.
7. Mukherji, Nirmal and Balveer Arora, eds., *Federalism in India: Origins and Development*, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1992.
8. Rao Shiva B., *The Framing of India's Constitution, A Study and Select Documents*, Tripathi, Bombay, 1968.
9. Saez, Lawrence, *Federalism without a Centre: The Impact of Political and Economic Reforms on India's Federal System*, Sage, New Delhi, 2002.

#### Unit II

1. Baxi Upendra, *The Supreme Court in Indian Politics*, Eastern Book Company, New Delhi, 1980.
2. Baxi, Upendra, *Courage Craft and Contention: The Indian Supreme Court in the*
3. *Eighties*, N.M. Tripathi, Bombay, 1985.
4. Kashyap Subash, ed., *Constitutional Reforms: Problems, Prospects and Perspectives*, Radha Publications, New Delhi, 2004.
5. Kripal B.N. et al., eds., *Supreme but not Infallible: Essays in Honour of the Supreme Court of India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2000.
6. Sathé S.P., *Judicial Activism in India: Transgressing Borders and Enforcing Limits*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
7. Singh Ujjwal Kumar, *State, Democracy and AntiTerror Laws*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2007.

### Unit III

1. *2002 Jammu and Kashmir Assembly*, Penguin, New Delhi, 2004.
2. Bhagat A.K., *Elections and Electoral Reforms*, Vikas Publications, New Delhi, 1996.
3. Bhambhri, C.P., *The Indian Prime Minister: A Framework for Political Analysis*, The Indian Law Institute, New Delhi.
4. *Change*, Vol II, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008.
5. Konark Publishers, New Delhi, 1996.
6. Lyngdoh J. M., *Chronicle of an Impossible Election: The Election Commission and the*
7. Manor James, ed., *Nehru to the Nineties: The Changing Office of Prime Minister in India*, Viking Press, New Delhi, 1994.
8. Mehra Ajay K. and V. A. Pai Panandiker, *The Indian Cabinet: A Study in Governance*,
9. Morris Jones W.H., *Parliament in India*, University of Pennsylvania Press, Philadelphia,
10. Noorani, A G, *Constitutional Questions in India: The President, Parliament and the States*, Oxford University press, New Delhi, 2002.

### Unit IV

1. Baxi, Upendra and Bhikhu Parekh (ed.), *Crisis and Change in Contemporary India*, Sage, New Delhi, 1994.
2. Dhavan, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1989.
3. Frankel Francine et al., eds., *Transforming India: Social and Political Dynamics of Democracy*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
4. Galanter Marc, *Law and Society in Modern India*, edited with an introduction by Rajeev
5. Hardgrave Robert L., *India: Government and Politics in a Developing Nation*, Harcourt,
6. Jovanovich, New York, 1980.
7. Kaushik, Susheela (ed.), *Indian Government and Politics (Hindi)*, Directorate of Hindi Implementation, Delhi University, 1990.
8. Keith A.B., *Constitutional History of India*, Methuen and Co, London, 1936.
9. Khan, Rasheeduddin (ed.), *Rethinking Indian Federalism*, Indian Institute of Advanced Studies, Shimla, 1997
10. Kohli Atul, ed., *The Success of India's Democracy*, Cambridge University Press, London,
11. Kohli, Atul, *Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1991.
12. Noorani A.G., *Constitutional Questions in India: The President, Parliament and the States*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
13. Palkivala, N.A., *Our Constitution Defaced and Defiled*, Macmillan, Delhi, 1974.
14. Pylee M.V., *India's Constitution*, Asia Publishing House, New Delhi, 1962.
15. Rao K.V. and K.M. Munshi, *Parliamentary Democracy of India*, The World Press Private Ltd, Calcutta, 1965.
16. Sudarshan, R., 'The Political Consequences of Constitutional Discourse' in T.V. Satyamurthy (ed.), *State and Nation in the Context of Social Change*, Vol. I, OUP, Delhi, 1997.
17. Thakur, Ramesh, *The Government and Politics of India*, London, Macmillan Press, 1986
18. Vora, Rajendra and Suhas Palshikar (eds.), *Indian Democracy: Meanings and Practices*, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.
19. Weiner Myron, *The Indian Paradox: Essays in Indian Politics*, edited by Ashutosh Varshney, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 1989.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (SEMESTER SYSTEM) SYLLABUS

*Journals to be Consulted*

- ***Economic and Political Weekly***: Individual Articles/commentaries on Indian states and also all special issues on state assembly elections from 1989 onwards (Free access to four latest Issues only on web)
- ***Seminar*** Selected issues (Free access to Archive on Web) type start search <http://www.india-seminar.com/semsearch.htm>

## Semester-I

### Course IV : INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS : AN HISTORICAL OVERVIEW INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :**The purpose of this paper is to provide an historical overview of major developments in International Relations since the beginning of the twentieth century.

#### Unit-I

Crisis and Collapse of the 19<sup>th</sup> Century International System.

*Two World Wars* :Their causes and consequences.

Decolonization, rise and decline of third worldism.

#### Unit-II

Emerging of super powers, forms and phases of Bipolarity in the cold war.

*Nuclear Politics* :Issues of Proliferation, Discrimination and Hegemony.

#### Unit-III

*Collapse of the Socialist Bloc* :Alternative interpretation of its causes, consequences and future possibilities. End of cold war.

*Emerging Issues in a Changing World* : Ethnicity, environment, sustainable development, gender & peace.

#### Unit-IV

Emerging world order. Globalization, Regionalism and Trading,Trading blocks (NAFTA, APEC, EU & SAPTA) Changing role of IMF and The World Bank : Structural Adjustment Programmes. Transformation Facilities and Conditionalities, world trade organization.

#### Essential Reading

1. Christian Reus-Smit and Duncan Snidal, eds, The Oxford Handbook of International Relations, Oxford Handbooks, Oxford 2010.
2. DavidScott, Handbook of India's International Relations, Routledge, London 2011.
3. Rumki Basu, *International Politics: Concepts, Theories and Issues*, SAGE, 2012.
4. John Baylis, Steve Smith, Patricia Owens, *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction toInternational Relations*, Oxford University press, 2014.
5. Peter Calvocoressi, *World of Politics since 1945*, Longman, 1989 edn.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (SEMESTER SYSTEM) SYLLABUS

6. Christian Reus-Smit and Duncan Snidal, *The Oxford Handbook of International Relations*, OUP, 2010.
7. Mark V. Kaupp Paul R. Viotti, *International Relations And World Politics: Security, Economy, Identity*, Prentice Hall- Gale, 1996.
8. V. N. Khanna, *International Relations*, S.Chand (G/L) & Company Ltd; Fifth edition 2013

**Suggested Readings :**

1. Eric Hobsbawm, *Age of Extremes, The Short Twentieth Century, 1914-91*, Viking, 1995.
2. Paul Kennedy, *The Rise and Fall of Great Powers : Economic Change and Military Conflict from 1500 to 2000*, Fontana, 1988.
3. Paul Kennedy, *Preparing for the Twenty-First Century*, Indus, Harper Collins, 1993.
4. Kanta Ahuja *et al* (ed.), *Regime Transformations and Global Realignments : Indo-European Dialogue on Post-Cold War World*, Sage, 1993.
5. Peter Calvocoressi, *World of Politics Since 1945*, Longman, 1989 edn.
6. R. Giplin, *The Political Economy of International Relations*, Princeton, 1987.
7. Rama S. Melkote and A. Narasimha Rao, *International Relations*, Sterling, 1992.
8. R. Stubbs and G.R.D. Underhill, *Political Economy and the Changing Global Order*, Macmillan, 1994.
9. G. Hastedt (ed.), *One World, Many Voices : Global Perspectives on Political Issues*, Prentice Hall, 1995.
10. J.A. Camilleri and J. Falk, *The End of Sovereignty : The Politics of a Shrinking and Fragmenting World*, Edward Elgar, 1992.
11. Bhupinder Brar, *Explaining Communist Crises*, Ajanta, 1994.
12. Richard Little and Michael Smith (eds.), *Perspectives on World Politics*, Routledge, 2006.
13. Chris Brown, *Understanding International Relations*, Palgrave, 2001.
14. Peter Calvocoressi, *World Politics : 1945-2000*, Pearson Education, 2005.

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**SECOND SEMESTER**

**Course V : WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT (II)**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper aims to introduce to the students the major themes of western political thought. For this purpose, the paper undertakes a study of the key thinkers of this tradition.

**Unit-I**

1. Jeremy Bentham.
2. J.S. Mill.

**Unit-II**

1. Hegel.
2. Karl Marx.

**Unit-III**

1. Antonio Gramsci.
2. Herbert Marcuse.

**Unit-IV**

1. Hannah Arendt.
2. John Rawls.

**Essential Readings :**

In addition to some sections from the original texts of the thinkers mentioned in the course (to be specified by the course-teacher), the students may refer to the following literature :

1. Shefali Jha, Western Political Thought: From the Ancient Greeks to Modern Times, New Delhi, Pearson 2018.
2. Subrata Mukherjee, Sushila Ramaswami, eds, History of Political Thought, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 2011.
3. Amol Kumar Mukhopadhyay, An Introduction to Political Theory
4. Plamenatz, John, *The English Utilitarians*, Basin Blackwell, Oxford, 1949.
5. Thakurdas, Frank, *The English Utilitarians and Idealists*, Vishal, Delhi, 1978.
6. Brinton, Crane, *English Political Thought in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century*, Harvard University Press, 1954.



**Suggested Readings :**

1. Parekh, Bhikhu, *Bentham's Political Thought*, Barnes, and Noble, New York, 1973.
2. Marcuse, H., *Reason and Revolution : Hegel and the Rise of Social Theory*, RKP, London, 1955.
3. Evans, Michael, *Karl Marx*, George Allen & Unwin, 1975.
4. Kolakowski, Leszek, *Main Currents of Marxism, Vol. I, The Founders*, OUP, Oxford, 1978.
5. Cohen, G.A., *Karl Marx's Theory of History : A Defence*, Clarendon, Oxford, 1978.
6. Avineri, Shlomo, *The Social and Political Thought of Karl Marx*, S. Chand, New Delhi, 1968.
7. Ollman, Bertell, *Alienation : Marx's Concept of Man in Capitalist Society*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1977.
8. Althusser, Louis, *For Marx*, New Left Books, 1977.
9. Bottomore, T.B. (ed.), *A Dictionary of Marxist Thought*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1983.
10. Hoare, Q. and Smith, G.N. (ed.), *Selection from the Prison Notebooks of Antonio Gramsci*, International Publishers, New York, 1971.
11. Mouffe, C. (ed.), *Gramsci and Marxist Theory*, Routledge, 1979.
12. Sassoon, Anne, S., *Gramsci's Politics*, Croom Helm, London, 1980.
13. Arendt, Hannah, *The Origins of Totalitarianism*, Harcourt Brace, New York, 1951.
14. Arendt, Hannah, *The Human Conditions*, Chicago, University Press, Chicago, 1958.
15. Canovan, Margaret, *The Political Thought of Hannah Arendt*, Harcourt Brace, New York, 1974.
16. Parekh, Bhikhu C., *Hannah Arendt and the Search for A New Political Philosophy*, Humanities Press, Atlantic Highlands, 1991.
17. Rawls, John, *A Theory of Justice*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1971.
18. Rawls, John, *Political Liberalism*, Columbia University Press, New York, 1993.
19. Marcuse, Herbert, *One-Dimensional Man: Studies in the Ideology of Advanced Industrial Society*, Beacon, Boston, 1964.
20. Anthony de Crespigny and Kenneth Minogue, *Contemporary Political Philosophers*, Dodd, Mead, and Company, New York, 1975.
21. Bhikhu, Parekh, *Contemporary Political Thinkers*, Martin Robbertson, Oxford, 1982.

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SECOND SEMESTER

**Course VI: COMPARATIVE POLITICS-I : UNDERSTANDING ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL SOCIETIES**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** The objective of the course is to familiarize students with recent debates and theories concerning advanced industrial societies, and this will be undertaken in a comparative framework.

**Unit-I**

*Comparative Politics:* Meaning, Significance, Evolution, Nature and Content.

*Comparative Method:* Problems of comparative political analysis.

**Unit-II**

*Modernity in Western Societies:* meaning, evolution of modernity since the Christian era, nature and forms-political , social , economic and cultural.

*Recent Debates:* Modernity and class, Modernity and gender.

**Unit-III**

*State and Civil Society:* Theories and recent debates.

*Constitutionalism:* Theory and Practice in Contemporary States.

**Unit-IV**

*Understanding Culture and Social change:* Political Culture and Political Socialisation.

*Political Participation and Representation:* Political parties, Pressure groups and new social movements.

**Readings:**

Students are advised to see the relevant entries in the following reference books□

Seymour Martin Lipset (ed. in chief). The Encyclopedia of Democracy, Volumes I, II and III, Routledge, London, 1955; Vernon Bogdanor (ed.), The Blackwell Encyclopedia of Political Institutions, Blackwell, Oxford, 1987; Joel Krieger (ed. in chief), The Oxford Companion to Politics of the World, OUP, Oxford, 1993; Tom Bottomore (ed.), A Dictionary of Marxist Thought, Blackwell, Oxford, 1983.

**Essential Readings :**

1. Carles Boix and Susane C Stokes, *The Oxford handbook of comparative Politics*, Oxford University Press 2009.
2. Todd Landman and Neil Robinson, *The Sage handbook of Comparative Politics*, London, Routledge 2009.
3. Chetna Sharma and Pushpa Singh, *Comparative Government and Politics*, Sage 2020
4. Rod Hague, Martin Harrop and Palgrave, *Comparative Government and Politics*, 9<sup>th</sup> edition 2015.
5. Subrata Mukherjee and Sushila Ramaswami, *Theoretical Foundations of Comparative Politics*, Orient Blacksmith 2017.
6. Almond, G., 'The Return to the State', *American Political Science Review*, 82, No. 3, September, 1998.
7. Caramani, Daniele, *Comparative Politics*, OUP, New Delhi.
8. Carnoy, Martin, *The State and Political Theory*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 2016 (1984)
9. Chandhoke, Neera, "Limits of Comparative Political Analysis," *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. XXXI, No. 4, January 27, 1996.
10. Chilcote, Ronald, *Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered*, Westview, Boulder (Second Edition), 1994.
11. Hague, Rod, Martin Harrop and Shaun Breslin, *Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction*, Macmillan, London, 1993
12. Jessop, B., *State Theory : Putting Capitalist States in their Place*, Polity Press, Cambridge, 1990.
13. Johary, J.C. ,*Comparative Politics*, Sterling Publisher, New Delhi, 2011.
14. Synder, R. (2001). 'Scaling Down: The Subnational Comparative Method'. *Studies in Comparative International Development*. 36(1): 93-110
15. Tillin, Louis (2013). 'National and Subnational Comparative Politics: Why, What and How', *Studies in Indian Politics*, 1(2): 235-240.

**Suggested Readings**

1. Almond, G.A., and S. Verba (eds.), *The Civic Culture Revisited*, Little Brown, Boston, 1980.
2. Almond, Gabriel G. Bingham Powell, Kaare Strom and Russel T. Dalton, *Comparative Politics Today*, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2005.
3. Anthias, Floyas and Nira Yuval-Davis, *Racialized Boundaries, Race, Nation, Gender, Colour and Class and the Anti-Racist Struggle*, Routledge, London, 1992.
4. Ball, A., and F. Millward, *Pressure Politics in Industrial Societies*, Macmillan, London, 1986.
5. Bellamy, Richard and Dario Castiglione (ed.), *Constitutionalism in Transformations : European and Theoretical Perspectives, Political Studies Vol. XLIV*, Special Issue, 1996.
6. Block, F., 'Beyond Relative Autonomy' in Ralph Miliband and John Saville (eds.), *The Socialist Register*, Merlin, London, 1980.
7. Blondel, J., *The Discipline of Politics*, Butterworth, London, 1981.
8. Bogdanor, V., (ed.), *Constitutions in Democratic Politics*, Gower, Aldershot, 1988.
9. Bombwall, K.R., *World Constitutions*, Modern Publishers, Ambala, 1980.
10. Calvert, Peter, *Revolution and Counter Revolution*, Open University Press, Milton Keynes, 1990.
11. Cammack, P., 'Statism, New Institutionalism and Marxism' in Ralph Miliband and Leo Panitch (eds.), *The Socialist Register*, Merlin, London, 1990.
12. Cantori, Louis J., and Andrew H. Ziegler (eds.), *Comparative Politics in the Post-Behavioural Era*, Lynne Rienner Publisher, Boulder, 1988.
13. Cigler, C., and B. Loomis (eds.), *Interest Group Politics, Congressional Quarterly Press*, Washington DC, 1985.

14. Dalton, Russel, J., "Comparative Politics of the Industrial Democracies : From the Golden Age to Island Hopping" in William Crotty (ed.), *Comparative Politics Policy and International Relations*, Northwestern University Press, Evanston, 1991.
15. Dalton, Russell and Manfred Kurchler (eds.), *Challenging the Political Order*, New York, 1990.
16. Dogan, Mattei and Ali Kazancigilli (eds.), *Comparing Nations, Concepts, Strategies, Substance*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1994.
17. Dogan, Mattei and Dominique Pelassy, *How to Compare Nations, Strategies in Comparative Politics*, Chatham House, 1984 (Indian reprint) Vision Books, New Delhi, 1988.
18. Dunleavy, P., and B. O' Leary, *Theories of the State*, Macmillan, London, 1987.
19. Easton, David, 'The Political System Beyond the State', *Political Theory*, No. 3, 1981.
20. Eckstein, Harry and David E., Apter (ed.), *Comparative Politics, A Reader*, The Free Press of Glencoe, Collier-Macmillan, London, 1993.
21. Elster, Jon, 'Ways of Constitution-making' in Axel Hadenius (ed.), *Democracy's Victory and Crisis*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1997.
22. Evans Peter B., P.D. Rueschemeyer and T. Skocpol (ed.), *Bring the State Back in*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1985.
23. Gellner, E., 'Civil Society in Historical Context', *International Social Science Journal*, No. 129, 1991.
24. Gellner, Ernest, *Nations and Nationalism*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1983.
25. Gibbins, J., (ed.), *Contemporary Political Culture : Politics in a Postmodern Age*, Sage, London, 1989.
26. Glazer, N., and D. Moynihan (eds.), *Ethnicity: Theory and Experience*, Harvard University Press, Cambridge, 1975.
27. Graham, B.D., *Representation and Party Politics: A Comparative Perspective*, OUP, Oxford, 1990.
28. Hall, Stuart and Bram Gieben, *Formations of Modernity*, Polity, Cambridge, 1992.
29. Hawkesworth, Mary and Maurice, Kogan (ed.), *Encyclopedia of Government and Politics*, Routledge, London, 1992.
30. Held, D., *Political Theory and the Modern State*, Polity Press, Cambridge, 1989, 1990.
31. Hobsbawm, Eric, *Nations and Nationalism since 1780*, Cambridge, 1991.
32. Hoffman, J., *State Power and Democracy*, Wheatsheaf, Sussex, 1988.
33. Hutchinson, J., and A.D. Smith (eds.), *Nationalism*, OUP, Oxford, 1994.
34. Lane, J.E., *Constitutions in Political Theory*, Manchester University Press, Manchester, 1996.
35. Lane, Jan-Erik and Svante Ersson, *Comparative Politics : An Introduction and New Approach*, Polity, Cambridge, 1994, (Ch. 1, Comparative Approaches, Ch. 6, The Logic to Model Building in Comparative Government).
36. LaPalombara, Joseph and Myron Weiner (ed.), *Political Parties and Political Development*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1966.
37. Larrain, Jorge, *Theories of Development*, Polity, Cambridge, 1989. 1.12 Mohanty, Manoranjan, "Moving the Centre in the Comparative Study of Politics, An Approach to Creative Theory", Unpublished Paper (Photostat copy in Political Science Departmental Library, Panjab University).
38. Michael G. Ruskin, Robert L. Cord, James A. Medeiros and Walter S. Jones (eds.), *Political Science: An Introduction*, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2005.
39. Miliband, Ralph, *The State in Capitalist Societies*, Weidenfeld and Nicolson, London, 1968.
40. Moore Jr., Barrington, *Social Origins of Dictatorship and Democracy : Lord and Peasant in the Making of the Modern World*, Penguin, 1967.

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41. Mueller-Rommel, F. (ed.), *New Politics in Western Europe*, Boulder, 1989.
42. Nordlinger, E., 'The Return to the State, Critique', *American Political Science Review*, Vol. 82, 3 September, 1988.
43. Preuss, Ulrich, K., 'Constitutionalism – Meaning, Endangerment, Sustainability' in Satish Saberwal and Heiko Sievers (ed.), *Rules, Laws, Constitutions*, Sage, New Delhi, 1998.
44. Sartori, G., *Parties and Party Systems: A Framework for Analysis*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1976.
45. Sartori, Giovanni, 'Compare Why and How, Comparing, Miscomparing and the Comparative Method' in Mattei Dogan and Ali Kazancigil (ed.) *Comparing Nations*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1994, Pp. 14-34. Wiarda, H. J., *New Directions in Comparative Politics*, Westview Press, Boulder, 1991.
46. Skocpol, Theda, *States and Social Revolutions: A Comparative Analysis of France, Russia and China*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1979.
47. Smith, A.D., *The Ethnic Origins of Nation*, Basil Blackwell, Oxford, 1986.
48. Taylor, Charles, 'Modes of Civil Society', *Public Culture*, Vol. 3, No. 1, Fall 1990.
49. Wilson, G., *Interest Groups*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1990.

**SECOND SEMESTER**

**Course VII: INDIAN POLITICS: POLITICAL PROCESSES (Compulsory)**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective of the Course:** This course aims to introduce students to politics in India as it has evolved after decolonization. The themes discussed during the course will be those that are crucial to the understanding of the way political processes in the largest democracy of the world unfold in varying forms. The paper takes up the issues for discussion related to the way democratic politics in India has evolved and been shaped in an underdeveloped, multi-ethnic setting along the lines of caste, class, and linguistic and religious identities. It also focuses on the way India's democratic state has fared in promoting economic development, both growth and equity.

***Unit I: Democratic Politics in Independent India***

- a) Legacies of the Nationalist Movement.
- b) Challenges of Democratic Transition and Consolidation
- c) Nature of Indian State: Class, Gender

***Unit II: Political Parties and Electoral Politics***

- a) Evolution and Shifts in Party System: Dominant Party System, It's Breakdown, Rise of Regional Parties and Coalition Politics
- b) Electoral Politics and Party System: Emerging Trends Since 2014

***Unit III: Caste, Religion and Region***

- a) Caste and Politics: Rise of Dalit and Backward Caste Politics
- b) Religion and Politics: Secularism, Communalism and Rise of Hindutva
- c) Region and Politics: Linguistic Identities and Reorganization of States; Politics of New States

***Unit IV: State, Economy and Development***

- a) Development Planning Model: Concept, Strategies, Policies, and Critique
- b) Economic Transition: Causal Explanations
- c) New Economic Policies: Social and Regional implications

### Essential Readings

1. Sudha Pai, ed, Handbook of Politics in Indian States, New Delhi, Oxford University Press 2013.
2. Ashutosh Kumar and Yatinder Singh Sisodiya, eds, How India Votes: A state by state look, New Delhi, Orient Black Swan 2019.
3. Ashutosh Kumar Eds, Rethinking State Politics in India: Regions within Regions, New Delhi, Routledge 2017.
4. Ashutosh Varshney, Battles Half Won: India's Improbable Democracy, New Delhi Penguin, 2014.
5. Bidyut Chakraborty, Indian Politics and Society since Independence: Events, Processes and Ideology, Routledge 2008
6. Himanshu Roy and M.P.Singh, Indian Political System, Pearson 2018.
7. Subrata K. Mitra, Politics in India: Structure, Process and Policy, Oxford University Press 2017.
8. Brass, Paul, *The Politics of India since Independence*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1994, Introduction.
9. Chandhoke, Neera and Praveen Priyadarshi, *Contemporary India: Economy, Society, Politics*, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2009
10. Corbridge, Stuart and John Harriss, *Reinventing India*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
11. deSouza, Peter and E Sridharan, *India's Political Parties*, New Delhi, Sage, 2007.
12. Francine, Frankel, et al, eds., *Transforming India: Social and Political Dynamics of Democracy*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
13. Jayal, Niraja Gopal, ed., *Democracy in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2001.
14. Kaviraj Sudipta, *The Trajectories of the Indian State*, Permanent Black, New Delhi, 2010.
15. Kohli, Atul, ed., *The Success of India's Democracy*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2001.
16. Mehta, Pratap Bhanu and Niraja Gopal Jayal, *The Oxford Companion to Politics of India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2010.
17. Menon, Nivedita, *Gender and Politics in India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001.
18. Morris-Jones W.H., *The Government and Politics in India*, B.I. Publications, New Delhi,
19. Mukherji, Rahul, *India's Economic Transition: The Politics of Reforms*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2014.
20. Varshney, Ashutosh, *Battles Half Won: India's Improbable Democracy*. Penguin, New Delhi, 2014.

### Suggested Readings

#### Unit I

1. Chhibber, Pradeep, *Democracy without Associations*, University of Michigan Press, Michigan, 1999.
2. Dubey, Abhay Kumar (ed.), *Lokatantra Ke Saat Adhaya*, Vaani Prakashan, Delhi, 2002.
3. Hasan, Zoya, E. Sridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.), *India's Living Constitution: Ideas, Practices, Controversies*, Permanent Black, Delhi, 2002.
4. Jenkins, Rob, *Democratic politics and Economic Reform in India*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1999.
5. Kaviraj, Sudipta, "A Critique of the Passive Revolution", *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. 23, No. 45/47, Special Number, Nov. 1988.
6. Kaviraj, Sudipta, "The Culture of Representative Democracy" in Partha Chatterjee (ed.), *Wages of freedom, Fifty Years of the Indian Nation-State*, OUP, Delhi, 1988.
7. Kohli, Atul, *India's democracy: An Analysis of Changing State-Society Relations*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1988.
8. Kothari, Rajni, "The Democratic Experiment" in Partha Chatterjee (ed.), *Wages of Freedom, Fifty Years of the Indian Nation-State*, OUP, Delhi, 1998.

9. Mehta, Pratap Bhanu, *Burden of Democracy*, Penguin, New Delhi, 2004.
10. Morris –Jones, W. H., *Politics Mainly Indian*, Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1978.
11. Nayyar, Deepak, 'Economic Development and Political Democracy-Interaction of Economics and Politics in Independent India', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 33(49), 5 December, 1998.
12. Nayyar, Deepak, 'Economic Growth in Independent India', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 41(15), 15 April, 2006.
13. Rudolph, Lloyd and Susanne, *In Pursuit of Lakshmi: Political Economy of the State in India*, University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 1987.
14. Satyamurthy, T.V., ed., *State and Nation in the Context of Social Change*, vol. 1, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1994.
15. Vora, Rajendra and Suhas Palshikar, eds, *Indian Democracy: Meanings and Practices*, Sage, New Delhi, 2004.

## Unit II

1. Adeney, Katherine and Saez Lawrence, eds., *Coalition Politics and Hindu Nationalism*, Routledge, London, 2005.
2. Brass, Paul R. and Marcus F. Franda, (eds), *Radical Politics in South Asia*, MIT Press, Cambridge, 1973.
3. Hansen, Thomas and Jaffrelot Christophe, eds., *The BJP and the Compulsions of Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998.
4. Hasan, Zoya ed., *Parties and Party Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2002.
5. Kothari, Rajni, *State against Democracy: In Search of Humane Governance*, Ajanta, Delhi, 1988.
6. Mehra, Ajay K., Khanna, D.D., and Gert W. Kueck, eds., *Political Parties and Party Systems*, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.
7. Weiner, Myron, *Party Politics in India: The Development of a Multiparty System*, Princeton University Press, New Jersey, 1957.
8. Yadav, Yogendra and Suhas Palshikar (eds) Political Parties and Elections in Indian States :1990-2003, *Journal of Indian School of Political Economy*, 2003.

## Unit III

1. Agarwal Bina, ed., *Structures of Patriarchy: State, Community and Household in Modernizing Asia*, Kali for Women, New Delhi, 1988.
2. Bardhan, Pranab, *The Political Economy of Development in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998.
3. Baruah, Sanjeeb (ed.) *Ethnonationalism in India: A Reader*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2010.
4. Baruah, Sanjeeb, *India against Itself: Assam and the Politics of Nationality*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2003.
5. Bhargava, Rajeev, ed., *Secularism and Its Critics*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998.
6. Brass, Paul, *Language, Religion and Politics in North India*, Cambridge University Press, London, 1974.
7. Fernandes, Leela, *India's New Middle Class: Democratic Politics in an Era of Economic Reform*, University of Minnesota Press, 2006.
8. Frankel, Francine and M.S.A. Rao, eds., *Dominance and State Power in India: Decline of a Social Order*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1989.
9. Ganguly, Sumit (ed.) *The State of India's Democracy*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2009.
10. Guru, Gopal (ed.), *Humiliation: Claims and Context*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2009.
11. Jaffrelot, Christophe, *India's Silent Revolution: The Rise of the Low Castes in Northern Indian States*, Permanent Black, Delhi, 2003.
12. Jaffrelot, Christophe, *The Hindu Nationalist Movement and Indian Politics, 1925 to the 1990s*, Penguin Books, New Delhi, 1996.
13. Jenkins, Rob (ed.), *Regional Reflections: Company Politics across India's States*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2004.
14. Kanungo, Pralay, *RSS's Tryst with Politics: from Hedgewar to Sudarshan*, Manohar, Delhi, 2002.
15. King, Robert D., *Nehru and Language Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1995.



16. Kohli, Atul and Prerna Singh, edited, *Handbook of Indian Politics*, Routledge Press, 2013
17. Mcguire, John and Ian Copland (eds) *Hindu Nationalism and Governance*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2008.
18. Menon, Nivedita ed., *Gender and Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi,
19. Misra B.B., *The Indian Middle Class- Their Growth in Modern Times*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1978.
20. Mohanty, Manoranjan ed., *Caste, Class and Gender*, Sage, Delhi, 2000.
21. Pai Sudha, *Dalit Assertion and the Unfinished Democratic Revolution: The Bahujan Samaj Party in Uttar Pradesh*, Sage, New Delhi, 2002.
22. Pai, Sudha , ed., *Handbook on Politics in the Indian States Regions, Political Parties and Economic Reforms*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013.
23. Prakash, Amit, *Jharkhand: Politics of Development and Identity*, Orient Longman, Hyderabad, 2001.
24. Samaddar, Ranabir, *The Politics of Autonomy: Indian Experience*, Sage, New Delhi, 2005.
25. Sarangi, Asha (ed.) *Language and Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2010.
26. Sathyamurthy T.V. ed., *Region, Religion, Caste, Gender and Culture in India*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1998.
27. Shah Ghanshyam ed., *Dalit Identity and Politics*, Sage, New Delhi, 2001.
28. Vanaik, Achin, *Communalism Contested: Religion, Modernity and Secularization*, Vistaar Publications, New Delhi, 1997.
29. Weiner Myron, *Sons of the Soil: Migration and Ethnic Conflict in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1987.
30. Wilkinson, Steven I (ed.) *Religious Politics and Communal Violence*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2007.

#### **Unit IV**

1. Bardhan, Pranab, *The Political Economy of Development in India*, Oxford University Press, Delhi, Revised Edition, 1997.
2. Brar, Bhupinder and Pampa Mukherjee, eds, *Facing Globality: Politics of resistance, Relocation and Reinvention in India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2012.
3. Brar, Bhupinder, Ashutosh Kumar and Ronki Ram, eds, *Globalization and the Politics of Identity in India* , Pearson-Longman, New Delhi , 2008.
4. Chatterjee Partha, ed., *Wages of Freedom: Fifty Years of the Indian Nation State*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi 1998.
5. Choudhry, Sujit, Madhav Khosla, Pratap Bhanu Mehta ,eds, *The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Constitution*, Oxford , Oxford University Press, 2016.
6. Frankel, Francine R., *India's Political Economy, 1947-2004*, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2005.
7. Jenkins, Rob, *Democratic Politics and Economic Reform in India*, OUP, Delhi, 1999
8. Kaviraj Sudipta, *The Enchantment of Democracy and India*, Permanent Black, New Delhi, 2010.
9. Kohli, Atul, *Democracy and Development in India: From Socialism to Pro-business*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2010.
10. Kohli, Atul, *Poverty amid Plenty in the New India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2012.
11. Lakshman, Narayan, *Patrons of the Poor: Caste Politics and Policy Making in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2011.
12. Mooji, Jos, *The Politics of Economic Reforms in India*, Sage, New Delhi, 2005.
13. Nayar, Baldev Raj (ed.) *Globalization and Politics in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2010.

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14. Patnaik, Prabhat, "Political Strategies of Economic Development," in Partha Chatterjee, ed., *Wages of Freedom, Fifty Years of the Indian Nation-State* Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998.
15. Rudolph, L. and Susanne Rudolph, *In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of Indian States*, Orient Longman, Delhi, 1988.
16. Shah, Ghanshyam, ed., *State and Social Movements*, Sage, Delhi, 1999.

***Journals/Newspapers to be Consulted***

1. ***Economic and Political Weekly***: Individual Articles/commentaries on Indian states and also all special issues on state assembly elections from 1989 onwards (Free access to four latest Issues on web also check on JSTOR)
2. ***Seminar*** Selected issues (Free access to Archive on Web) type start search <http://www.india-seminar.com/semsearch.htm>
3. ***Studies In Indian Politics, Sage Journal***
4. ***The Hindu and Indian Express***

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**SECOND SEMESTER**

**Course-VIII: Theories of International Relations**

***INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:***

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

***The syllabus has been divided into four units.***

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

***Objectives of the Course:*** The key objective of this course is to provide a comprehensive overview of the major theories in IR, covering the entire disciplinary spectrum from mainstream approaches such as realism, liberalism and constructivism to critical approaches such as postcolonialism, postmodernism and feminism. Whereas the course content remains largely theoretical, both historical and contemporary practices are taken as illustrative examples, particularly illuminating non-Western perspectives. This course is expected to act as a catalyst for students to think creatively and critically in search of ‘global’ International Relations that is inclusive of non-Western perspectives and traditions.

The course has four units and each unit is presented with the help of key concepts. Each unit has essential readings that offer a basic introduction to the topic. Students are advised to familiarize themselves with the essential readings before the lecture and follow up with the specified recommended readings. During class discussion, they will be expected to critically evaluate the essential readings and attempt to uncover all possible nuances of an argument.

**Unit-I: Introducing Practice-Theory Interface:**

International practices, disciplinary lineage of IR, role and significance of theory, units and levels of analysis, practices of IR.

**Unit II: Mainstream IR Theories:**

*Realism* (national interest, national power, national security, security dilemma, balance of power, structural realism, defensive/offensive realism); *Liberalism* (interdependence, neoliberal institutionalism, commercial liberalism, democratic peace theory, international law, regimes, world public opinion).

**Unit III: Constructivism and the ‘English School’:**

Identity, social construction of knowledge and the construction of social reality

**Unit IV: Critical IR theories and Non-Western Perspectives:**

Marxism, post structuralism, postmodernism, post colonialism, feminism, ecological, 'global haIR

**READINGS**

**Unit I**

***Essential Readings:***

1. Adler, E. and Pouliot, V. (2011) 'International Practices', *International Theory*, 3(1): 1-36.
2. Brown, C. and Ainley, K. (2005) 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, *Understanding International Relations* Houndmills: Palgrave Macmillan.
3. Snyder, J. (2004) 'One World, Rival Theories', *Foreign Policy*, 145: 52–62.
4. Walt, S. M. (1998) 'International Relations: One World, Many Theories,' *Foreign Policy* (Spring 1998): 29-46.

***Suggested Readings:***

1. Donnelly, J. (2015) 'The Discourse of Anarchy in IR', *International Theory: A Journal of International Politics, Law and Philosophy*, 7(3): 393-425.
2. Holsti, K.J. (1998) 'Scholarship in an Era of Anxiety: The Study of International Politics during the Cold War', *Review of International Studies* 24(5): 17-46.
3. Sørensen, G. S. (1998) 'IR Theory after the Cold War', *Review of International Studies*, 24(5): 83-100.

**Unit II**

***Essential Readings***

1. Doyle, M. (1997) *Ways of War and Peace: Realism, Liberalism, and Socialism*, New York: W.W. Norton & Company.
2. Jackson, R. and Sørensen, G. (2007) *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
3. Keohane, R. O. and Nye, J. S. (2001) *Power and Interdependence*, Pearson, 4<sup>th</sup> edition.
4. Dunne, T. and Schmidt, B. (2008), 'Realism', in John Baylis et al. (eds.), *The Globalization of World Politics*, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., Oxford: Oxford University Press.
5. Dunne, T. (2008), 'Liberalism' in John Baylis et al. (eds.), *The Globalisation of World Politics: An Introduction to IR*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
6. Morgenthau, H. J. (1948) *Politics among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace*, New York: Alfred Knopf
7. Vasquez, J.A. (1998) *The Power of Power Politics: From Classical Realism to Neotraditionalism*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
8. Waltz, K. (2010) *Theory of International Politics*, Reading: MA: Addison-Wesley. *First Edition*.

### ***Suggested Readings***

1. Baldwin, D. ed. (1993) *Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate*, New York: Columbia University Press.
2. Burchill, S. (2005), 'Liberalism' in Burchill et al. *Theories of International Relations*.
3. Keohane, R. O. ed. (1986) *Neorealism and Its Critics*, New York: Columbia University Press.
4. Mearsheimer, J. (2001) *The Tragedy of Great Power Politics*, New York: Norton, pp.1-28.
5. Moravcsik, A. and Legro, J. (1999), 'Is Anybody Still a Realist?' *International Security*, 24 (2): 5-55.
6. Schroeder, P. (1994), 'Historical Reality vs. Neo-realist Theory', *International Security*, 19 (1): 108-148.
7. Schweller, R. (1992), 'Domestic Structure and Preventive War: Are Democracies More Pacific?' *World Politics*, 44 (2): 235-269

### **Unit III**

#### ***Essential Readings:***

1. Barnett, M. (2008), 'Constructivism' in John Baylis et al. (eds.), *The Globalisation of World Politics: An Introduction to IR*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
2. Buzan, B. (2001), 'The English School: An Underexploited Resource in IR', *Review of International Studies*, 27 (3): 471-488.
3. Dunne, T. (2008), 'The English School' in Christian Reus-Smit and Duncan Snidal (eds.) *The Oxford Handbook of IR*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
4. Hurd, I. (2008) 'Constructivism' in Christian Reus-Smit and Duncan Snidal (eds.) *The Oxford Handbook of International Relations*, Oxford: Oxford University Press: 298-316.
5. Wendt, A. (1992) 'Anarchy Is What States Make of It: the Social Construction of Power Politics,' *International Organization*, 46: 391-425.

#### ***Suggested Readings:***

1. Bull, H. and Watson, A. (eds.) (1985) *The Expansion of International Society*, Oxford: Clarendon Press.
2. Bull, H. (1977) *The Anarchical Society: A Study of Order in World Politics*, New York: Columbia University Press.
3. Buzan, B. and Little, R. (2000) *International Systems in World History: Remaking the Study of International Relations*, New York: Oxford University Press.
4. Emanuel, A. (2002) 'Constructivism and International Relations' in Walter Carlsnaes, Thomas Rise and Simmons (eds.) *Handbook of International Relations*, London: Sage.
5. Guzzini, S. (1993) 'Structural Power: the Limits of Neorealist Analysis,' *International Organization*, 43 (3): 443-478.

6. Little, R. (2003), 'The English School vs. American Realism: A Meeting of Minds or Divided by a Common Language?' *Review of International Studies*, 29: 443-460.
7. Linklater, A. (2005) 'The English School' in Scott Burchill et al. (eds.) *Theories of International Relations*, Hampshire: Palgrave Macmillan
8. Ted Hopf, T. (1998) 'The Promise of Constructivism in IR Theory,' *International Security*, Vol. 23, No. 1 (Summer 1998): 171-200.

#### Unit IV

##### *Essential Readings:*

1. Bajpai, K. and Mallavarapu, S. (2005) *International Relations in India: Bringing Theory Back Home*, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan.
2. Derian, J.D. (1995) *International Theory: Critical Investigations*, Houndmills: Macmillan.
3. Linklater, A. (1990) *Beyond Realism and Marxism: Critical Theory and International Relations*, Houndmills: Macmillan.
4. Neuman, S.G. (1998) *International Relations Theory and the Third World*, Houndmills: Macmillan.
5. Smith, S. and Owens, P. (2008), "Alternative Approaches to International Theory: Feminism", in John Baylis et al. (eds.), *The Globalisation of World Politics: An Introduction to IR*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
6. Tickner, J. A. and Sjoberg, L. (eds.) (2011), *Twenty Years of Feminist International Relations: A Conversation about the Past, Present and Future*. London and New York: Routledge.
7. Burke, A. (2008), 'Postmodernism' in Christian Reus-Smit and Duncan Snidal (eds.) *The Oxford Handbook of IR*, Oxford: Oxford University Press.
8. Hobson, J. (2012) *The Eurocentric Conception of World: Western International Theory, 1760-2010*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
9. Acharya, A. and Buzan, B. (2009) *Non-Western International Relations Theory: Perspectives On and Beyond Asia*, London: Routledge.
10. Neumann, Stephanie (ed.) (1998), *International Relations and the Third World*, New York: St. Martin's Press.
11. Ling, L. H. M. (2002) *Post Colonial International Relations: Conquest and Desire between Asia and the West*, Palgrave Macmillan.
12. Tickner, A. B. and Wæver, O. (2009) *International Relations Scholarship Around the World*, London: Routledge.

***Suggested Readings:***

1. Devetak, R. (1996) 'Critical Theory', in Scott Burchill et al., *Theories of International Relations*, New York: St. Martin's: 145-178.
2. Mohammed, A. (2002) 'Inequality and Theorizing in International Relations: The Case for Subaltern Realism', *International Studies Review*, 4:2: 27-48.
3. Linklater, A. (1996) 'The Achievements of Critical Theory' in Steve Smith, Ken Booth and Marysia Zalewski (eds.) *International Theory: Positivism and Beyond*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

**OR**

**Course-VIII: APPROACHES TO THE STUDY OF INTERNATIONAL**

***INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:***

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

***The syllabus has been divided into four units.***

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives:** The purpose of this paper is to be familiarize students with alternative and diverse frameworks which seek to explain International Relations.

**Unit-I**

“Idealist”(Legal-Institutional) Approach: Major Assumptions and Tenets; Roles assigned to International Law, International Organisations, World Public Opinion and International Morality. Proposals of World Government and Collective Security; World Order Models: Critical appraisal.

**Unit-II**

“Realist” (Power Politics) Approach: Major Assumptions and Tenets. Centrality of State, National Interest and National Power. Balance of Power and Deterrence. Neo-Realist Variants of Realism. Geopolitical Discourses. Critical Appraisals.

**Unit-III**

“Scientific” Approach: Theories of System, Decision-making, Bargaining and Communication. Critical appraisal.

**Unit-IV**

Radical Approaches: Marxism, Dependency Theory and World-System Analysis. Critical appraisal

### Essential Readings

1. Robert L. Pfaltzgraff and James Dougherty, *Contending Theories of International Relations*, Harper and Row, 1980.
2. Misra, K.P. and Richard Smith Beal (eds), *International Relations Theory: Western and Non-Western Perspectives*, Vikas, 1980.
3. Taylor, Trevor (ed.), *Approaches and Theories in International Relations*, Longman, New York, 1978.
4. Ekkehart Krippendorff, *International Relations as a Social Science*, Radiant, New Delhi, 1982.
5. Kubalkova, V., and Albert Cruickshank, *Marxism and International Relations*, Clarendon, New York, 1958.
6. Keohane, R. (ed.) *Neorealism and Its Critics*, Columbia University, New York, 1986.
7. Parkinson, F., *The Philosophy of International Relations: A Study in the History of Thought*, Sage, California, 1977.
8. Immanuel Wallerstein, *The Modern World Systems*, 3 Vols., Academic Press, 1974, 80, 89.

### Suggested Readings

1. Light, M. and A.J.R., Groom, *International Relations: A Handbook of Current Theory*, Frances Printer, 1995.
2. Brown, C, *International Relations Theory: New Normative Approaches*, Hemel Hempstead, Harvester Wheatsheaf, 1992.
3. Bull, Hedley, *The Anarchical Society: A study of Order in World Politics*, Macmillan, 1977.
4. Cox, R., *Production, Power and World Order: Social Forces in the Making of History*, Columbia University Press, 1987.
5. Feast, M., *Towards a Normative Theory of International Relations*, Cambridge University Press, 1986.
6. Hollis, M. and Smith, S., *Explaining and Understanding International Relations*, Clarendon Press, 1990.
7. Keohane, R., *After Hegemony: Cooperation and Discord in the World Political Economy*, Princeton University Press, 1984.
8. Linklater, A. *Beyond Realism and Marxism: Critical Theory and International Relations*, Macmillan, 1990.
9. Little, R. and Smith, M. (ed.), *Perspectives and International Politics*, Second edn., Routledge, 1991.
10. Mansbach, R. and Vasquez, J., *In Search of Theory: A New Paradigm for Global Politics*, Polity Press, 1992.
11. Olson, W. and Groom, A., *International Relations Then and Now: Origins and Trends in Interpretation*, Harper Collins, 1991.
12. Viotti, P. and M. Kauppi, *International Relations Theory: Realism, Pluralism, Globalism*, Second edn., Macmillan, 1993.
13. Derian, J.D., *International Theory: Critical Investigations*, Macmillan, 1995.
14. Charles W. Kegley, Jr. *Controversies in International Relations Theory: Realism and Neoliberal*.
15. *Challenge*, St. Martin Press, 1995.
16. Booth, Ken and Steve Smith (ed.), *International Relations Theory Today*, Polity Press, 1995.
17. Taylor, P.J., ed., *Political Geography of Twentieth Century: A Global Analysis*, Belhaven Press, 1983.
18. Brunn, S.D. and T.R. Leinbach (ed.) *Collapsing Space and Time: Geographic Aspects of Communication and Information*, Harper Collins, 1991.
19. Glassner, M.I., *Political Geography*, John Wiley and Sons, 1993.
20. J.O. Loughlin, (ed.), *Dictionary of Geopolitics*, Greenwood Press, 1993.
21. Calvocoressi, Peter, *World Politics: 1945-2000*, Pearson Education, Delhi, 2005.

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### THIRD SEMESTER

#### Course IX: INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT-I (Compulsory)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives:** The paper aims to introduce students to different discourses in the domain of Indian Political Thought. It includes historical roots, medieval socio-cultural traditions, renaissance and nationalist narratives.

#### Unit-I

Historical Roots and Medieval Socio-Cultural Traditions:

1. Dharmasastra and Arthashastra Traditions.
2. Bhakti and Sufi challenges to Hegemonic Religious Traditions.

#### Unit-II

Indian Renaissance and Social Reform Movements:

1. Meaning, Nature and Critical evaluation with Special reference to gender, caste and modernity.
2. Raja Rammohan Roy, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Pandita Ramabai, Jyotiba Phule.

#### Unit-III

Indian Liberalism and Nation-building: Nehru,  
Tagore, Ranade, Gokhale

#### Unit-IV

Religious Nationalism:

1. Vivekananda, Tilak, Aurobindo and Savarkar.
2. Iqbal and Jinnah.

#### General Readings:

1. Himanshu Roy and M.P.Singh, Indian Political Thought, Pearson, New Delhi 2017.
2. Bidyut Chakarborty and Rajesndra Pandey, Modern Indian Political Thought., New Delhi, Sage 2012.  
Appadorai, A., *Indian Political Thinking in the Twentieth Century from Nauroji to Nehru* (London : OUP, 1971).
3. Brown, D.M. (ed.), *The White Umbrella: Indian Political Thought from Manu to Gandhi*(Bombay, Jaico, 1970).

4. Dallmayr, F.R. and Devy, G.N. (eds.), *Between Tradition and Modernity : India's Search for Identity* (London, Sage, 1998).
5. Dalton, D.G., *Indian Idea of Freedom* (Gurgaon, Academic Press, 1982).
6. Doctor, Adhi H., *Political Thinkers of Modern India* (New Delhi, Mittal, 1997).
7. Karunakaran, K.P., *Religion and Political Awakening in India* (Meerut, Meenakshi, 1969), 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
8. Mahadevan, T.M.P. and G.V. Saroja, *Contemporary Indian Philosophy* (New Delhi, Sterling, 1981).
9. Mehta, V.R., *Foundations of Indian Political Thought* (New Delhi, Manohar, 1996).
10. Naravane, V.S., *Modern Indian Thought* (Bombay, Asia, 1964).
11. Pantham, Thomas and K.L., Deutsch (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India* (New Delhi, Sage, 1986).
12. Verma, V.P., *Modern Indian Political Thought* (Agra, Laxminarayan, 1996), Eleventh Revised Edition).
13. Verma, V.P., *Ancient and Medieval Indian Political Thought* (Agra, 1996).
14. Nandy, Ashis, *The Intimate Enemy : Loss and Recovery of Self under Colonialism*, Delhi, Oxford, 1983.
15. Guha, Ramachandra, 'The Absent Liberal', *Economic and Political Weekly*, December 15 2001.
16. Christopher Jaffrelot (edited), *Hindu Nationalism: A Reader*, Ranikhet, Permanent Black, 2007.
17. Quayum, Mohammad A, 'Imagining "One World": Rabindranath Tagore's Critique of Nationalism', *Interdisciplinary Literary Studies*, Vol 7, No 2, Spring 2006.
18. Jahanbegloo, Ramin, 'Tagore and the Idea of Civilization', *India International Centre Quarterly*, Vol 34, No. 1, Summer, 2007.
19. Chakravarti, Uma, *Rewriting History: The Lives and the Times of Pandita Ramabai*, Delhi, Kali for Women, 1998.
20. Kosambi, Meera, 'Women, Emancipation and Equality: Pandita Ramabai's Contribution to Women's Cause', *Economic and Political Weekly*, October 29, 1988.
21. Lamba Rinku, 'Bringing the State Back in, Yet Again: The Debate on Socio-religious Reform in Late-Nineteenth-Century India', *Comparative Studies of South Asia, Africa and the Middle East*, Volume 29, Number 2, 2009.
22. Zachariah, Bhikhu, '*Nehru*' Routledge, 2004
23. Parekh, Bhikhu, 'Nehru and the National Philosophy of India', *Economic and Political Weekly*, January 5 1991
24. Deshpande G. P. (ed.), *Selected Writings of Jotirao Phule*, Delhi, Leftword Books, 2002.
25. Omvedt, Gail, *Seeking Begumpura*, Delhi, Navayana, 2008.
26. Gopal, S, 'The Formative Ideology of Jawaharlal Nehru', *Economic and Political Weekly*, May 22 1976.

### Suggested Readings:

1. Altekar, A.S., *State and Government in Ancient India* (Patna, Motilal Banarsi Dass, 1971), 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
2. Chausalkar, Ashok, 'Politics of Arthashastra Tradition', *Indian Journal of Political Science*, January-March, 1981.
3. Chaudhri, R.K., *Kautilya's Political Ideas and Institutions* (Varanasi, Chowkhamba Sanskrit Series, 1971).
4. Ghoshal, U.N., *A History of Indian Political Ideas* (London, OUP, 1959).
5. Jayaswal, K.P., *Hindu Polity* (Bangalore, 1978), 5<sup>th</sup> Edition.
6. Kangle, R.P., *The Kautilya Arthashastra Parts-I-III* (Delhi, Motilal Banarsidass, 1986).
7. Kohli, Ritu, *Kautilya's Political Theory* (New Delhi, Deep and Deep, 1995).
8. Parekh, Bhikhu, 'Some Reflections on Hindu Tradition of Political Thought' in Pantham and Deutsch (ed.), *Political Thought in Modern India* (New Delhi, Sage, 1986).
9. Prasad, Beni, *Theory of Government in Ancient India* (Allahabad, Center Book, 1968), 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised Edition.
10. Ray, B.N., *Tradition and Innovation in Indian Political Thought* (Delhi, Ajanta, 1998).
11. Saletore, B.A., *Ancient Indian Political Thought and Institutions* (Bombay, Asia, 1963).
12. Singh, N.P., *Political Ideas and Ideals in the Mahabharata* (Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1976).
13. Spellman, J., *The Political Theory of Ancient India* (Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1964).
14. Vanna, V.P., *Studies in Hindu Political Thought and Its Metaphysical Foundation* (Delhi : Motilal Banarsidass, 1954).
15. Anand, B.S., *Baba Farid* (New Delhi, Sahitya Akademy, 1975).
16. Bains, J.S., 'Political Ideas of Guru Nanak', *Indian Journal of Political Science*, 1962.
17. 'Political Ideas of Guru Gobind Singh', IAS, *Sikhism and Indian Society*, Shimla, 1967.
18. Bihari, Bankey, *Sufism, Mystics and Yogis of India* (Bombay, Bhartiya Vidya, Bhawan, 1962).
19. Kohli, S.S., *Bule Shah* (Sahitya Academy, 1987).
20. Majumdar, A.K., *Bhakti Renaissance* (Bombay, Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan, 1965).
21. Muller, Max, *Ram Mohan to Ramakrishna* (Calcutta, Susil, 1952).

22. Vaudeville, C., *A Weaver Named Kabir* (Delhi, OUP, 1997).
23. Westcott, G.H., *Kabir and the Kabir Panth* (Calcutta, Susil, 1953).
24. Aurobindo, Sri, *The Renaissance in India in Dallmayr*, Fred and G.N., Devy (ed.), 1998.
25. Bishop, Donald H. (ed.), *Thinkers of Indian Renaissance* (New Delhi, Wiley, 1982).
26. De, Barun, A Historical Critique of Renaissance Analogues for Nineteenth Century India, in Barun De (ed.), *Perspectives in Social Sciences I*, (Calcutta, 1977).
27. Majumdar, B.B., *History of Indian Social and Political Ideas* (Calcutta, Firma, KLM, 1996).
28. Mehta, V.R., 'Renaissance and the Beginning of Modern Thought', Ch. 8 in his *Foundations of Indian Political Thought* (New Delhi, Manohar, 1992).
29. Sarma, D.S., *The Renaissance of Hinduism in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries* (Varanasi, Banaras Hindu University, 1944).
30. Vyas, K.C., *The Social Renaissance in India* (Bombay, Vohra and Company, 1957).
31. Zacharis, H.C.E., *Renascent India : From Rammohan Roy to Mohandas Gandhi* (London, George Allen and Unwin, 1933).
32. Buch, M.R., *Rise and Growth of Indian Liberalism* (Baroda, 1938).
33. Chakravarti, Uma, *Rewriting History : The Life and Times of Pandita Ramabai* (New Delhi, Kali for Women, 1998).
34. Chakravarti, Uma, *Gender, Class and Nation—Ramabai and the Critique of Brahmanical Patriarchy* (Delhi, OUP, 1998).
35. Joshi, V.C. (ed.), *Rammohan Roy and the Process of Modernisation in India* (Delhi, Vikas, 1975).
36. Kosambi, Meera, 'Indian Response to Christianity, Church and Colonialism : Case of Pandita Ramabai', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 24-31, October, 1992.
37. Mansani, R.P., *Dadabhai Naoroji : The Grand Old Man of India* (London, George Allen and Unwin, 1939).
38. Nanda, B.R., *Gokhale : The Indian Moderates and the British Raj* (Delhi, OUP, 1998).
39. Tucker, Richard P., *Ranade and the Roots of Indian Nationalism* (Bombay : Popular Prakashan, 1977).
40. Vora, Rajendra, 'Two Strands of Indian Liberalism : Ideas of Ranade and Phule' in Pantham and Deutsch (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India* (New Delhi, Sage, 1986).
41. Aurobindo, Sri, *On Nationalism* (Pondicherry, Sri Aurobindo Ashram, 1965).
42. *Bankim—Tilak—Dayananda*, (Calcutta : Aryan, 1940).
43. Banerjee Sumanta, 'Hindutva – Ideology and Social Psychology', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 19 January, 1991).
44. Basu, Tapan, *et al* (eds.), *Khaki Shorts and Saffron Flags* (New Delhi, Oriented Longman, 1991).

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45. Bose, N.S., *Swami Vivekananda* (New Delhi, Sahitya Akadami, 1994).
46. Dixit, Prabha, 'The Ideology of Hindu Nationalism' in Pantham and Deutsch (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India* (New Delhi, Sage, 1986).
47. Embree, A.T., *Utopias in Conflict, Religion and Nationalism in Modern India* (Delhi, OUP, 1991).
48. Graham, B., *Hindu Nationalism and Indian Politics* (Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1990).
49. Heehs, Peter (ed.), *Essential Writings of Sri Aurobindo* (Delhi, OUP, 1998).
50. Joshi, V.C., *Aurobindo : An Interpretation* (Delhi, 1973).
51. Kaviraj, Sudipto, *The Unhappy Consciousness :Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay and the Formation of Nationalist Discourse in India* (Delhi, OUP, 1995).
52. Savarkar, V.D., "*Hindutva Or Who is a Hindu*"? (Bombay, Veer Savarkar Prakashan, 1923).
53. Sengupta, S.C., *Bankim Chandra Chatterjee* (New Delhi, Sahitya Akademi, 1982).
54. Shay, T.L., *Legacy of Lokmanya : Political Philosophy of Bal Gangadhar Tilak* (London, OUP, 1956).
  
55. Singh, Karan, *Prophet of Indian Nationalism* (Bombay, Bhartiya Vidya Bhawan, 1970).
56. Baljon, J.M.S., *The Reforms and Religious Ideas of Sir Sayyid Ahmad Khan* (Leiden : E.J. Brill, 1949).
57. Banerjee, A.C., *Two Nations: The Philosophy of Muslim Nationalism* (New Delhi, Concept, 1980).
58. Dar, B.A., *A Study of Iqbal's Philosophy* (Lahore, Md. Ashraf, 1933).
59. Hamid, Abdul, *Muslim Separatism in India* (London, OUP, 1967).
60. Hasan, Mushirul (ed.), *India's Partition : Process, Strategy and Mobilization* (Delhi, OUP, 1993).
61. Hussain, M. Hadi, *Syed Ahmed Khan: Pioneer of Indian Resurgence* (Lahore, Institute of Islamic Culture, 1970).
62. Imam, Zafar, *Muslims in India* (New Delhi: Orient Longman, 1975).
63. Mohammed, Shan, *Sir Syed Ahmad Khan: A Political Biography* (Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1969).
  
64. Mujahid, Sharif, *Quaid-i-Azam-Jinnah: Studies in Interpretation* (Delhi, B.R., 1985).
65. Naim, C.M. (ed.), *Iqbal, Jinnah and Pakistan* (Delhi, Jinnah Public. House, 1982).
66. Shakir, Moin, 'Dynamic of Muslim Political Thought' in Pantham and Deutsch (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India* (New Delhi, Sage, 1986).
67. Brohi, A.K., *Iqbal and The Concept of Islamic Socialism* (Karachi, Al-Karimi, 1967).
68. Hussain, Raiz, *Iqbal, Poet and His Politics* (New Delhi, Uppal Pub. House, 1987).
69. Burney, S.M., *Iqbal : Poet-Patriot of India* (New Delhi, Vikas, 1987).
70. Masud, Mohamad K. and Mumtaz Liaqat, *Iqbal Through Western Eyes* (Sterling, 1989).
71. Malik, Hafeez, *Iqbal : Poet-Philosopher of Pakistan* (New York : Columbia University Press, 1971).

## THIRD SEMESTER

### Course X: COMPARATIVE POLITICS (II): UNDERSTANDING DEVELOPING SOCIETIES (Compulsory)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives:** The objective of the course is to familiarize students with key issues and debates in comparative politics with special reference to developing societies.

#### Unit-I

Approaches to the politics of developing countries :

- Political Sociology. –Systems theory, structural functionalism, political Culture, political development and institutionalism
- Political Economy. – Modernisation Theory, Dependency Theory and World System Analysis
- Alternative Approaches. New Institutional approach

#### Unit-II

- *Colonialism and Its Impact:* Politics, Economy and Culture.
- Nationalism and Anti-colonial Movement : Ideology, social base, strategies of mobilization and outcome with reference to India, China and Latin America(creole nationalism)

#### Unit-III

- *Civil Society:* Ethnic, National and Regional identities.
- *Globalisation:* Definition, difference between old and new, Its impact on the Developing World.

#### Unit-IV

- State- Nature of the state in the Developing world with reference to Hamza Alavi, J.S. Saul and Colin Leys work, Political regimes- military, Islamic, etc ,
- Constitutionalism and Political parties.

### Essential Readings

1. Carles Boix and Susane C Stokes, *The Oxford Handbook of Comparative Politics*, Oxford, Oxford University Press 2009.
2. Alavi, H., *The State in Post-Colonial Societies: Pakistan and Bangladesh*, *New Left Review*, No. 74, 1972.
3. Allen, C. and G. Willams (eds.), *Sociology of 'Developing Societies'*, Sub-Saharan Africa, Macmillan, London, 1982.
4. Cammack, Paul, David Pool and William Tordoff, *Third World Politics: A Comparative Introduction*, John Hopkins University Press, Baltimore, 1993.
5. Caramani, Daniele, *Comparative Politics*, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2014.
6. Clapham, C., *Third World Politics: An Introduction*, Routledge, London 1985.
7. Dickovick, J. Tyler and Jonathan Eastwood, *Comparative Politics: Integrating Theories, Methods, and Cases*, Oxford University press, Oxford, 2014.
8. Eckstein, Harry and David, E. Apter, *Comparative Politics : A Reader*, The Free Press of Glencoe, London, 1994
9. Manor, James (ed.), *Third World Politics*, Longman, London, 1991.
10. Mohanty, Manoranjan, P. Mukherji with O. Tornquist, *People's Rights, Social Movements and the State in the Third World*, Sage, New Delhi, 1998.
11. Randall, V., *Political Parties in the Third World*, Sage, London, 1988.
12. Smith, Anthony D., *State and Nation in the Third World: The Western State and African Nationalism*, Wheatsheaf, Sussex, 1983.

Students are advised to see the relevant entries in the following reference books Seymour Martin Lipset (ed. in chief). *The Encyclopedia of Democracy*, Volumes I, II and III, Routledge, London, 1995; Vernon Bogdanor (ed.). *The Blackwell Encyclopaedia of Political Institutions*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1987; Joel Krieger (ed. in chief), *The Oxford Companion to the Politics of the World*, OUP, Oxford, 1993; Tom Bottomore (ed.), *A Dictionary of Marxist Thought*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1983.

### Suggested Readings

1. Alavi, Hamza and Teodor Shanin (eds.), *Introduction to the Sociology of 'Developing Societies'*, Macmillan, London, 1982.
2. Amin, Samir, 'Social Movements at the Periphery' in P. Wignaraja (ed.), *New Social Movements in the South*, Zed, London, 1993.
3. Archetti, E. et al., *Latin America*, Macmillan, London, 1987.
4. Ayoade, J.A., 'States Without Citizens: An Emerging African Phenomenon' in D. Rothchild and N. Chazan (ed.), *The Precious Balance : State and Society in Africa*, Westview Press, Boulder, Colorado, 1988.
5. Bayart, J.F., 'Civil Society in Africa' in Chabal, P. (ed.), *Political Domination in Africa : Reflections on the Limits of Power*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1986.
6. Berger, M., 'The End of the Third World', *Third World Quarterly*, Vol. 15, No. 2, 1994.
7. Bratton, M., and Van der Walle, N., 'Towards Governance in Africa : Popular Demands and State Responses' in G. Hayden and M. Bratton (eds.), *Governance and Politics in Africa*, Boulder, Colorado, 1991.

8. Callaghy, T., 'Vision and Politics in the Transformation of the Global, Political Economy : Lessons from the Second and the Third World's in R. Slater, Schutz, B. and Dorr, S. (eds.), *Global Transformation and the Third World*, L. Rienner Pub., Boulder, Colorado, 1993.
9. Chabal, P., Introduction : 'Thinking About Politics in Africa', in Chabal, P. (eds.), *Political Domination in Africa : Reflections on the Limits of Power*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1986.
10. Chezan, N., 'Between Liberalism and Statism : African Political Cultures and Democracy' in Diamond, Larry (ed.), *Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries*, L. Rienner, Boulder, Colorado, 1993.
11. Diamond, L., 'Introduction : Political Culture and Democracy', in L. Diamond (eds.), *Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries*, L. Rienner, Boulder, Colorado, 1993.
12. Diamond, L., 'The Globalisation of Democracy' in Slater, R., Shutz, B., and Dorr, S. (ed.), *Global Transformation and the Third World*, L. Rienner, Boulder, Colorado, 1993.
13. Dixon, Chris and Michael J. Heffernan (eds.), *Colonialism and Development in the Contemporary World*, Mansell, New York, 1991.
14. Elliott, Carolyn, *Civil Society : A Reader*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2003.
15. Engles, Dagmar, and Shula Marks (eds.), *Contesting Colonial Hegemony : State and Society in Africa and India*, British Academic Press, London (1994).
16. Fatton, R., *Predatory Rule, State and Civil Society in Africa*, L. Rienner, Boulder, Colorado, 1992.
17. Frank, A.G., *Capitalism and Underdevelopment in Latin America*, Penguin, Harmondsworth, 1971 (Kumar, Ashutosh, 'Hamza Alavi and Post-Colonial State', *Economic and Political Weekly*, August 7, 2004).
18. Garretton, M.A., 'Political Democratisation in Latin America and the Crisis of Paradigms' in Manor, J. (ed.), *Rethinking Third World Politics*, Longman, London, 1991.
19. Geddes, Barbara 'Paradigms and Sand Castles in Comparative Politics of Developing Areas' in Crotty, William (ed.), *Comparative Politics, Policy and International Relations*, Northwestern University Press, Evanston, 1991.
20. Hawthorn, G., "Waiting for a Text?" Comparing 'Third World Politics in Manor, J. (ed.), *Rethinking Third World Politics*, Longman, London, 1991.
21. Haynes, Jeff, *Third World Politics, A Concise Introduction*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1996.
22. Huntington, S., *Political Order in Changing Societies*, Yale University Press, New Haven, 1968.
23. Huntington, S., *The Third Wave, Democratisation in the Late Twentieth Century*, University of Oklahoma Press, Norman, 1991.
24. Jayaram, N., *On Civil Society : Issues and Perspective*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2005.
25. Kamrava, M., *Politics and Society in the Third World*, Routledge, London, 1993.
26. Kaviraj, S., 'On State, Society and Discourse in India' in Manor, J. (ed.), *Rethinking Third World Politics*, Addison-Wesley Longman, London, 1993.
27. Luckham, R., 'Introduction : The Military, The Developmental State and Social Forces in Asia and the Pacific : Issues for Comparative Analysis' in Selochan, V. (ed.), *The Military, The State, and Development in Asia and Pacific*, Westview, Boulder, 1991.



28. Mamdani, M., T, Mkandawire, and E. Wamba-dia-Wamba, 'Social Movements and Democracy in Africa' in Wignaraja, P. (ed.), *New Social Movements in the South*, Zed Books, London, 1993.
29. Migdal, J., *Strong Societies and Weak States : State Society Relations and State Capabilities in the Third World*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1988.
30. Mitra, S. (ed.), *The Post-Colonial State in Asia*, Wheatsheaf, Hemel Hempstead, 1990.
31. Mouzelis, N., *Politics in the Semi-Periphery*, Macmillan, London, 1986.
32. Nkruman, K., *Neo-colonialism : The Last Stage of Capitalism*, Nelson, London, 1965.
33. O'Donnell, G., *Modernisation and Bureaucratic Authoritarianism, Institute of International Studies*, Berkeley, 1973. O' Donnell, G., *Authoritarian Rule : Prospects for Democracy*, John Hopkins University Press, Baltimore, 1973.
34. Parpart, J., 'Women and the State in Africa'; in D. Rothchild and N. Chazan (eds.), *The Precarious Balance : State and Society in Africa*, Westview, Boulder, 1988.
35. Potter, D., "Democratisation in Asia" in D. Held (ed.), *Prospects for Democracy : North, South, East, West*, Polity, Cambridge, 1985.
36. Pye, L., *Asian Power and Politics : The Culture Dimension of Authority*, Harvard University Press, Cambridge, 1985.
37. Randall, V., and Theobald, R., *Political Change and Underdevelopment : A Critical Introduction to Third World Politics*, Macmillan, London, 1985.
38. Rudolph, S., 'State Formation in Asia – Prolegomenon to a Comparative Study', *Journal of Asian Studies*, 46, 4, 1987.
39. Saul, John S., 'The State in Post-Colonial Societies : Tanzania' in Ralph Miliband and John Saville (ed.), *The Socialist Register*, Merlin, London, 1974.
40. Sisson, R., 'Culture and Democratisation in India' in Diamond, L. (ed.), *Political Culture and Democracy in Developing Countries*, Lynne Reiner, Boulder, 1993.
41. Smith, B.C., *Understanding Third World Politics, Theories of Political Change and Development*, Palgrave Macmillan, Basingstoke, 2003.
42. Taylor, Peter, J., 'The Legacy of Imperialism' in Dixon Chris and Michael, J Heffernan (eds.), *Colonialism and Development in the Contemporary World*, Mansell, New York, 1991.
43. Thomas, Clive, Y., *The Rise of the Authoritarian State in Peripheral Societies*, Monthly Review Press, New York, 1980.
44. West, David "New Social Movements" in Gerald F. Gaus and Chandran Kukathas, *Handbook of Political Theory*, Sage, London, 2004.

## OR

### Course X: COMPARATIVE POLITICAL SYSTEMS WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO USA, UK, CHINA, JAPAN AND SWITZERLAND (Compulsory)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting **one question** from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives:** The objective of the course is to familiarize students with key issues and debate in comparative politics with special reference to USA, UK, China, Japan and Switzerland.

#### UNIT-I

- (i) Historical Antecedent of Contemporary Political Systems.
- (ii) Evolution of the Constitution and Constitutional Systems.

#### UNIT-II

- (i) Executive
- (ii) Legislature

#### UNIT-III

- (i) Political Parties
- (ii) Pressure Groups

#### UNIT-IV

- (i) Elections, Electoral Process
- (ii) Political Participation, Voting Behavior

#### Readings:

1. Jean Blondel : *An Introduction to Comparative Government*, Praeger, 1969.
2. G. Almond and B. Powell : *Comparative Politics : A Development Approach*, Little Brown, 1966.
3. Robert Ward & Roy Macrides (Eds.) : *Modern Political Systems*, Prentice Hall, 1972.
4. M. Irish & J.W. Prothro : *The Politics of American Democracy*, Prentice Hall, 1968.
5. D. J. Weller : *The Government of Politics of Communist China*, Hutchinson, 1970.
6. Peter Bormhead : *Britains Developing Constitution*, St. Martin's Press, 1974.
7. John P. Mackintosh : *The Government and Politics of Britain*, Hutchinson, 1971.
8. P.J. Madgwick : *Introduction to British Politics*, Hutchinson, 1971.
9. A.H. Birch : *The British System of Government*, Allen & Unwin, 1980.
10. Lucian Pye : *The Spirit of Chinese Politics*, Cambridge, 1970.
11. Richard Rose : *Studies in British Politics*, Macmillan, 1966.
12. Shanti Swarup : *A Study of the Chinese Communist Movement (only Introduction)*, Clarendon, 1966.
13. Robert Wesson : *Communism and Communist Systems*, Prentice-Hall, 1978.
14. Richard H. Solomon : *Mao's Revolution and the Chinese Political Culture*, Oxford University, 1971.

**Course XI :The candidates are required to offer any one of the following courses :**

**Option (a) : INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :**This course is designed to introduce the students to the relevance and functioning of international organizations in Contemporary World Politics. It takes up for the purpose a detailed study of some of the major specialized international agencies under the auspices of the United Nations.

**UNIT-I**

Evolution of International Organisation.

Theoretical approaches to the study of international organization : Classical, neo-realist, functionalist, conflict resolution, world society approach and the Marxist approach.

**UNIT-II**

Role and function of :

- (i) International government organization.
- (ii) International non-governmental organization.

Making of the United Nations : Its purpose, principles and structure.

United Nations and maintenance of international peace and security, collective security and its alternative.

**UNIT-III**

Major specialized agencies : ILO, UNESCO, WHO, FAO.

United Nations and Human Rights.

**UNIT-IV**

United Nations in the Post-Cold War Era :

UN and disarmament, revision of UN Charter, UN and emerging deterioration in international relations.

Limitations and constraints.

### Suggested Readings :

1. John Baylis and Steve Smith, *The Globalization of World Politics : An Introduction to International Relations* (Oxford University Press : New York, 2001).
2. Alan C. Lamborn and Joseph Lepgold, *World Politics into the Twenty First Century : Unique Contexts, Enduring Patterns* (New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 2003).
3. A. LeRoy Bennett, *International Organization : Principles and Issues* (New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 1991).
4. B.N. Mehrish, *International Organisations : Structures and Processes* (Jalandhar, Vishal Publications, 1996).
5. Shambhavi Vendantam, *United Nations : Putting Words to Work* (New Delhi, Vikash, 1996).
6. K. P. Saksena, *Reforming the United Nations : The Challenge of Relevance* (New Delhi, Sage, 1993).
7. C. Archer, *International Organisations* (London, Routledge, 1992).
8. P. R. Baehr and L. Gordenker, *The United Nations in the 1990s* (Hampshire, Macmillan, 1994).
9. Boutros-Boutros Ghali, *An Agenda for Peace* (New York, United Nations, 1992).
10. Abi-Saab Georgeas (ed.), *The Concept of International Organisation* (Paris, UNESCO, 1981).
11. Thomas G. Wein, David P. Forsyth, Roger A. Coate, *The United Nations and Changing World Politics* (Boulder, Westview Press, 1994).
12. William Burch, *The Evolution of the United Nations Peacekeeping : Case Studies and Comparative Analysis* (St. Martin Press, 1993).
13. Paul Taylor and A.R.J. Groom (eds.), *International Organisation : A Conceptual Approach* (London, Frances Printer, 1978).
14. J.W. Burton, *World Society* (London, Cambridge University Press, 1972).
15. Freidrich Kratochwil and Edward Mansfield (eds.), *International Organisation : A Reader* (New York, Harper Collins, 1994).

### Option (b) : TRANSNATIONAL ACTORS IN INTERNATIONAL POLITICS INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** The course is designed to introduce the students to the changing dynamics of the emerging world order in which various transnational actors have come to play an increasingly important role in shaping the responses of the state actors to some of the most crucial issues in contemporary history.

### UNIT -I

The politics of terminology : From “Non-state actors” to “Transnational actors”.  
Limitations of state-centric framework and emergence of transnational actors.

### UNIT -II

Theorizing different types of transnational actors in International Politics.  
Transnational companies; Regional economic groupings; strategic and security actors; Non-legitimate groups and liberation movements; and Non-governmental organizations.

### UNIT -III

Post-War Economy and the International Monetary System : International Monetary Fund and World Bank.  
Dynamics of Regional Integration : European experience.  
Beyond Europe: The global rise of regionalism (special reference to ASEAN and SAARC).

### UNIT -IV

Cartelization of Natural Resources in the Age of Globalization : OPEC.  
Issues and challenges in international environmental politics.

### Suggested Readings :

1. John Baylis and Steve Smith, *The Globalization of World Politics : An Introduction to International Relations* (Oxford University Press : New York, 2001).
2. R. O. Keohane and J. S. Nye (eds.), *Transnational Relations and World Politics* (Cambridge Mass: Harvard University Press, 1972).
3. T.G. Weiss and L. Gordenker (eds.), *NGOs, the UN and Global Governance* (Boulder, Colo. : Lynne Rienner, 1996).
4. P. Willetts (ed.), *Pressure Groups in the Global System : The Transnational Relations of Issue-Oriented Non-Governmental Organizations* (London : Pinter, 1982).
5. P. Willetts (ed.), *'The Conscience of the World' : The Influence of Non-Governmental Organizations in the UN System* (London: Hurst and Co., 1996).
6. T. Risse-Kappen (ed.), *Bringing Transnational Relations Back In* (Cambridge : Cambridge University Press, 1995).
7. J. N. Rosenau, *The Study of Global Interdependence : Essays on the Transnationalization of World Affairs* (London : Pinter, 1990).
8. A.J.R. Groom and P. Taylor, *Frameworks for International Co-operation* (London : Pinter, 1990).
9. Michael Nicholson, *International Relations : A Concise Introduction*, Second Edition (New York: Palgrave, Macmillan, 2002).
10. Robert Keohane, *International Institutions and State Power : Essays in International Relations Theory* (Boulder: Westview, 1989).
11. John Madeley, *Big Business, Poor Peoples: The Impact of Transnational Corporations in the World's Poor* (London: Zed Books, 1999).
12. Joel Krieger (ed.), *The Oxford Companion to the Politics of the World* (New York : Oxford University Press, 1993).
13. John E. Spero and Jeffery A. Hart, *The Politics of International Economic Relations*, 5<sup>th</sup> ed. (New York, St. Martin's Press, 1997).
14. Alan C. Lamborn and Joseph Lepgold, *World Politics into the Twenty-First Century : Unique Contexts, Enduring Patterns*, (New Jersey : Prentice Hall, 2003).

## Option (c) : POLITICS OF DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper attempts to understand development issues and problems in India with reference to theoretical advances in development studies.

### UNIT -I

Development, meaning and changing conceptions.  
Economic growth.  
Human development.  
Sustainable development.

### UNIT -II

Theory of the Developmentalist State.  
Impact of Development on the Political Process.  
Development Strategies and State Policies in India – Priorities, Strategies, Target Groups.

### UNIT -III

Socio-Economic Problems and Developmental Issues in India. Poverty, Social Backwardness and Disparities.  
Displacement, Resettlement and Environmental degradation.

### UNIT -IV

Democratic decentralization and development in India.  
Developmental Interventions, Non Governmental Initiatives and Empowerment.  
Globalization, Changing Policies, Strategies and their implications in India.

### Readings :

1. Bardhan, Pranab, 1984, *The Political Economy of Development in India*, New York, Blackwell.
2. Jalan, Bimal (ed.) 1992, *The Indian Economy : Problems and Prospects*, New Delhi, Viking.
3. Cassen, Robert and Vijay Joshi (eds.), 1992, *India : The Future of Economic Reform*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
4. Dreze, Jean & Amartya Sen, 1995, *India : Economic Development & Social Opportunity*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.

5. Frankel Francis et. al (eds.) 2000, *Transforming India : Social and Political Dynamics of Democracy*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
6. Jayal, Niraja Gopal (ed.) 2001, *Democracy in India*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press.
7. Kaviraj Sudipta, 1987, "Dilemmas of Democratic Development in India" in Adrian Leftwich ed. *Democracy and Development Theory and Practice*, Cambridge, Polity Press.
8. Kohli Atul, 1987, *The State and Poverty in India : The Politics of Reform*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
9. Lewis, John P., 1995, *Governance and Reform : Essays in Indian Political Economy*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
10. Mathur Kuldeep (ed.) 1996, *Development Policy and Administration*, Delhi, Sage Publications.
11. Satyamurthy, T.V., 1999, *Social Change and Political Discourse in Indian Structures of Power, Movements of Resistance*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
12. Sen Amartya, 2000, *Development as Freedom*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.

**Option(d): PEACE AND CONFLICT RESOLUTION**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper seeks to introduce students to the meaning and contending approaches in the discipline of peace and conflict studies. It also brings into broader context the concept and theories of conflict and conflict resolution and the different strategies and tactics of non-violent resolutions.

**UNIT-I**

Peace Studies:

1. Meaning, scope and approaches.
2. Peace-keeping, Peace-making, Peace-building and post-peace confidence building measures.

**UNIT-II**

Peace Movements :

1. Civil Rights Movements.
2. Green Peace Movements.

**UNIT-III**

Conflict and Conflict Resolution : Conceptual and Epistemological dimensions:

1. Conflict: Typologies and Causes.
2. Conflict Resolution: Meaning and Scope.

## UNIT-IV

Conflict Resolution and Transformation : General Strategies and Tactics :

1. Pacific Methods (Mediation, Arbitration and Adjudication), and Analytical problem solving approach (notably of John Burton).
2. Non-Violent techniques of conflict resolution (Gandhian).

### Recommended Books :

1. Bondurant, J.V., *Conquest of Violence* (London, Princeton Uni. Press, 1958).
2. Coser, L., *The Function of Social Conflict* (N.Y., The Free Press, 1956).
3. Simmel, G., *Conflict and the Web of Group-Affiliation* (New York, 1955).
4. Weber, Thomas, *Conflict Resolution and Gandhian Ethics* (New Delhi, Gandhi Peace Foundation, 1991).
5. Wallensteen, Peter (ed.), *Peace Research : Achievements and Challenges* (Boulder & London, Westview Press, 1988).
6. Holsti, K.J., "Paths to Peace ? Theories of Conflict Resolution and Realities of International Politics," in Thakur, Ramesh (ed.), *International Conflict Resolution* (Boulder and London, Westview Press, 1988).
7. Galtung, J., *Peace by Peaceful Means* (London, Sage, 1996).
8. Galtung, J., *The Way is the Goal : Gandhi Today* (Ahmedabad, Gujarat, Vidyapeeth, 1992).
9. Boulding, Elise (ed.), *New Agenda for Peace Research* (Boulder and London, Lynee Reimer, 1992).
10. Boutras, Boutros Ghali, *An Agenda for Peace* (New York, United Nations, 1992).
11. Burton, J. Dukes, Frank, *Conflict : Practices in Management, Settlement and Resolution* (London, Macmillan, 1990).
12. Sandole, Dennis, J.D. and Merwe, Hugo Van der (ed.), *Conflict Resolution Theory and Practice* (New York, Manchester University Press, 1993).



## **Option (e) : RETHINKING GEOPOLITICS : CRITICAL PERSPECTIVES**

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This course is based on the premise that geopolitics needs to be re-conceptualized as the twenty-first century unfolds. The intention is to rethink and radicalize its components ‘geo’ and ‘politics’ so that the self-evident character and nuance of the sign ‘geopolitics’ can be conceptualized and pluralized. Once conceptualized in a critical way as a problematic of geopolitics or geographical politics, geopolitics becomes a much broader social and cultural phenomena that is normally described and understood by the geopolitical tradition of ‘wise-men’ statecraft.

#### **UNIT-I**

Modern Geopolitical Imagination and Visualizing Global Space : Blocks, Worlds and Zones of identity and difference.

Epochs of Geopolitics (Imperial Geopolitics, Cold War Geopolitics, and the Geopolitics of the ‘New World Order’).

#### **UNIT-II**

Twenty-First Century Geopolitics (End of History? The Clash of Civilizations?).

National Identity and Geopolitical Visions (USA, Russia, India and Pakistan).

#### **UNIT-III**

The Geopolitics of Global Dangers (‘rogue states’, the ‘coming anarchy’, diseases and disasters).

The Geopolitics of Terror (with special reference to 11 September and its aftermath).

#### **UNIT-IV**

Critical Geopolitics (anti-geopolitics, social movements and alternative political geographies).

Gender and Geopolitics.

#### **Suggested Readings :**

1. Andrew Herod, Gearoid O Tuathail and Susan M. Roberts (eds.), *An Unruly World ? Globalisation, Governance and Geography*, London and New York : Routledge, 1998.
2. E. Zolner, Charles Zolner (ed.), *Charles Zolner : On Geopolitics, Classical and Nuclear*, Boston, Nijhoff, 1985.
3. David, Hoosan (ed.), *Geography and National Identity*, Oxford, U.K. and Cambridge : USA : Blackwell, 1994.
4. Geoffrey, Parker, *Geopolitics : Past, Present and Future*, London and Washington : Pinter, 1998.
5. Gertjan, Dijkink, *National Identity and Geopolitical Visions*, London, New York : Routledge, 1996.
6. Gearoid, O. Tuathail, *Critical Geopolitics : The Politics of Writing Global Space*, London and New York : Routledge, 1996.
7. Gearoid, O. Tuathail, Simon Dalby and Paul Routledge (ed.), *The Geopolitics Reader*, London and New York, Routledge, 1998.
8. Gearoid, O. Tuathail, Simon Dalby (eds.), *Rethinking Geopolitics*, London and New York : Routledge, 1998.

9. Sloan, G.R., *Geopolitics in United States Strategic Policy, 1890-1987*, Brighton Wheatsheaf Books, 1988.
10. Jan Nederveen Pieterse, *World Orders in the Making : Humanitarian Intervention and Beyond*, Houndmills, Macmillan, 1998.
11. Jan Nijman, *The Geopolitics of Power and Conflict : Superpowers in the International Systems*, London and New York : Belhaven Press, 1993.
12. John, Agnew and Stuart Corbridge, *Mastering Space, Hegemony, Territory and Political Economy*, London, New York : Routledge, 1995.
13. John, Agnew, *Geopolitics :Re Visioning World Politics*, London and New York : Routledge, 1998.
14. Klaus, John Dodds, "Geopolitics, Cartography and the State in South America," *Political Geography* 12 (4), July 1993 : 361-381.
15. Kurt Mills, *Human Rights in the Emerging Global Order, A New Sovereignty*, Houndmills : Macmillan Press Limited, 1998.
16. Mathew, B. Fielden, "The Geopolitics of Aid : The Provision and Termination of Aid to Afghan Refugees in North West Frontier Province, Pakistan," *Political Geography*, 1998, 17 (4) : 459-487.
17. Simon, Dalby, *Creating the Second Cold War*, London : Pinter, 1990.

***Journals :***

1. *Geopolitics* (see Special Issue on "11 September and its Aftermath : The Geopolitics of Terror", Volume 8, Number 3, September 1998).
2. Agnew, J., "American Hegemony into the American Empire", *Antipode*, 35(5) : 871-885, 2003.
3. Gregory, D., *The Colonial Present*, Oxford: Blackwell, 2004.
4. Kelly, P., "A Critique of Critical Geopolitics", *Geopolitics*, 11 (1) : 24-53, 2006.

**Option (f) : THEORIES OF DEVELOPMENT**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective :** This Course introduces students to the significant ways in which development has been conceptualised. It tracks the main grounds on which mainstream models of development have been critiqued and the key issues facing contemporary development theory.

#### UNIT-I

Development as economic growth–capitalist and socialist models. Theories of modernisation.  
Neoliberalism and globalisation.  
Role of the state, welfare and redistribution.

#### UNIT-II

Dependency, Underdevelopment and world system analysis.  
Human development–Basic Needs, capability approach, rights based approaches.  
Notion of social capital.

#### UNIT-III

Ecology and Nature, Sustainable Development.  
Gender and Development.  
Culture and Development.  
Impact of Postmodernism on Development studies and the Post development rejection of Development.

#### UNIT-IV

Issues in Development studies today

1. Aid, Role of Non-government Organisations and International Agencies.
2. Democracy and Development.
3. Displacement.
4. Poverty.

#### Reading List :

1. G. Rist, *A History of Development*, London, Zed Books, 1997.
2. J. Crush, *Power of Development*, Routledge, 1995.
3. Ashis Nandy, *Bonfire of Creeds*, New Delhi, OUP, 2004.
4. Richard Peet and Elaine Hartwick, *Theories of Development*, New Delhi, Rawat, 2005.
5. Jan Nederveen Pieterse, *Development Theory, Constructions/Deconstructions*, New Delhi, Vistaar, 2001.
6. Naila Kabeer, *Reversed Realities, Gender Hierarchies in Development Thought*, W.W. Norton & Co., 1994.
7. R.W. Shenton and M.P. Cowan, *Doctrines of Development*, Routledge, 1996.
8. Nalini Visvanathan (Co-ordinator), Lynn Duggan, Laurie Nisonoff & Nan Wiegersma (Eds.), *The Women, Gender and Development Reader*, Zubaan Books.

9. Kriemhild Saunders (Ed.), *Feminist Post-Development Thought : Rethinking Modernity, Post-colonialism and Representation*, Zubaan Books.
- 10 M. Rahnema & V. Bawtree (Eds.), *The Postdevelopment Reader*, New York, Zed Books, 1997.
- .  
11 Wolfgang Sachs, *The Development Dictionary*, Zed Books, London, 1992.
- .  
12 Amartya Sen, *Development as Freedom*, New Delhi, OUP, 2002.
- .  
13 John Hariss, *Depoliticising Development*, Leftword Books, New Delhi, 2001.
- .  
14 Susanne Schech, Jane Haggis, *Culture and Development : A Critical Reader*, Blackwell, 2000.
- .

**Option (g) : PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW-I**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper introduces the students to the fundamentals and various other aspects of Public International Law.

**Unit-I : Introducing International Law**

Definition, basis and nature.

Distinction between Private International Law and Public International Law.

Sources.

Subjects of International Law – States, Individual and the International

Institutions. Relation of International Law to Municipal Law.

**Unit-II : Law of Peace**

Intervention.

Recognition – Theories, Modes and Consequences.

State Responsibility.

State Succession.

**Unit-III : Force and International Law**

Disputes :

Settlement by peaceful means.

Settlement through the agencies – U.N. and the International Court of Justice. Settlement through means of short war.

War :

General Laws of Warfare (Land, Maritime and Air)

Geneva Conventions.

War Crimes.

Neutrality

Blockade, Contraband and Prize Courts.

**Unit-IV : International Transactions**

Diplomatic

Agents. Consuls.

Treaties.

**Books**

1. Aggarwal, H.O. (2014), *International Law & Human Rights*. Jain Book Agency, New Delhi.
2. Cassese, Antonio (2005), *International Law*. Oxford University Press, USA.
3. Clapham, Andrew (2012), *Brierly's Law of Nations : An Introduction to the Role of International Law in International Relations*. Oxford University Press, USA.
4. Crawford, James (2013), *Brownlie's Principles of Public International Law*. Oxford University Press, USA.
5. Crawford, James and Koskeniemi, Martti (2012), *The Cambridge Companion to International Law (Cambridge Companions to Law)*. Oxford University Press, USA.
6. Dixon, Martin (2013), *Textbook on International Law*. Oxford University Press, USA.
7. Evans, Malcolm (2010), *International Law*. Oxford University Press, USA.
8. Gray, Christine (2004), *International Law and the Use of Force*. Oxford University Press, USA.
9. Janis, Mark W. (2003), *An Introduction to International Law (Introduction to Law Series)*. Oxford University Press, USA.
10. Lowe, Vaughan (2007), *International Law (Clarendon Law Series)*. Oxford University Press, USA.
11. Malanczuk, Peter (1997), *Akehurst's Modern Introduction to International Law*. Routledge.
12. Shaw, Malcolm (2014), *International Law*. Cambridge University Press.
13. Tandon, M.P. and Anand, V.K. (2012), *International Law & Human Rights*. Jain Book Depot.

## Journals

1. *American Journal of International Law* (AJIL), American Society of International Law, 1907.
2. *Brooklyn Journal of International Law*
3. *European Journal of International Law* (EJIL) : European University Institute, 1990.
4. *Indian Journal of International Law* : Indian Society of International Law, 1960.
5. *International and Comparative Law Quarterly* (ICLQ), British Institute of International and Comparative Law, 1952.
6. *Journal de droit international* (Clunet): founded by Edouard Clunet in 1874; now published by LexisNexis.
7. *Recueil des Cours / Collected Courses*, Hague Academy of International Law, 1923.
8. *Zeitschrift für ausländisches öffentliches Recht und Völkerrecht, or Heidelberg Journal of International Law, (ZaöRV / HJIL)*: Max Planck Inst. for Comparative Public Law and International Law, 1929.

## Key websites

Listed below are a few key websites of the American Society of International Law:

1. Electronic Resource Guide (ERG): the American Society of International Law's guide to international law resources on the web, arranged in subject-based chapters.
2. Eagle-i : gateway to law websites, including international law sites, provided by IALS Library
3. Electronic Information System for International Law (EISIL) : gateway to international law websites, provided by the American Society of International Law.
4. International Law Commission (ILC): this UN body develops and codifies international law; its website provides ILC publications from 1949 onwards, and a research guide.
5. *Researching Public International Law*: substantial, detailed research guide by Kent McKeever, Director of the Arthur W. Diamond Law Library at Columbia University in the US (last updated 2006).
6. UN International Law page: information, resources and links relating to the UN's work in the field of international law
7. UN Treaty Collection: free access to the UN Treaty Series, League of Nations Treaty Series and related information.
8. United Nations Documents: gateway to the documentation of the UN General Assembly, Security Council, Secretariat and other UN bodies. (See also the IALS UN Research Guide.)
9. Worldlii International Law Library: free collection of treaties, international court decisions, journals and other international law materials.

### *Oxford's unrivalled reference works available online*

Oxford Scholarly Authorities on International Law

Online

**Access the product:** <http://opil.oup.com/home/OSAIL>

Virginia Journal of International Law

**Course XII :The candidates are required to offer any one of the following courses :**

**Option (a): DEMOCRACY IN INDIA**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective :**The paper aims at enabling the students to understand and reflect upon the theory and practice of democracy in India.

**Unit-I**

Indian Democracy : Colonial Inheritance.  
Idea of Democracy : Constituent Assembly Debates.  
State of Democracy in Contemporary India.

**Unit-II**

Democracy and Development. Development  
Planning.  
Economic Reforms.

**Unit-III**

Identities, Citizenship and Rights : Mobilisation and Contestation.  
Gender.  
Minority Rights.  
Dalits and Backward Classes.

**Unit-IV**

Political Institutions and Democratic Consolidation.  
Indian Federalism in Transition.  
Democracy and Decentralisation: Panchayati Raj.  
Representation, Participation and Electoral Politics.

**Selected Readings :**

1. Niraja Gopal Jayal and Sudha Pai (eds.), *Democratic Governance in India : Challenges of Poverty, Development and Identity* (New Delhi : Sage, 2001).
2. Jeffrey D. Sachs, Ashutosh Varshney and Nirupam Bajpai (eds.), *India in the Era of Economic Reforms* (New Delhi : Oxford, 1999).
3. Jos Mooij (ed.), *The Politics of Economic Reforms in India* (New Delhi : Sage, 2005).
4. Kuldeep Mathur (ed.), *Development Policy and Administration* (New Delhi : Sage, 1996).
5. Lawrence Saez, *Federalism without a Centre : The Impact of Political and Economic Reform on India's Federal System* (New Delhi: Sage, 2002).
6. Terence J. Byres (ed.), *The Indian Economy : Major Debates Since Independence*, (New Delhi : Oxford, 1998).
7. Atul Kohli, The Politics of Economic Growth in India, 1980-2005 : Part I-1980s, *Economic and Political Weekly* XLI (13) April 1, 2006 : 1251-68.
8. Atul Kohli, The Politics of Economic Growth in India, 1980-2005 : Part II-The 1990s and Beyond, *Economic and Political Weekly* XLI (14) April 8, 2006 : 1361-70.
9. Gurpreet Mahajan, *Identities and Rights : Aspects of Liberal Democracy in India*, (New Delhi : Oxford, 2001).
10. Rajendra Vohra and Suhas Palishkar, *Indian Democracy : Meanings and Practices*, (New Delhi : Sage, 2004).
11. Peter Ronald deSouza (ed.), *Contemporary India : Transitions* (New Delhi : Sage, 2000).
12. Pratap Bhanu Mehta, *The Burden of Democracy* (New Delhi : Penguin, 2003).
13. Francine R. Frankel, *India's Political Economy : The Gradual Revolution 1947-2004* (New Delhi : Oxford, 2005), 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
14. Sudha Pai, *Dalit Assertion and the Unfinished Democratic Revolution : The Bahujan Samaj Party in Uttar Pradesh* (New Delhi : Sage, 2002).
15. Stuart Corbridge and John Harris, *Reinventing India : Liberalisation, Hindu Nationalism and Popular Democracy* (New Delhi : Oxford, 2003), 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
16. Madhu Purinima Kishwar, *Deepening Democracy : Challenges of Governance and Globalisation in India* (New Delhi : Oxford, 2005).
17. Abhay Kumar Dubey, *Loktantra Ke Saat Adhyaya* (Delhi : Vani, 2002).
18. Abhay Kumar Dubey, *Bharat Ka Bhumandalikaran* (Delhi : Vani, 2003).



**Option (b): GOVERNMENT & POLITICS OF INDIA'S NEIGHBOURS  
(PAKISTAN, BANGLADESH, NEPAL AND SRI LANKA)**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper aims at introducing the students to some of the dominant issues in South Asia and their long-term implications on bilateral relations among the states of the region. A critical assessment of India's role in the region is the special focus of this course.

**UNIT-I**

Impact of Geography, History and Lingo-cultural influences on the Government and Politics of India's neighbours.

Major political institutions and political parties in these countries.

**UNIT-II**

Social change, ethnicity and demography's impact on politics with special reference to forces of modernization and religious fundamentalism.

Political economy of the neighbouring states and its equation with globalization and liberalisation processes.

**UNIT-III**

Internal Conflict in South Asia: Causes and Dynamics.

**UNIT-IV**

India as a factor in the politics of these countries with emphasis on bilateral relations and multilateral SAARC.

**Suggested Readings**

1. Sugata Bose and Ayesha Jalal, *Modern South Asia : History, Culture, Political Economy* (New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2004).
2. S. Mahmud Ali, *The Fearful State : Power, People and Internal War in South Asia* (London, Zed Books, 1993).
3. Paul R. Brass, *The Politics of South Asia since Independence* (Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1990).

4. Dipankar Gupta, *The Context of Ethnicity : Sikh Identity in a Comparative Perspective* (New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1996).
5. Ashutosh Varshney, *Ethnic Conflict and Civic Life : Hindus and Muslims in India* (New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2005).
6. Gurpreet Mahajan, *Identities and Rights : Aspects of Liberal Democracy in India* (New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2001).
7. Tapan K. Bose and Rita Manchanda (eds.), *States, Citizens and Outsiders : The Uprooted Peoples of South Asia* (Kathmandu, South Asian Forum for Human Rights, 1997).
8. Ranabir Samaddar, *The Marginal Nation : Transborder Migration from Bangladesh to West Bengal* (New Delhi, Sage Publications, 1999).
9. Sanjeev Baruah, *Durable Disorder : Understanding the Politics of Northeast India* (New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2005).
10. Urmila Phadnis, *Ethnicity in South Asia* (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1986).
11. Urmila Phadnis, Kalim Bahadur, S.D. Muni (eds.), *Domestic Conflicts in South Asia : Political Dimensions*, Vol. I (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1986).
12. Urmila Phadnis, S.D Muni, Kalim Bahadur, *Domestic Conflicts in South Asia : Economic and Ethnic Dimensions*, Vol. II (New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 1986).
13. Veena Kukreja, *Civil-Military Relations in South Asia* (New Delhi, Sage Publications, 1991).
14. Ponna Wignaraja and Akmal Hussain, *The Challenge in South Asia : Development, Democracy and Regional Cooperation* (New Delhi, Sage Publications, 1989).
15. Paul R. Brass, *Ethnicity and Nationalism : Theory and Comparison* (New Delhi, Sage Publications, 1991).

#### **Option (c): WOMEN AND POLITICS IN INDIA**

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective of the Course:** This course looks at Indian politics through the lens of gender and draws attention to the main themes and debates regarding gender in modern India. It undertakes an analysis of the issues raised by the women's movement in India and the Indian state. In doing so, it will examine the debates on nationalism, social reform, law, citizenship, development, environment and explore intersectionality of identities and structures in India. It is an interdisciplinary course which draws on the academic domain of Feminist studies.

### Unit-I

Social reform and national movements- debate on the position of women; modernity, colonialism and patriarchy; Gandhi and women  
Modern Indian State- Institutional and legal provisions, Equality provisions, Family and the state

### Unit II

Women's movement in Contemporary India – Phases, key campaigns, autonomy, relationship with political parties and critical assessment  
Violence - Law, Sexualities, State; Public and private violence, Censorship

### Unit III

Community, Identity and Citizenship  
Gender and Caste- Reservations for women, Ambedkar, Periyar, Dalit feminism  
Gender and Religion- Personal Laws, UCC Debate, Partition, Communalism

### Unit IV

Gender and Development: Impact of development policies, Employment and work, ecology and gender  
Human development- Health, education

### Essential Readings:

1. Maitrayee Chaudhury (ed) *Feminism in India*, Women Unlimited, 2004
2. Mary John (ed) *Women's Studies in India: A Reader*, Penguin, 2008
3. Maya Khullar (ed) *Writing the Women's Movement: A Reader*, Zubaan, 2005
4. Nivedita Menon (ed) *Gender and Politics in India*, OUP, 1999
5. Radha Kumar, *A History of Doing*, Kali for Women, 1997

### Suggested Readings

#### Unit 1

1. Anupama Roy, *Gendered Citizenship*, ('The Womanly Vote'), Orient Blackswan, 2005
2. Bina Agarwal, 'The Family in Public Policy', in Maya Khullar (ed) *Writing the Women's Movement: A Reader*, Zubaan, 2005
3. Brinda Bose, *Gender and Censorship*, Women Unlimited, 2006
4. Geraldine Forbes, *Women in Modern India*, OUP, 2008
5. Janaki Nair, *Women and Law in Colonial India*, Kali for Women, 1996
6. Joanna Liddle and Rama Joshi, 'Gender and Imperialism in British India', *EPW*
7. Kameshwari Jandhyala, State Initiatives, *Seminar*, September 2001
8. Kumkum Sangari and Sudesh Vaid (ed) *Recasting Women* (Chapters by Uma Chakravarti – Whatever Happened to the Vedic Dasi, Partha Chatterjee- Nationalist Resolution of the Women's Question), Kali for Women, 1990
9. Leela Kasturi and Vina Mazumdar (ed) *Women and Indian Nationalism*, (Introduction), Vikas Publishing House, 1994
10. Madhu Kishwar, Gandhi on Women, *EPW*, 5 October 1985
11. Rajeshwari Sunder Rajan, *The Scandal of the State*, (Introduction), Permanent Black, 2003
12. Ratna Kaur and Brenda Crossman, 'On Women, Equality and the Constitution' in Nivedita Menon (ed) *Gender and Politics in India*, OUP, 1999

13. Sadhna Arya, 'National Commission for Women, An Overview of its Performance', *EPW*, May 4 2013
14. Sujata Patel, 'Construction and Reconstruction of Woman in Gandhi', *EPW*, 20 February 1988
15. Sumit Sarkar and Tanika Sarkar (ed) *Women and Social Reform* (Introduction),

### Unit II

1. Arvind Narrain, 'The Verma Committee: Alchemizing anger to hope', *Kafila.org*
2. Gail Omvedt, 'Women's Movement: Some ideological Debates' in Maitrayee Chaudhuri (ed) *Feminism in India*, Women Unlimited, 2004
3. Indira Jaising, 'Bringing Rights Home: Review of the Campaign for a Law on Domestic Violence', *EPW*, Oct 31 2009
4. Jayati Ghosh, 'Violence against Women: Economic Reforms and Increasing Insecurities', 29 January 2008 (<http://www.macrosan.org/cur/jan08/cur290108Violence.htm>)
5. Madhu Mehra, 'Taking Stock of the new Anti Rape Law', *Kafila.org*
6. Nivedita Menon, 'Conundrum of Agency in Sexual Violence' January 2014, *Kafila.org*
7. Nivedita Menon, 'Rights, Bodies and Law' in Nivedita Menon (ed) *Gender and Politics in India*, OUP, 1999
8. Radha Kumar, *A History of Doing* (Chapters 6-11), Kali for Women, 1997
9. Srimati Basu, 'The Politics of Giving: Dowry and Inheritance as Feminist Issues' in Basu (ed) *Dowry and Inheritance*, Women Unlimited, 2005
10. Susie Tharu and Tejaswini Niranjana, 'Problems for a Contemporary Theory of Gender' in Nivedita Menon, *Gender and Politics in India*, OUP, 1999
11. V Geetha, 'Periyar, Women and an Ethic of Citizenship' in Anupama Rao (ed) *Gender and Caste*, Women Unlimited, 2003
12. Veena Das, 'Sexual Violence, Discursive Formations and the State', *EPW*, Special Issue, September 1996

### Unit III

1. Bina Agarwal, 'A Field of One's Own' in Srimati Basu (ed) *Dowry and Inheritance*
2. Bina Agarwal, 'Landmark Step to Gender Equality', *The Hindu*, September 25 2005
3. Flavia Agnes, 'Economic Rights of Women in Muslim Law', *EPW*, Oct 12 1992
4. Gopal Guru, 'Dalit Women Talk Differently', *EPW*, Oct 14 1995
5. Janaki Abraham, 'Contingent Caste Endogamy and Patriarchy', *EPW*, Jan 11 2014
6. Meena Dhanda (ed) *Reservations for Women* (Introduction), Women Unlimited, 2008
7. Nida Kirmani, 'Claiming their Space: Muslim Women's Networks and Women's Movement in India', *Journal of International Women's Studies*, Nov 2009.
8. Nivedita Menon, 'Elusive Woman: Feminism and Women's Reservation Bill in Dhanda (ed)
9. Nivedita Menon, 'Uniform Civil Code: The Women's Movement Perspective', *kafila.org*
10. Pratima Pardeshi, 'Ambedkar and women's liberation', *the Dalit*, March-April 2002

11. R. Geetha, 'Panchayat Raj Institution and Women's Reservation' in Dhanda (ed)
12. Rajeshwari Sunder Rajan, 'Women between Community and State' in Rajan (ed) *The Scandal of the State*
13. Sharmila Rege, (ed) *Against the Madness of Manu*(Introduction), Navayana Books, 2013
14. Sharmila Rege, 'Dalit Women talk Differently: A Critique of 'Difference' and towards a Dalit Feminist Standpoint', *EPW*, Oct 31 1998
15. Tanika Sarkar, 'Women, Community and Nation' in Jaffrey and Basu (ed)
16. V. Geetha, 'Of Bodily Love and Hurt' in Mary E John and Janaki Nair (eds) *A Question of Silence: The Sexual Economies of Modern India*, Kali for Women, 1998
17. Zoya Hasan, 'Gender Politics, Legal Reform, and the Muslim Community in India' in Patricia Jaffrey and Amrita Basu (ed) *Appropriating Gender: Women's Activism and Politicized Religion in South Asia*, Routledge, 1998

#### Unit IV

1. Besty Hartmann and Mohan Rao, 'India's Population Programme', *EPW*, Oct 31 2015
2. Bina Agarwal, 'The Gender and Environment Debate' in N.Menon (ed) *Gender and Politics in India*, OUP, 1999
3. Dipta Bhog, 'Gender and Curriculum', *EPW*, April 27 2002
4. Executive Summary of the National Focus Group on Education, NCERT 2005
5. Geeta Nambissan, 'Integrating Gender Concerns', *Seminar*, April 2004
6. Harini Narayan, 'Women's Health, Population Control and Collective Action', *EPW*, February 19, 2011
7. Indrani Mazumdar, Neetha N, 'Gender Dimensions: Employment Trends in India, 1993-94 to 2009-10', *EPW*, 22 October 2011
8. Kalpana Vishwanath, 'Whose Body, Whose Health' *Seminar*, Sept 2001
9. Kalyani Menon-Sen and Kalpana Kannabiran, "Microcredit: Magic Bullet or Poison Pill" in Michele Kelley and Deepika D'Souza (eds) *The World Bank in India*, Orient Blackswan, 2010
10. Leela Kasturi, 'Development, Patriarchy and Politics: Indian Women in the Political Process 1947-92', Occasional Paper, CWDS.
11. Maitrayee Chaudhuri, 'Citizens, Workers and emblems of Culture: An analysis of the First Plan Document on women', *Contributions to Indian Sociology*, 29 (no 1 and 2), 1995
12. Mary E John, 'Gender and Development in India, 1970s-1990s', *EPW*, Nov 23 1996
13. Mary E John, 'Reframing Globalisation: Perspectives from the Women's Movement' *EPW*, March 7 2009
14. Nirmala Banerjee, 'Whatever Happened to the Dreams of Modernity?' *EPW*, April 25, 1998.
15. Nirmala Buch, 'State Welfare Policy and Women, 1950-1975', *EPW*, 25 April 1998
16. Padmini Swaminathan (ed) *Women and Work: Essays from EPW* (Introduction), Orient Blackswan, 2012
17. Saheli Women's Resource Centre, 'Reproductive Rights in the Indian Context' (Also available in Hindi)
18. Sujatha Gothoskar, 'The Plight of Domestic Workers', *EPW*, June 1 2013.

**Option (d) : RIGHTS : IDEAS AND MOVEMENTS**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** The paper introduces the various ways in which the notion of rights has been conceptualized in theory and the debates emerging from the rights-based movements.

**Unit-I**

Notions of Rights : Philosophical foundations, historical developments and normative framework (natural rights, civil rights, democratic rights and human rights).

**Unit-II**

Contextualizing Rights : Debate on universalism and cultural relativism of rights.  
Development debates and human rights.

**Unit-III**

Human Rights Movements : Ideology and social basis of civil liberties and democratic rights movements in India : National Human Rights Commission; International Human Rights Movement – ideology and social basis.

**Unit-IV**

Current Challenges : State and rights of citizens (child, women, rights of victims of repression); community rights (minorities, ethnic groups), rights of migrants, displaced people and refugees.

**Suggested Readings :**

1. Arnold, Christopher, *Ideas and Ideology : Human Rights*, Edward Arnold, 1978.
2. Baviskar, Amita, *In the Belly of the River : Tribal Conflicts Over Development in the Valley*, OUP, Delhi, 1995.
3. Bose, Tapan K. and Rita Manchanda, *States, Citizens and Outsiders : The Uprooted Peoples of South Asia*, *South Asia Forum for Human Rights*, Kathmandu, 1998.
4. Butalia, Urvashi, *The Other Side of Silence : Voices from the Partition of India*, Viking, Delhi, 1998.
5. Claude, Richard Pierce and Burns H. Weston, *Human Rights in the World Community : Issues and Actions*, University of Pennsylvania Press, Philadelphia, 1989.
6. Dubois, M., "The Governance of the Third World : A Foucauldian Perspective on Power Relations in Development", *Alternatives*, 16, 1, Winter, 1991.
7. Freedman, Michael, *Rights, World View*, Delhi, 1998.
8. Gordenker, Leon, *Refugees in International Politics*, Columbia University Press, New York, 1987.
9. Gudwin-Gill, Guy S., *The Refugee in International Law*, Clarendon, Oxford, 1983.
10. Kochler, Hans, "The Concept of the Nation and the Question of Nationalism : The Traditional "Nation State" vs. a Multicultural 'Community State' in Michael Dunne and Tizianno Bonazzi (eds.) *Citizenship and Rights in Multicultural Societies*, Keele University Press, Keele, 1995.
11. Kothari, Smith and Harsh Sethi (ed.), *Rethinking Human Rights, Challenges for Theory and Action*, Lokayan, 1989.
12. Kothari, Smitu, "The Human Rights Movement in India," *Social Action*, January-March, 1990, Pp. 1-15.
13. Kumar, Radha, *Divide and Fall? Bosnia in the Annals of Partition*, Verso, London, 1997.
14. Kymlicka, Will, *Multicultural Citizenship: A Liberal Theory of Minority Rights*, Clarendon, Oxford, 1996.
15. Donnelly, Jack, *The Concept of Human Rights*, Croom Helm, London, 1985.
16. Macfarlane, L. J., *The Theory and Practice of Human Rights*, Maurice Temple Smith, London, 1985.
17. Macpherson, C. B., "Problems of Human Rights in the Twentieth Century in C.B. Macpherson, *The Rise and Fall of Economic Justice*, OUP, Oxford, 1987.
18. Mills, Kurt, *Human Rights in the Emerging Global Order*, Palgrave Macmillan, 1998.
19. Mohanty, Manoranjan, Partha Nath Mukherji with Olle Tornquist (ed.), *People's Rights, Social Movements and the State in the Third World*, Sage, New Delhi, 1998.
20. Mani, S. D. and Lok Raj Baral (eds.), *Refugees and Regional Security in South Asia*, Konark, New Delhi, 1996.
21. Paraguli, P., "Power and Knowledge in Development Discourse : New Social Movements and State in India," *International Social Science Journal*, 127, February, 1991.
22. Ray, Ashwini, "Civil Rights Movement and Social Struggle in India", *Economic and Political Weekly*, Vol. XXI, No. 28, 12 July, 1986.
23. Rentein, Alison Dundes, *International Human Rights : Universalism vs Relativism*, Sage, 1990.
24. Rubin, B., "Civil Liberties Movements in India : New Approaches to the State", *Asian Survey*, Vol. 27, 1987, Pp. 371-92.
25. Singh, Pritam, "Sectarianism and Human Rights Discourse : The Politics of Human Rights in the Post-Colonial Punjab" in Michael R. Anderson and Sumit Guha (eds.), *Changing Concepts of Rights and Justice in South Asia*, OUP, Delhi, 1998.
26. Staunhagen, Rodolfo, *The Ethnic Question : Conflicts, Development and Human Rights*, United Nations University Press, Tokyo, 1990.

27. Steriner, Henry J. and Philip Alston, *International Human Rights in Context : Law, Politics and Morals*, Clarendon Press, Oxford, 1996.
28. Tambiah, Stanley, J., *Levelling Crowds : Ethnonationalist Conflicts and Collective Violence in South Asia*, Vistaar Publications, New Delhi, 1997.
29. UNESCO, *Violation of Human Rights : Possible Rights of Recourse and Forms of Resistance*, 1984.
30. UNHCR, *The State of the World's Refugees – A Humanitarian Agenda*, OUP, Oxford, (Latest edition).
31. Vincent, R. J., (ed.), *Foreign Policy and Human Rights*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1986.
32. Weiner, Myron, *The Global Migration Crisis : Challenge to States and to Human Rights*, Harper Collins, New York, 1995.
33. Wilmer, Frank, *The Indigenous Voice in World Politics : Since Time Immemorial*, Sage, Newbury Park, 1993.
34. Young, Iris, Marion, *Justice and the Politics of Difference*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1990.
35. Zolberg, Aristide R., Astri Suhyke and Sergio Aguayo, *Escape From Violence : Conflict and the Refugee Crisis in the Developing World*, OUP, New York, 1989.

**Option (e) : NATIONALISM : THEORY AND CONTEXT**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

The question paper will include the following instructions for the candidates:

- (a) The first question is compulsory. It contains 15 questions covering the entire syllabus. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 of them, providing answers to each question in about 25 to 30 words. Each question carries 2 marks.
- (b) The remaining question paper consists of 4 units. Each unit carries two questions. The candidates are required to answer one question from each Unit. Each question carries 15 marks.

**OBJECTIVES:-**This paper examines various theories of nationalism by placing them in the context of their origin. In the process, it examines the concept of nation, its relationship with other identities and new challenges it faces in the age of globalization.

**UNIT-I**

Nation, State and Nation-State: Conceptual Distinctions and Interrelationships.  
Origins and Development of Nationalism: European and non-European contexts.  
Various forms of nationalism.

**UNIT-II**

Primordialist theories of nationalism: socio-biological approach ( Pierre van den Berghe); culturalist approach (Edward Shils and Clifford Geertz); perennialism (Adrian Hastings).Ethnosymbolist theories: (John Armstrong, Anthony D. Smith).



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Modernist theories: nationalism as politics ( JohnBreuilly, Paul R. Brass, Erich Hobsbawm); nationalism as social transformation (Ernest Gellner, Benedict Anderson).

### UNIT-III

Marxist approach (Marx, Lenin, Rosa Luxemburg, Otto Bauer). Neo-Marxist approaches (tom Nairn, Michael Hector).

Feminist approach (Nira Yuval-Davis).

### UNIT-IV

Postcolonial theory (ParthaChatterjee).

Nationalism and Globalisation

### ESSENTIAL READINGS

1. Hutchinson, J. and A.D. Smith (eds.), *Nationalism*, OUP, Oxford, 1994.
2. Ozkirimli, Umut, *Theories Of Nationalism: A Critical Introduction* (second edition), Palgrave Macmillan, New York, 2010.

### SUGGESTED READINGS

1. Alter, P., *Nationalism*, Edward Arnold, London, 1989.
2. Anderson, Benedict, *Imagined Communities: Reflection on the Origins and Spread of Nationalism*, Verso, London, 1991.
3. Anthias, Floya and Nira Yuval-Divas, *Women and the Nation-State*, Macmillan, London, 1989.
4. Balibar, Etienne and Immanuel Wallerstein, *Race, Nation, Class: Ambiguous Identities*, Verso, London, 1991.
5. Chatterjee, Partha, *The Nation and its Fragments*, Oxford University Press, 1994.
6. Connor, Walker, *The National Question in Marxist-Leninist Theory and Strategy*, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 1994.
7. Featherstone, Mike (ed.), *Global Culture: Nationalism, Globalization and Modernity*, Sage, London, 1990.
8. Gellner, Ernest, *Nations and Nationalism*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1983.
9. Hechter, Michael, *Internal Colonialism: The Celtic Fringe in British National Development, 1536-1966*, Routledge and Kegan Paul, London, 1975.
10. Hobsbawm, E.J., *Nations and Nationalism since 1780, Programme, Myth and Reality*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1990.
11. Ignatieff, Michael, *Blood and Belonging, Journeys into Nationalism*, BBC Books and Chatto and Windus, London, 1993.
12. Jayawardena, K., *Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World*, New Delhi, 1986.
13. McGraw, A.G. et al (ed.), *Global Politics :Globalization and the Nation-State*, Polity, Oxford, 1992.
14. Nairn, Tom, *The Break-up of Britain: Crisis and Neo-Nationalism*, New Left Books, London, 1977.
15. Smith, Anthony, D., *The Ethnic Origins of Nations*, Blackwell, Oxford, 1986.
16. Smith, Anthony, D., *Theories of Nationalism*, Duckworth, London, 1971
17. Tiech, Mikulas and Roy Porter (eds.), *The National Question in Europe in Historical Context*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1993

**Option (f): NEW POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY IN COMPARATIVE PERSPECTIVE**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** Political Geography is concerned with the reciprocal impact of spatial patterns, features and structures, and political ideas, institutions. Above all, it focuses on the twin ideas of territory and territoriality. This course is based on the premise that with the Post-World War era coming to a decisive end, a new political geography—one offering fresh perspectives on the relationship between geography and politics—is in the making. Such a political geography recognizes that spatial patterns of political processes are not confined only to national boundaries. The nation-state is a part of a globalizing world, and the resultant geopolitical map contains nested regions with overlapping boundaries. It is equally important to examine the geopolitical economy of so-called ‘resource wars’, that is armed conflicts revolving to a significant degree over the pursuit or possession of critical materials. The course will draw upon a number of case studies from different parts of the globe (especially Afro-Asia, Polar Regions and the Indian Ocean region) to enable students develop a better understanding of the politics of space and spaces of politics.

**Unit-I**

Understanding Key Concepts : Power, Territory/Territoriality, Space and Spatiality.  
Globalization and Regionalization : Integration and Fragmentation.

**Unit-II**

Territory and the Power of Ethnic Nationalism. The Geopolitics of ‘Resource Wars’.

**Unit-III**

Environmental Geopolitics and Sustainability (with special reference to the polar regions).  
International Migration, Refugee Flows and Diasporas.

**Unit-IV**

New States and the Geopolitical Transition (with special reference to Central Asian Republics).  
Changing nature and role of international boundaries and border regions.

**Suggested Readings**

1. David Slater, "Geopolitical Imaginations Across the North-South Divide : Issues of Difference, Development and Power," *Political Geography* 16 (8), November 1997 : 631-654.
2. Ghazi Flah, "The Spatial Manifestation of Threat : Israelis and Palestinian Seek a 'Good' Border," *Political Geography*, 1995, 14 (8) : 689-706.
3. Ian Bremmer and Ray Taras (eds.), *New States, New Politics : Building the Post-Soviet Nations*, Cambridge : Cambridge University Press, 1997.
4. Leif Ohlsson (ed.), *Hydropolitics : Conflicts Over Water as a Development Constraint*, Dhaka University Press Limited, 1996.
5. Linda Weiss, *The Myth of the Powerless State : Governing the Economy in a Global Era*, Cambridge : Polity Press, 1998.
6. Malcolm Anderson, *Frontiers : Territory and State Formation in the Modern World*, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1996.
7. Mekonnen Tesfahuney, "Mobility, Racism and Geopolitics", *Political Geography*, 1998, 17 (5), 499-515.
8. Ramesh Dutta Dikshit, *Development in Political Geography : A Century of Progress*, New Delhi : Sage, 1997.
9. Robert Bennett and Robert Estall (eds.), *Global Change and Challenge : Geography for the 1990s*, London, New York : Routledge, 1991.
10. Sanjay Chaturvedi, *The Polar Regions : A Political Geography*, Chichester : John Wiley & Sons, 1996.
11. Sarah A. Radcliff, "Frontiers and Popular Nationhood : Geographies of Identity in the 1995 Ecuador-Peru-Border Dispute," *Political Geography*, 1998, 17 (3) : 273-293.
12. Stanley D. Brunn & Thomas R. Leinbach (eds.), *Collapsing Space & Time : Geographical Aspects of Communication & Information*, London : Harper Collins Academic, 1991.
13. Tapan K. Bose and Rita Manchanda, *State, Citizens and Outsiders : The Uprooted Peoples of South Asia*, Kathmandu : South Asia Forum for Human Rights, 1997.
14. Vladimir Kolossov and Andrei Treivish, "The Political Geography of European Minorities : Past and Future", *Political Geography*, 1998 : 17 (5) : 517-534.
15. Rajat Ganguli, *Kin State Intervention in Ethnic Conflicts : Lessons from South Asia*, New Delhi : Sage Publications, 1998.
16. Feroz Ahmed, *Ethnicity and Politics in Pakistan*, Karachi : Oxford University Press, 1998.
17. Ramachandra Guha and Juan Martinez-Alier, *Varieties of Environmentalism : Essays North-South*, Delhi : Oxford University Press, 1997.
18. Stephen Castles & Mark J. Miller, *The Age of Migration : International Population Movements in the Modern World*, Houndmills, MacMillan, 1998 (Second Edition)
19. Agnew, J., *Making Political Geography*, London: Arnold, 2002.

- 20 Blackwell, M., *Political Geography*, London : Routledge, 2002.
- 21 Cox, K.R., *Political Geography: Territory, State and Society*, Oxford : Blackwell, 2002.
- 22 Dodds, K., *Geopolitics in a Changing World*, Harlow : Pearson Education, 2000.
- 23 Glassner, M. and Fahrer, C., *Political Geography*, Chichester : John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
- 24 Jones, M., *An Introduction to Political Geography*, London : Routledge, 2004.
- 25 Loughlin, John O. *Dictionary of Geopolitics*, Westport : Greenwood Press.
- 26 Painter, J., *Politics, Geography and 'Political Geography'*, London : Arnold, 1995.
- 27 Tuathail, G.O., Dalby, S. and Routledge, P., *The Geopolitics Reader*, London : Routledge, 2007.
- 28 Rumley, D. and Chaturvedi, S., *Energy Security and the Indian Ocean Region*, New Delhi : South Asian Publishers, 2005.

### ***Journals***

*Political Geography.*

*Progress in Human Geography.*

*Geopolitics\** A Frank Cass Journal, (see in particular *Special Issue* on "The Geopolitics of Resource Wars", Volume 9, number 1, Spring 2004 : Special Issue on "Boundaries, Territory and Postmodernity, Volume 3, Number 1, Summer 1998).

\*Note : This journal is also available online at Panjab University library website.

### **Option (g) : POLICIES AND POLITICS OF DEVELOPMENT IN INDIA INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper familiarises students with the various trajectories of the Indian development experience and their interaction with politics since independence.

**Unit-I**

The Colonial Experience.  
National Movement : Debates on Development.  
Planning and its precursors.

**Unit-II**

Agriculture and the Institutional  
Strategy.Politics of land reforms.  
New Agricultural Policy.  
Green Revolution and the Rise of agrarian power/capitalism.

**Unit-III**

Politics of Industrial Policy.  
State and Business : Labour, Import Substitution and Nationalisation.  
Politics of business groups.

**Unit-IV**

Economic Reforms : Background, Scope and Content.  
Political Economy of Reforms.  
Economic Reforms, Democracy and Electoral Politics.

**Readings**

1. Amit Bhaduri and Deepak Nayar, *The Intelligent Person's Guide to Liberalisation* (New Delhi : Penguin, 1996).
2. Ashutosh Varshney, *Democracy, Development and the Countryside : Urban-Rural Struggles in India*, (Cambridge : Cambridge University Press, 1995).
3. Atul Kohli, 'Politics of Economic Liberalisation in India', *World Development* 17(3), 1989 : 305-28.
4. Atul Kohli, The Politics of Economic Growth in India, 1980-2005: Part I-1980s, *Economic and Political Weekly* XLI (13) April 1, 2006 :1251-68.
5. Atul Kohli, The Politics of Economic Growth in India, 1980-2005 : Part II- The 1990s and Beyond, *Economic and Political Weekly* XLI (14) April 8, 2006 :1361-70.
6. Atul Kohli, *The State and Poverty in India : The Politics of Reform* (Cambridge : Cambridge University Press, 1987).
7. Baldev Raj Nayar, *Globalisation and Nationalism : The Changing Balance in India's Economic Policy, 1950-2000* (New Delhi: Sage, 2001).
8. Baldev Raj Nayar, *India's Mixed Economy : The Role of Ideology and Interest in its Development* (Bombay : Popular Prakashan, 1989).
9. Baldev Raj Nayar, "Policy and Performance under Democratic Coalitions : India's United Front Government and Economic Reforms, 1996-98", *Journal of Commonwealth and Comparative Politics*, 37(2) July 1999 : 22-56.
10. Bimal Jalan (ed.), *Indian Economy : Problems and Prospects*, (New Delhi : Oxford, 1993).

11. Bipan Chandra, *The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*.
12. Deepak Naayar, 'Economic Development and Political Democracy : Interaction of Economics and Politics in Independent India', *Economic and Political Weekly* 39(21) : 2079-31.
13. Dige Jorgen Pedersen, 'Explaining Economic Liberalisation in India : State and Society Perspectives', *World Development*, 28(2) 2000 : 265–82.
14. Donald Horowitz, 'Is there a third-world policy process', *Policy Sciences*, 22, 1989 : 197–212.
15. E. Sridharan, "Economic Liberalisation and India's Political Economy : Towards a Paradigm Synthesis", *Journal of Commonwealth and Comparative Politics*, 31(3), November, 1993.
16. Francine R. Frankel, *India's Political Economy : The Gradual Revolution 1947-2004*, (New Delhi : Oxford, 2005) 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
17. G. Thimmaiah, 'The Political Economy of Populist Programmes', *Journal of Indian School of Political Economy*, 8(1),1996 : 40–63.
18. Ian Little and Vijay Joshi (eds.), *India's Economic Reforms, 1964-91*, (Delhi : Oxford, 1998).
19. Isher Judge Ahluwalia, *Industrial Growth in India : Stagnation since the Mid-Sixties* (Delhi : Oxford, 1985).
20. Jagdish Bhagwati, *India in Transition : Freeing the Economy*, (New Delhi : Oxford, 1993).
21. Jeffrey D. Sachs, Ashutosh Varshney and Nirupam Bajpai (eds.) *India in the Era of Economic Reforms* (New Delhi : Oxford, 1999).
22. Jos Mooij (ed.), *The Politics of Economic Reforms in India* (New Delhi : Sage, 2005).
23. Lawrence Saez, *Federalism without a Centre : The Impact of Political and Economic Reform on India's Federal System* (New Delhi : Sage, 2002).
24. Lloyd Rudolph and Susanne Rudolph, *In Pursuit of Lakshmi : The Political Economy of the Indian State* (Chicago : Chicago University Press, 1987).
25. Mark Robinson and Gordon White (ed.), *Democratic Developmental State* (Delhi, 1998).
26. Niraja Gopal Jayal and Sudha Pai (eds.), *Democratic Governance in India: Challenges of Poverty, Development and Identity* (New Delhi : Sage, 2001).
27. Pradeep Chhibber, 'Political Parties, Electoral Competition, Government Expenditures and Economic Reforms in India', *Journal of Development Studies*, 32(1), 1995 : 74–96.
28. Pranab, Bardhan, *The Political Economy of Development in India* (expanded edition with an epilogue on the Political Economy of Reform in India) (New Delhi, Oxford, 1998).
29. Rob Jenkins, *Democratic Politics and Economic Reform in India* (Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 1999).

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (SEMESTER SYSTEM) SYLLABUS

30. Robert Cassen and Vijay Joshi (eds.), *India : The Future of Economic Reforms* (New Delhi : Oxford, 1995).
31. Robert Wade, 'The Market for Public Office : Why the Indian State is not Better at Development', *World Development*, 13(4), 1985 : 467–97.
32. Sanjay Kumar, 'Impact of Economic Reforms on Indian Electorate', *Economic and Political Weekly* 39(16): 1621-30.
33. Stanley Kochanek, 'Liberalisation and Business Lobbying in India', *Journal of Commonwealth and Comparative Politics* 34(3), 1996: 155–73.
34. Stanley Kochanek, 'The Transformation of Interest Politics in India', *Pacific Affairs*, 68 (4), 1996 : 529–50.
35. Stanley Kochanek, *Business and Politics in India* (Berkeley : University of California Press, 1974).
36. Stuart Corbridge and John Harris, *Reinventing India : Liberalisation, Hindu Nationalism and Popular Democracy* (New Delhi : Oxford, 2003) 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
37. Sukhamoy Chakravarty, *Development Planning : The Indian Experience* (New Delhi : Oxford, 1987).
38. Terence J. Byres (ed.), *The Indian Economy : Major Debates Since Independence* (New Delhi: Oxford, 1998).
39. Terence J. Byres (ed.), *The State, Development Planning and Liberalisation in India* (New Delhi : Oxford, 1997).
40. Vanita Shastri, 'The Politics of Economic Liberalization in India', *Contemporary South Asia*, 6(1), 1997 : 27–56.
41. Vivek Chibber :*Locked in Place : State Building and Late Industrialisation in India*, (New Delhi : Tulika, 2004).

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**Course XII: Option (h) : PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper will introduce students to different aspects of public administration with special reference to India.

**UNIT-I**

Development of Public Administration as a discipline – Basic concepts of administration – Nature and Scope – private and public administration – control over Administration, Executive, Legislative, Judiciary.

**UNIT-II**

Principles of Organization : Line & Staff Agencies  
Type of Organization : Formal & Informal  
Forms of Organization, Departmental, Public Corporation and Board.

**UNIT-III**

Personnel Administration, Bureaucracy and Civil Service, Recruitment, Promotion, Training and Civil Service Neutrality.

Financial Administration : Importance of Fiscal Management Budgetary Process in India. The Finance Ministry, Organization and Functions, Budgetary Control – Financial Committees of Parliament – Public Account Committee and Estimate Committee – Audit in India, Comptroller and Auditor General.

**UNIT-IV**

Administration Law, Delegated Legislation : Need for Delegation, Delegated Legislation in India; Parliamentary Control of Delegated Legislation.

Administration Tribunals : Emergence and significance of Administrative Tribunals, Judiciary and Administrative Tribunals.

Administrative Improvement and Reforms; Lok Pal and Lok Ayukta.



**Books Recommended :**

1. M. P. Sharma & B.L. Sadana : *Public Administration in Theory and Practice*, Kitab Mahal, 2004.
2. C.P. Bhambari : *Administration in Changing Society*, National, 1978.
3. C.P. Bhambari : *Public Administration (Theory and Practice)*, J.P.Nath & Co., 1972.
4. A. Avasthi and S. Maheshwari : *Public Administration*, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, 1966.
5. Ramesh K. Arora : *Comparative Public Administration : An Ecological Perspective*, Associate Publishing House, 1972.
6. R.S. Milne : *Concepts and Models in Public Administration*, IIPA, 1966.
7. Chester Barnard : *The Functions of the Executive*, Cambridge, 1928.
8. J.S. Bhalla : *Public Enterprise in the U.K., U.S.A., and India*, 1969.
9. Lee, Hahn Been and Samonte, Abelardo G. (eds) : *Administration Reforms in Asia*, EROPA, 1970, See Particularly J.N. Khosla “ Administration Reforms in Asia”, pp 270-286.
10. Pfiffner & Sherwood : *Administrative Organisation*, Prentice-Hall, 1968.
11. Amitai Etzioni : *Modern Organisation*, Prentice Hall, 1972.
12. Edwin B. Flippo : *Principles of Personnel Management (Fourth Edition)*, McGraw-Hill, Kogakusha Ltd., 1976.
13. HPA : *Personnel Administration-Implementing the Reforms*, IIPA, 1967.
14. Administrative Reforms Commission Report on Personnel Administration (New Delhi : 2010)
15. C.P. Bhambari : *Public Administration (Theory and Practice (Meerut : Educational Published 21th edition 2010)*
16. Mohit Bhattacharya : *Public Administration (Calcutta : World Press, 2000)*
17. S. L. Kaushik and Pardeep Sahni (eds.) : *Public Administration in India : Emerging Trends (Allahabad : Kitab Mehal, 2007)*
18. William A. Niskanen : *Bureaucracy and Representative Government (Chicago: Atherton, 2007)*

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## FOURTH SEMESTER

### Course XIII : INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT-II (Compulsory)

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** The paper introduces the major themes of Indian Political Thought particularly during the Indian National Movement through a study of the contribution of key thinkers during this period.

#### Unit-I

- M.K. Gandhi : Politics of Non-violence.
- Satyagraha and Swaraj.
- Sarvodaya.

#### Unit-II

- Challenging Brahminical Discourse : B.R. Ambedkar.
- Critique of Brahminical Hinduism.
- Class, Caste and Democracy.

#### Unit-III

- Politics and Philosophy of M. N. Roy: Theory of Radical Humanism, Roy-Lenin Controversy.
- The Ideology of Communist Movement in India.

#### Unit-IV

- Indian Socialist Tradition : Jawaharlal Nehru, R.M. Lohia and Jayprakash Narayan.

### Essential Readings

1. Appadorai, A., *Indian Political Thinking in the Twentieth Century : From Naoroji to Nehru* (London, OUP,1971).
2. Bali, D.R., *Modern Indian Thought* (New Delhi, Sterling, 1980).
3. Baxi Upendra& Parekh, B. (eds.), *Crisis and Change in Contemporary India* (New Delhi, Sage, 1995). Doctor, A.H., *Political Thinkers of Modern India* (New Delhi, Mittal, 1997).
4. Brown, D.M., *Nationalist Movement : Indian Political Thought from Ranade to Bhave* (Berkeley : University of California Press, 1965).
5. Pantham, Thomas and Deutsch, K.L. (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India* (New Delhi, Sage, 1986).
6. Pantham, Thomas, *Political Theories and Social Reconstruction* (New Delhi, Sage, 1995).
7. Parekh, B. and Pantham, Thomas (eds.), *Political Discourse: Exploration in Indian and Western Political*
8. Parel, Anthony J. & Keith Ronald C. (eds.), *Contemporary Political Philosophy* (New Delhi, Sage, 1992). Vanna, V.P., *Modern Indian Political Thought* (Agra : Lakshami Narain, 1996), 11<sup>th</sup> Revised Edition. *Thought* (New Delhi, Sage, 1987).

### Specific Readings

1. Arooran, A. N., *Tamil Renaissance and Dravidian Nationalism, 1905-44* (Madurai : Koodal, 1980).
2. Chandra, Bipan (ed.), *The Indian Left : Critical Appraisal* (New Delhi, Vikas, 1983).
3. Chatterjee, Partha, *Nationalist Thought and The Colonial World* (Delhi : OUP, 1986).
4. Chatterji, Bhola, *Conflict in J. P. 's Politics*(New Delhi : Ankur, 1984).
5. Dalton, Dennis, "The Ideology of Sarvodaya" in *Pantham and Deutsch*, 1986.
6. Das, M. N., *Political Philosophy of Nehru* (London : George Allen and Unwin, 1961).
7. Dasgupta, Biplab, *The Naxalite Movement* (Bombay, Allied, 1974).
8. Doctor, Adi H., "Low Caste Protest Movements in 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> Century Maharashtra : A Study of Jyotirao Phule and B. R. Ambedkar," *Indian Journal of Social Science*, IV (2), April-June, 1991.
9. Gard, R.A., *Buddhist Political Thought : A Bibliography* (Washington : School of Advanced International Studies, 1952).
10. Ghatak, B.K. (ed.), *Dr. Ambedkar's Thought* (New Delhi : APH, 1997).
11. Ghose, Shankar, *Socialism and Communism in India* (Bombay, Allied, 1971).
12. Guha, Ranjit, "Dominance Without Hegemony and its Historiography" in Guha (ed.), *Subaltern Studies VI* (Delhi : OUP, 1989).
13. Gupta, S. D., *Comintern, India and the Colonial Question* (Calcutta : K. P. Bagichi, 1980).
14. Haiiah, Kancha, "Towards the Dalitization of the Nation in Partha Chatterjee" (ed.), *Wages of Freedom* (Delhi : OUP, 1988).
15. Irschik, F., *Politics and Social Conflict in South Asia : The Non-Brahmin Movement and Tamil Separatism, 1916-29* (Berkeley : University of California Press, 1969).
16. Iyer, Raghavan, *The Moral and Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi* (Delhi : OUP, 1973).
17. Jatava, D. R., *The Political Philosophy of B. R. Ambedkar* (Agra Phoenix, 1965).
18. Josh, Bhagwan, *Struggle for Hegemony in India, 1920-1947*, Vol., II : 1934-41 (New Delhi : Sage, 1992).

19. Juergensmeyer, Mark, "Shoring up the Saint : Some Suggestions for Improving Satyagraha" in John, Hick and Lamont, C. Hempel (eds.), *Gandhi's Significance for Today* (London : Macmillan, 1989).
20. Kantowski, D., *Sarvodaya : The Other Development* (New Delhi : Vikas, 1980).
21. Kaviraj, Sudipta, "The Heteronomous Radicalism of M. N. Roy" in *Pantham and Deutsch*, 1986.
22. Keer, Dhanajayay, *Dr. Ambedkar : Life and Mission* (Bombay : Popular Prakashan, 1964).
23. Martyshin, Orest, *Jawaharlal Nehru and His Political Views* (Moscow : Progress, 1989).
24. Mehrotra, N. C., *Lohia : A Study* (Delhi : Atma Ram and Sons, 1978).
25. Mohanty, Manoranjan, "Ideology and Strategy of the Communist Movement in India" in *Pantham and Deutsch*, 1986.
26. Mukherjee, Partha N., "Sarvodaya After Gandhi" in Ramashray Roy (ed.), *Contemporary Crisis in Gandhi* (Delhi : Discovery, 1986).
27. Nagaraj, D. R., "A Tibetan Dog, The Silent Sadhus and Peasants of Champaran Notes on Violence, Non-Violence and Counter-Violence in Gandhi" in Ramashray Roy (ed.), *Gandhi and the Present Global Crisis* (Shimla : IAS, 1996).
28. Nandy, Ashis, "From Outside the Imperium : Gandhi's Cultural Critique of the West" in *Roy*, 1986.
29. O'Hanlon, Rosalind, *Caste, Conflict and Ideology : Mahatma Jotirao Phule and Low Caste Protest in Nineteenth Century Western India* (London : Cambridge, University Press, 1985).
30. Omvedt Gail, *Dalits and the Democratic Revolution : Dr. Ambedkar and the Dalit Movement in Colonial India* (Delhi : Sage, 1994).
31. Omvedt, Gail, *Cultural Revolution in a Colonial Society : The Non-Brahman Movement in Western India 1873 to 1940* (Bombay : SSET, 1976).
32. Omvedt, Gail, *Dalit Visions* (New Delhi : Orient Longman, 1995).
33. Ostergaard, Geoffrey, "The Gandhian Movement in India since the Death of Gandhi" in *Hick and Hempel*, 1989.
34. Overstree, G. D. and Marshall Windmiller, *Communism in India* (Bombay, Perennial Press, 1969).
35. Pantham Thomas, "Understanding Nehru's Political Ideology" in Amal Ray (et. al.) (eds.), *The Nehru Legacy : An Appraiser* (Delhi : Oxford and IBH, 1991).
36. Pantham, Thomas, "Gandhi's Quest for Non-Violent Political Philosophy" in L. Rouner (ed.), *Celebrating Peace* (Notre Dame, University of Notre Dame Press, 1991).
37. Pantham, Thomas, "Gandhi's Theory of Non-Violence : His Reply to the Terrorist" in Neol O'Sullivan (ed.), *The Theory and Practice of Terrorism* (Sussex, 1986).
38. Pantham, Thomas, "Habermas's Practical Discourse and Gandhi's Satyagraha" in *Parekh and Pantham*, 1987.
39. Pantham, Thomas, "Postrelativism in Emancipatory Thought : The Significance of Gandhi's Swaraj and Satyagraha", in Sheth, D.L. and Nandy, Ashis (eds.), *The Multiverse of Democracy* (Delhi : OUP, 1997).
40. Pantham, Thomas, Parekh, Bhikhu, *Gandhi's Political Philosophy* (London, Macmillan, 1989).
41. Pillai, R. C., "The Political Thought of Jawaharlal Nehru" in *Pantham and Duetsch*, 1986.
42. Prasad, Bimal, *Jayprakash Narayan : Quest and Legacy* (New Delhi, Vikas, 1982).
43. Prasad, N. (ed.), *J. P. and Social Change* (Delhi, Radiant, 1982).
44. Prasad, R. A., *Socialist Thought in Modern India* (Delhi : Meenakshi, 1974).

45. Ram, Mohan, *Indian Communism : Split Within a Split*, (New Delhi : Vikas, 1969).
46. Rao, K. Raghavendra, "Communication Against Communication : The Gandhian Critique of Modern Civilization in Hind Swaraj" in *Parekh and Pantham, 1987*.
47. Ray, Sibnarayan (ed.), *M. N. Roy : Philosopher Revolutionary* (Delhi, Ajanta, 1995).
48. Roy, M. N., *New Humanism* (Calcutta : Renaissance, 1953).
49. Roy, Samaren, *M. N. Roy : A Political Biography* (Hyderabad : Orient Longman, 1997).
50. Seth, Sanjay, *Marxist Theory and Nationalist Politics : The Ease of Colonial India* (New Delhi : Sage, 1995).
51. Sinha, L. P., *The Left Wing in India* (Muzaffarpur, New Publishers, 1965).
52. Srinivasan, R., "The Ideological Genesis of the Dravidian Movement", *Indo-British Review*, January-June, 1987.
53. Srivastava, R.K., "Sarvodaya; Vision and Reality" in Roy, 1986.
54. *The Philosophy and Practice of Radical Humanism* (New Delhi : Radical Humanist Association, 1970).
55. Yopad Tata, P.C., "A Celebration of the Gandhian Alternative", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 2<sup>nd</sup> December, 1989.
56. Zelliott, Eleanor, "The Social and Political Thought of B. R. Ambedkar" in *Pantham and Deutsch*, 1986.

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**Course XIV: FOREIGN POLICY OF INDIA (Compulsory)**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** The course tries to underline the changes, which the shifting nature of world order has induced into the more enduring elements and themes of Indian foreign policy. At the same time, India's growing assertion on the world stage as an important international actor is assessed in the light of its role in various global regimes.

**Unit –I: Making of Indian Foreign Policy**

1. Legacies and Actors
2. Principal Phases of Indian Foreign Policy
3. Transition from Nehruvianism to Neoliberalism

**Unit-II: India's Economic Foreign Policy**

4. Global Setting: IMF, WB, and WTO
5. Regional Setting: SAARC and Beyond

**Unit–III: India's Strategic Foreign Policy**

6. India's Strategic concerns at global and regional level
7. India's Nuclear Policy

**Unit-IV: India's Environmental Policy:**

8. Climate Change
9. Energy Security

**Essential Readings**

1. C Raja Mohan ,*Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's Foreign Policy* (Palgrave, Macmillan, 2004).
2. A. Appadorai and M. S. Rajan, *India's Foreign Policy and Relations* (South Asian Publishers, 1988).
3. Achin Vanaik, *India in a Changing World* (Orient Longman, 1995).
4. C. Raja Mohan, *Modi's World: Expanding India's Sphere of Influence* (Harper Collins, 2015).
5. David Malone, C. Rajamohan, Srinath Raghavan (Eds.), *The Oxford Handbook of Indian Foreign Policy* (Oxford Handbooks 2015).
6. Imtiaz Ahmed (ed.), *Indian Foreign Policy*(Delhi , Vikas Publishing House, 1993).
7. J. N. Dixit, *Makers of Indian Foreign Policy: From Raja Ram Mohan Roy to Yashwant Sinha*, 2003. (New Delhi: Harper Collins, 2003)
8. J.N. Dixit, *Indian Foreign Policy, 1947-2003* (New Delhi, D. K. Publications, 2003).
9. Kanti Bajpai and Harish V. Pant (eds.), *India's Foreign Policy: A Reader* (Oxford University Press, 2013)
10. Kanti Bajpai, *India and the world*, in Nirja Gopal Jayal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds.), *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, OUP, 2010.
11. Kanti P. Bajpai and Amitabh Mattoo eds., *Securing India: Strategic Thought and Practice*, (New Delhi, Manohar Publishers, 1996).
12. Muchkund Dubey, *India's Foreign Policy: Coping with the Changing World* (Pearson, 2012)
13. R. S. Yadav, *Bhartiya Videsh Niti* (Hindi Edition).
14. Sumit Ganguly, *Indian Foreign Policy* (Oxford India Short Introductions Series, 2015).
15. Sunil Khilnani, Rajiv Kumar, Pratap Bhanu Mehta et al, *NONALIGNMENT 2.0: A Foreign and Strategic Policy for India in the Twenty First Century*, New Delhi, 2012
16. Sunil Khilnani, Rajiv Kumar, Pratap Bhanu Mehta et al, *NONALIGNMENT 2.0: A Foreign and Strategic Policy for India in the Twenty First Century*, New Delhi, 2012
17. V. P. Dutt, *India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi, Vikas, 1984).

**Suggested Readings**

1. A. Kapur and A. J. Wilson, *The Foreign Policy of India and her Neighbours*, (Basingstoke: Macmillan, 1996).
2. A.P. Rana, *The Imperatives of Non-Alignment: A Conceptual Study of India's Foreign Policy Strategy in the Nehru Period*, (Macmillan, 1976).

3. Bimal Prasad (ed.), *Indian Foreign Policy* (New Delhi, Vikas).
4. C. Raja Mohan, *Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's Foreign Policy* (Palgrave, Macmillan, 2004).
5. Harish Kapur, *India's Foreign Policy, 1947-1992: Shadows and Substance* (New Delhi, Sage, 1994).
6. Iqbal Singh, *Between Two Fires: Towards an Understanding of Nehru's Foreign policy*, (Hyderabad: Orient Longman, 1998).
7. Itty Abraham, *The Making of the Indian Atomic Bomb, Science, Secrecy and the Postcolonial State*, (Zed Books, 1998).
8. J. N. Dixit, *Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbours* (New Delhi, Gyan Books, 2001).
9. J.N. Dixit, *Across Borders: Fifty Years of India's Foreign Policy* (New Delhi, Picus Books, 1998).
10. J.N. Dixit, *My South Block Years: Memoirs of a Foreign Secretary*, (New Delhi, UBSPD), 1996.
11. K. Subrahmanyam, "Nehru and the India-China Conflict of 1962", in *Indian Foreign Policy: The Nehru Years*, ed. B.R. Nanda, (New Delhi, Vikas, 1976).
12. Lalit Mansingh et al. (eds), *Indian Foreign policy: Agenda for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century* (New Delhi: Konark Publishers, 1997).
13. M. S. Rajan, *India and International Affairs: A Collection of Essays* (New Delhi, Lancers Books, 1999).
14. M.J. Akbar, *Nehru: The Making of India*, (London, Penguin Books, 1988).
15. N. Jayapalan, *Foreign Policy of India* (Delhi, Atlantic, 2001).
16. Robert Gilpin, *War and Change in World Politics* (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1981).
17. Robert W. Bradnock, *India's Foreign Policy Since 1971*. (London, Pinter Publishers, 1990).
18. Ronald, Inden, *Imaging India* (Cambridge, MA, Blackwell, 1992).
19. Samuel P. Huntington, *The Clash of Civilizations and the Remaking of World Order* (New York, Simon and Schuster, 1996).
20. Stepehn D. Krasner, *Structural Conflicts: The Third World Against Global Liberation* (Berkeley, University of California Press, 1985).
21. Sumit Ganguly, *Indian Defence Policy*, in Nirja Gopal Jayal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta (eds.), *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, OUP, 2010.
22. Surjit Mansingh, *India's Search for Power, Indira Gandhi's Foreign Policy, 1966-1982* (Delhi, Sage, 1984.)
23. V. P. Dutt, *India's Foreign in a Changing World* (New Delhi, Vikas, 1999).



**Course XV :** *The candidates are required to offer any one of the following courses :*

**Option (a) : PARTIES AND ELECTORAL POLITICS IN INDIA**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** It helps the students to understand the evolution and transformation of political parties in India. It also analyses different issues that impinge on party politics and challenges posed by parties and party system to Indian democracy.

#### **Unit-I**

***Political Parties and Party Politics in Contemporary India:***

- A political, sociological and economic analysis.
- Federalism, regionalism and political parties.
- Party system in transition.

#### **Unit-II**

***National Political Parties :***

- Ideology and Development.
- Social bases and leadership patterns.
- Electoral performance.

#### **Unit-III**

***Regional and State Parties :***

- Origin and Development.
- Social bases and leadership patterns.
- Electoral performance.

#### **Unit-IV**

***Electoral Politics in India:***

- Role of Social cleavages and elections.
- Electoral reforms and the Electoral process.
- New Social Movements, NGOs and their impact on political parties.

**Selected Readings**

1. Chatterjee, Partha (Ed.), *State and Politics in India*, OUP, 1999.
2. Hasan, Zoya, (Ed.), *Parties and Party Politics in India*, New Delhi, Oxford, 2001.
3. Mehra, Ajay Kumar, D.D. Khanna and Gert W. Kueck (Ed.) , *Political Parties and Party Systems*, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2003.
4. Mitra, Subrata K. and V.B. Singh, *Democracy and Social Change in India : A Cross Sectional Analysis of the National Electorate*, Sage, 1999.
5. Kohli, Atul, *Centralization and Powerlessness : India's Democracy in a Comprehensive Perspective* in Migdal, Joe, Atul Kohli and Vivenne Shue (Eds.) , *State Power and Social Forces*, Cambridge University Press, 1994.
6. Roy, Ramashray and Paul Wallace (Eds.), *India's 1999, Elections and 20<sup>th</sup> Century Politics*, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.
7. Vora, Rajendra and Suhas Palshikar (Eds.), *Indian Democracy*, Sage, New Delhi, 2003.

**Option (b) : STATE POLITICS IN INDIA**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective of the Course:** There is much recognition and appreciation of the regional states to be viewed as important political and economic units for developing a theoretical framework for analysing politics and economy undergoing a transition in recent India. The regional states are being considered as critical to the understanding of the issues pertaining to emergent national politics and economy. This course aims to explore the multiple dimensions of state as well as sub-state level politics in India in a comparative perspective.

**Unit -I**

**A Theory of State Politics in India**

- a. Rise of State Politics as an Autonomous Discipline: Survey of Literature
- b. Beyond Nation-State: Framing Regional Politics in India

**Unit-II**

***Language, Region and Federal Polity***

- a. Reorganization of States in Independent India: 1953-1999
- b. Recent Demands for New States: Shifting Bases
- c. Politics of Autonomy/Self-determination: Punjab, Jammu and Kashmir
- d. Regionalization of Politics: State Level Parties, Coalitional Politics at the State Level

### Unit -III

#### Dalit and Backward Classes Movements

- a. Tamil Nadu : Dravidian Movement and Lower Castes Assertion
- b. Uttar Pradesh: Lower and Middle Castes Political Assertion
- c. Punjab: Ad-Dharm Movement, Dalit Cultural Assertion

### Unit-IV

#### Regional Roots of Development Politics in India: State Level Experiences

- a. State, Political Regimes and Social Welfare Policy: Stark Variations across the States
- b. Agrarian Politics in the States: Green Revolution, Farmers' Movements, Farmers' Suicides
- c. Politics of Economic Reforms and Growing Spatial Disparity: Regional States and Sub-Regions

#### Essential Readings

1. Frankel, Francine and M.S.A. Rao, eds, *Dominance and State Power in Modern India*,
2. Jenkins, Rob, *Regional Reflections: Comparing Politics across India's States*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Kumar, Ashutosh, ed., *Rethinking State Politics in India: Regions within Regions*, Routledge, New Delhi, 2011.
4. Narain, Iqbal, ed., *State Politics in India*, Meenakshi Prakashan, Meerut, 1976.
5. Pai, Sudha, *Handbook on Politics in the Indian States Regions, Political Parties and Economic Reforms* (Ed.). Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2013.
6. Weiner, Myron, ed., *State Politics in India*, Princeton University Press, New Jersey, 1968.
7. Wood John R, ed., *State Politics in Contemporary India: Crisis or Continuity*, Westview Press, Boulder, 1984.

#### Suggested Readings:

##### Unit I

1. Crane, Robert I. (ed.), *Regions and Regionalism in South Asian Studies: An Exploratory Study*, Duke University Monograph series, 1967.
2. Fadia, B., *State Politics in India*, Radiant Publishers, New Delhi, 1984.
3. Gould, W. *Hindu Nationalism and the Language of Politics in Late Colonial India*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, New York, 2004.
4. Heller, Patrick, 'Degrees of Democracy: Some Comparative Lessons from India', *World Politics*, 52, July, 2000. 484-519.
5. Iyer, L., 'Direct versus Indirect Colonial Rule in India: Long-Term Consequences', *Review of Economics and Statistics*, 92(4), 2010, 693-713.
6. Jacob, Suraj, 'Towards a Comparative Sub-national Perspective on India', *Studies in Indian Politics*, December 2015 vol. 3 no. 2 229-246
7. Kailash, K. K., 'Varieties of Comparative State Politics Research in India', *Seminar*, 620, 2011, 66-71.
8. Kohli, Atul and Prerna Singh (eds.), *Handbook of Indian Politics*, Routledge, London, 2013.
9. Kumar, Ashutosh, ed., *Rethinking State Politics in India: Regions within Regions*, Routledge, New Delhi, 2011.
10. Markovits, C., *A History of Modern India, 1480-1950*, Anthem, London, 2002.

11. Pai, Sudha, *State Politics New Dimensions: Party System, Liberalization and Politics of Identity*. Shipra Publications, New Delhi, 1999.
12. Palshikar, Suhas and Rajeswari Deshpande, 'Redefining State Politics in India', 2009, [http://www.lokniti.org/newsletter/theme\\_note.pdf](http://www.lokniti.org/newsletter/theme_note.pdf)
13. Shastri, Sandeep and K. C. Suri and Yogendra Yadav, eds., *Electoral Politics in Indian States*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2009.
14. Sinha, Aseema, 'Scaling Up: Beyond the Sub-national Comparative Method for India', *Studies in Indian Politics*, 3(1), June, 2015, 128-133.
15. Synder, Richard, 'Scaling Down: The Subnational Comparative Method', *Studies in Comparative International Development*, 36(1), March, 2001, 93-110
16. Tillin, Louise, 'National and Subnational Comparative Politics: Why, What and How', *Studies in Indian Politics*, 1(2), December, 2013, 235-240.

## Unit II

1. Ahmed, B., 'Elections and Party Politics in India: A Symposium'. *Asian Survey* 10(11), November, 979-92, 1970.
2. Bose, Sumantra, *States, Nations, Sovereignty: Sri Lanka, India and the Tamil Eelam Movement*, Sage, New Delhi, 1999.
3. Brar, Bhupinder, Ashutosh Kumar and Ronki Ram, eds, *Globalization and Politics of Identity in India*, Pearson-Longman, New Delhi, 2008.
4. Brass, Paul R, *Language Religion and Politics in North India*, Cambridge University Press, 1974.
5. Chadha Behera, Navneeta, *State, Identity and Violence; Jammu, Kashmir and Ladakh*, Manohar, New Delhi, 2000.
6. Chandra, K. and S. Wilkinson, 'Measuring the Effect of 'Ethnicity,' *Comparative Political Studies* 41(4-5), 2008, 515-63.
7. Chandra, K. *Why Ethnic Parties Succeed: A Comparative Study of the Bahujan Samaj Party Across Indian States*, Cambridge University Press, New York, 2000.
8. Chhibber, Pradeep K. and I. Nooruddin, 'Do Party Systems Count? The Number of Parties and Government Performance in the Indian States', *Comparative Political Studies*, 37(2), 2004, 152-87
9. Dasgupta, J., *Language Conflict and National Development: Group Politics and National Language Policy in India*, University of California Press, Berkeley, 1970.
10. Jaffrelot, Christophe and Sanjay Kumar, eds, *Rise of the Plebeians: The Changing Face of Indian Legislative Assemblies*, New Delhi, Routledge, 2009.
11. Kailash, K.K., 'Federal Calculations in State Level Coalition Governments', *India Review*, 10(3), July-September, 2011, 246-282.
12. Kudasia, Gyanesh, *Region, Nation, "Heartland": Uttar Pradesh in India's Body Politic*, New Delhi, Sage, 2006.
13. Mawdsley, Emma, 'Redrawing the Body Politic: Federalism, Regionalism and the Creation of New States in India', *Journal of Commonwealth and Comparative Politics*, 40(3): pp. 34-54.
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### Unit III

1. Deliege, R., *The World of the "Untouchables": Paraiyars of Tamil Nadu*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1997.
2. Geeta, V., Rajdurai, 'Dalits and Non-Brahmin Consciousness in Colonial Tamil Nadu' *Economic and Political Weekly*, 28(39), September 25, 1993.
3. Hasan, Zoya, *Dominance and Mobilization: Rural Politics in Western Uttar Pradesh 1930-1980*, New Delhi, 1989.
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5. Jaffrelot, Christophe, *India's Silent Revolution: The Rise of the Low Castes in North Indian Politics*, Permanent Black, New Delhi, 2003.
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#### Unit IV

1. Ahluwalia, Montek Singh 'Economic Performance of States in Post-Reforms Period', *Economic and Political Weekly*, 6 May, 2000.
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3. Corbridge, Stuart, Glynn Williams, Rene Veron and Manoj Srivastava, *Seeing the State*, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, 2008.
4. Dasgupta, Biplab, *The New Agrarian Technology and India*, Geneva UN, 1977.
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17. Mooij, Jos, ed., *The Politics of Economic Reforms in India*, Sage, New Delhi, 2005.
18. Paul, Samuel, and KS Sridhar, *The Paradox of India's North-South Divide: Lessons from the States and Regions*, New Delhi, Sage, 2016.
19. Prakash, Amit, *Jharkhand: Politics of Development and Identity*, Orient Longman, Hyderabad, 2002.
20. Rao, Govinda and Nirvikar Singh, *Political Economy of Federalism in India*, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2006.

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23. Singh, P. (2015). *How Solidarity Works for Welfare: Subnationalism and Social Development in India*, New York: Cambridge University Press
24. Sinha, Aseema, 'Ideas, Interests, and Institutions in Policy Change: A Comparison of West Bengal and Gujarat' in Jenkins, Rob , ed., *Regional Reflections: Comparing Politics across India's States*, New Delhi, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2004.
25. Sinha, Aseema, *The Regional Roots of Developmental Politics in India: A Divided Leviathan*, Indiana University Press, Bloomington and Indianapolis, 2005.
26. Tillin L. & Deshpande, R. & Kailash, KK (Eds) (2016). *Politics of Welfare: Comparisons across Indian States*, Oxford, Oxford University Press.
27. Varshney, Ashutosh, *Democracy, Development, and the Countryside: Urban-Rural Struggles in India*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1998.

***Journals/ Newsmagazine/Newspapers to be consulted***

1. ***Economic and Political Weekly***: Individual Articles/commentaries on Indian states and also all special issues on state assembly elections from 1989 onwards (Free access to four latest Issues on web. Also check on JSTOR)
2. ***Front Line***
3. ***Seminar*** Selected issues (Free access to Archive on Web) type start search <http://www.india-seminar.com/semsearch.htm>
4. ***Studies in Indian Politics***
5. ***The Hindu and Indian Express***

**Option (c): DECENTRALIZED GOVERNANCE AND LOCAL LEVEL INSTITUTIONS IN INDIA**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice i.e. attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :**The objective of the course is to familiarize students with the concept of decentralized and democratic governance in India, both theoretically and at the level of institutional functioning at the local level. The emphasis of the course is on the process of democratic governance in both at the grassroots.

#### **Unit-I**

- Democratic Decentralization in India : Issues and Perspectives.
- Decentralization & Contemporary concerns—globalization and changing role of the state.

#### **Unit-II**

- Planning Urban Development – approaches, policies & programs.
- Urban local governance – Institutional aspects and functioning of urban local bodies with special reference to the 74th Amendment.

#### **Unit-III**

- Planning Rural development—approaches, policies and programmes.
- Democracy at the grassroots—Growth, Development and functioning of PRI from 1952 to present.

#### **Unit-IV**

- Relationship between rural and urban local institutions.
- Role of NGOs in local governance & development.
- Challenges of Governance at the local level-autonomy, finance, personnel, participation.

#### **Readings**

1. Abdul, Aziz, *Decentralised Planning*, New Delhi, Sage, 1993.
2. Bose, Ashish, *National Commission on Urbanization*, Ministry of Urban Development, New Delhi, 1988.
3. Behra, M.C., *Globalising Rural Development*, Sage, Delhi, 2006.
4. Handy, Femida, Meenaz Kassuu, Suzanne Fervey (eds.), *Grass-Roots NGOs by Women for Women*, Sage, New Delhi, 2006.
5. Kumar, Girish, *Local Democracy in India*, Sage, Delhi, 2006.
6. Issaac Thomas & Richard W. Franke, *Local Government and Development : People's Campaign for Decentralized Planning in Kerala*, Delhi, Leftword, 2000.
7. Jain, L.C., Krishnamurthy, B.V. and Tripathi, P.M., *Grass without Roots : Rural Development Under Government Auspices*, New Delhi, Sage, 1987.
8. Maddick Henry, *Panchayati Raj : A Study of Rural Local Government in India*, London, Longman, 1970.
9. Mathur, O.M. (ed.), *India : The Challenge of Urban Governance*, New Delhi, National Institute of Public Finance & Policy, 1999.
10. Mishra, B.B., *District Administration and Rural Development in India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1983.
11. Mukherjee Amitava, *Decentralization : Panchayats in the Nineties*, New Delhi, Vikas, 1994.



12. Prasad Kamta, *Planning and Poverty Alleviation*, New Delhi, Agricole, 1985.
13. Ravallion, M. and G. Datt, *Growth and Poverty in Rural India*, Washington D.C., World Bank, 1995.
14. Sen, Amartya, *Development as Freedom*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
15. Chaturvedi, T.N. and Jain, R.B., *Panchayati Raj* (New Delhi, IIPA, 1981).
16. Bhattacharya, Mohit, *Municipal Government—Problems and Prospects* (Delhi Research Publications).
17. Jha, S.N. and Mathur, P.C., *Decentralization and Local Politics*, Sage, 1999.

**Option (d) : POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO INDIA**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives:** This paper aims at highlighting some of the major areas in the domain of political sociology with reference to India. The paper intends to familiarize the students with the social, cultural and economic structures of power in Indian society and their mechanism of functioning in a critical perspective.

**Unit I**

*Political Sociology : Thematic Concerns :*

1. Nature, meaning and scope.
2. Historical Development.

**Unit II**

*Social Stratification :*

1. Concepts and Theoretical Contexts (Marx, Dahrendorf, Weber, and L. Dumont).
2. Caste, Class and Power.

**Unit III**

*Conflict Formation :*

1. Theoretical dimensions (Simmel, Coser, Marx and Dahrendorf).
2. Caste and Communal conflicts.

### Unit IV

#### *Political Sociology of Agrarian Relations :*

1. Zamindari Abolition and Land Reforms.
2. Pressure Groups : Farmers and Labourers.

#### **Books Recommended**

1. Effrat, Andrew, *Perspective on Political Sociology*, New York, The Bobbs-Merrill, 1972.
2. Dowse, Robert E. & Hughes, John A., *Political Sociology*, London, John Wiley, 1975.
3. Horowitz, *Foundations of Political Sociology*, New York, Harper & Row, 1972.
4. Das, Hari Hara and Choudhary, B.C., *Introduction to Sociology*, New Delhi, Vikas, 1997.
5. Tumin, M.M., *Social Stratification*, New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 1978.
6. Gupta, Dipankar (ed.), *Social Stratification*, Delhi, OUP, 1991.
7. Scott, John, *Stratification and Power*, Cambridge, Polity, 1996.
8. Sharma, K.L., *Social Stratification in India*, New Delhi, Sage, 1997.
9. Singh, Yogendra, *Social Change in India*, New Delhi, Har Anand, 1993.
10. Layder, Derek, *Understanding Social Theory*, London, Sage, 1996.
11. Jaiswal, Suvira, *Caste : Origin, Function and Dimensions of Change*, Delhi, Manohar, 1998.
12. Srinivas, M.N., *Social Change in Modern India*, New Delhi, 1969.
13. Runciman, W.S., *Social Science and Political Theory*, Cambridge, 1971.
14. Lukes, Steven, *Power : A Radical View*, Hong Kong, Macmillan, 1974.
15. Barnes, Barry, *The Nature of Power*, Cambridge, Polity, 1988.

#### **Option (e) : REPRESENTING 'INDIA' : GEOPOLITICAL IMAGINATIONS INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This course investigates how India has been represented by groups and individuals, political elites and the dominant institutions and intellectuals of statecraft. It intends to probe how a variety of geopolitical imaginations have come to compete with one another, as different actors seek to implant maps of meaning, relevance and order on to the highly complex and dynamic political universe they inhabit, observe, try to understand and sometimes even desire to dominate. How various geopolitical idioms, myths and representational practices have been used to inscribe something called India and endow that entity with a content, history, meaning and trajectory. The intention of this course is exploratory and not normative.

#### **Unit-I**

1. Pre-colonial India : An Overview.
2. India in British Colonial Imagination.

#### **Unit-II**

3. Partition of British India and its Legacies.
4. Integration of Princely States.

#### **Unit-III**

5. The India Diaspora : Dynamics and Dilemmas of Migration.
6. Gender in Indian Geopolitics.

#### **Unit-IV**

7. Nationalist Constructions of India's Identity (with special reference to Nehru and Savarkar).
8. Rise of Hindutva and the Search for Alternative Geopolitical Imaginations.

#### **Suggested Readings**

1. Behera, N. C. (1998), "Perpetuating the Divide : Political Abuses of History in South Asia", *Indian Journal of Secularism*, I (4) : 53-71.
2. Bhargava, R. (ed.) (1998), '*Secularism and Its Critics*' : Delhi, Oxford University Press.
3. Bose, Sugata (1997), "Nation as Mother : Representations and Contestations of 'India' in Bengali Literature and Culture", in S. Bose and A. Jalal (eds.), *Nationalism, Democracy and Development : State and Politics in India*, Calcutta : Oxford University Press, 50-75.
4. Bose, Sumantra (1997), "Hindu Nationalism" and the Crisis of the Indian State : A Theoretical Perspective in S. Bose and A. Jalal (eds.), *Nationalism, Democracy and Development : State and Politics in India*, Calcutta : Oxford University Press.
5. Brecher, M. (1968), *India and World Politics : Krishna Menon's View of the World*, London : Oxford University Press.
6. Butalia, Urvashi (1998), *The Other Side of Silence*, New Delhi : Viking.
7. Cohn, B.S. (1997), *Colonialism and Its Forms of Knowledge : The British in India*, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
8. Dijkink, G. (1996), *National Identity and Geopolitical Visions : Maps of Pride and Pain*, London : Routledge.

9. Fisher, M. H. (1993), *The Politics of the British Annexation of India 1757-1857*, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
10. Graham, B. (1993), *Hindu Nationalism and Indian Politics : The Origins and Development of the Bharatiya Jana Sangh*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press.
11. Hasan, M. (1996), "The Myth of Unity : Colonial and National Narratives" in D. Ludden (ed.) *Making India Hindu, Religion, Community, and the Politics of Democracy in India*, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
12. Jalal, A. (1997), "Exploding Communalism : The Politics of Muslim Identity in South Asia", in S. Bose and A. Jalal (eds.), *Nationalism, Democracy and Development : State and Politics in India*, Calcutta : Oxford University Press : 76-103.
13. Kakar, Sudhir (1995), *The Colours of Violence*, New Delhi : Penguin Books.
14. Kumar, R. (1997), "State Formation in India : Retrospect and Prospect", in M. Doornbos and S. Kaviraj (eds.), *Dynamics of State Formation : India and Europe Compared*, New Delhi : Sage : 359-409.
15. Katzenstein, M. F., Mehta, U. S. and Thakkar, U. (1998), "The Rebirth of Shiv Sena in Maharashtra : the Symbiosis of Discursive and Institutional Power" in A. Basu, and A. Kohli (eds.), *Community Conflicts and the State in India*, Delhi : Oxford University Press : 215-238.
16. Kaviraj, Sudhir (1993), "The Imaginary Institution of India," in P. Chatterjee and G. Pandey (eds.), *Subaltern Studies*, Delhi : OUP, Vol. VII : 1-39.
17. Kaviraj, S. (1994), "Crisis of the Nation-State in India," *Political Studies*, XLII : 115-129.
18. Kaviraj, S. (1997), "On The Structure of Nationalist Discourse", in T. V. Sathyamurthy (ed.), *State and Nation in the Context of Social Change*, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
19. Khilnani, S. (1998), *The Idea of India*, London : Penguin Books.
20. Kothari, R. (1997), "Fragments of a Discourse : Towards Conceptualization", in T.V. Sathyamurthy (ed.), *State and Nation in the Context of Social Change*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
21. Kothari, R. (1998), *Communalism in Indian Politics*, Ahmedabad, Rainbow Publishers Limited.
22. Krishna, B. (1995), *Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel : India's Iron Man*, New Delhi : Indus.
23. Krishna, S. (1994), "Cartographic Anxiety: Mapping the Body Politics in India," *Alternatives 19* : 507-521.
24. Larson, G. J. (1997), *India's Agony Over Religion*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
25. Ludden, D. (1996) (ed.), *Making India Hindu : Religion, Community, and the Politics of Democracy in India*, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
26. Mahanta, A. (1977), "The Indian State and Patriarchy" in T. V. Satyamurthy (ed.), *State and Nation in the Context of Social Change*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
27. Malik, Y.K. and Singh, Y.B. (1994), *Hindu Nationalists in India : The Rise of the Bharatiya Janata Party*, New Delhi, Vistaar Publications.
28. Mayo, Katherine (1928), *Mother India*, New York : Harcourt Brace and Company.
29. Metcalf, T. R. (1995), *Ideologies of the Raj*, Cambridge : Cambridge University Press (The New Cambridge History of India).
30. Nandy, A. H., Trivedi, S. Mayaram and Yagnik, A. (eds.) (1995), *Creating a Nationality : The Ramjanmabhumi Movement and the Fear of the Self*, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
31. Nehru, J. (1936), *An Autobiography*, London, John Lane.

32. Nehru, J. (1981), *The Discovery of India*, New Delhi : Jawaharlal Nehru Memorial Fund, Oxford University Press (First Published 1946 by the Signet Press, Calcutta).
33. Nehru, J. (1956), *Independence and After : A Collection of Speeches 1946-1949*, Delhi : Government of India.
34. Pandey, G. (1990), *The Construction of Communalism in Colonial North India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press.
35. Pandey, G. (1994) "The Prose of Otherness," *Subaltern Studies* (Delhi, OUP, Vol. VIII).
36. Parker, G. (1998), "Geopolitical Perspectives on India and Indian Foreign Policy" in The Ford Foundation Lectures in International Relations Studies, Departmental of Political Science, The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda.
37. Pattanaik, D. D. (1998), *Hindu Nationalism in India : Conceptual Foundation*, New Delhi : Deep and Deep Publications.
38. Radhakrishnan, R. (1992), "Nationalism, Gender, and the Narrative of Identity" in Andrew Parker et al (eds.), *Nationalism and Sexuality*, New York, Sage.
39. Sarkar, T. (1996), "Imagining Hindurashtra : the Hindu and the Muslim in Bankim Chandra's Writings" in D. Ludden (ed.), *Making India Hindu : Religion, Community, and the Politics of Democracy in India*, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
40. Sarkar, T. (1992), "The Hindu Wife and the Hindu Nation : Domesticity and Nationalism in Nineteenth Century Bengal," *Studies in History* (Sage, Delhi) 8 (2).
41. Savarkar, V. D. (1969), *Hindutva*, Bombay, Savarkar Prakashan 5<sup>th</sup> Edn.
42. Sen, A. (1998a), "On Interpreting India's Past" in S. Bose and A. Jalal (eds.), *Nationalism, Democracy and Development : State and Politics in India*, Calcutta : Oxford University Press (Oxford India Paperbacks).
43. Sen, A. (1998b), "Secularism and its Discontents" in Bhargava, R. (ed.), *Secularism and its Critics*, Delhi : Oxford University Press.
44. Varshney, A. (1993), "Contesting Meanings : India's National Identity, Hindu Nationalism, and the Politics of Anxiety", *Daedalus*, 122, 3 : 227-261.
45. Van Hear, N. (1998), *New Diasporas : The Mass Exodus, Dispersal and Regrouping of Migrant Communities*, London, UCL Press.
46. Weiner, M. (1997), "Minority Identity", in S. Kaviraj (ed.), *Politics in India*, Delhi, Oxford University Press : pp 241-254.
47. Ali, D., 1999, *Invoking the Past : The Uses of History in South Asia*, New Delhi : Oxford University Press.
48. Behera, N. C. (1998), "Perpetuating the Divide : Political Abuses of History in South Asia", *Indian Journal of Secularism*, 1(4) : 53-71.
49. Bianchini, B., Chaturvedi, S., Ivekovic, R. and Samaddar, R., 2005, *Partitions : Reshaping Minds and States*, London : Frank Cass.
50. Chaturvedi, S., 2000, "Representing Post-Colonial India: Inclusive/Exclusive Imaginations" in David Atkinson and Klaus Dodds (eds), *Geopolitical Traditions : Critical Histories of a Century of Geopolitical Thought*, London : Routledge.
51. Chaturvedi, S., 2005, "Diaspora in India's Geopolitical Visions : Linkages, Categories and Contestations", *Asian Affairs : An American Review*, 32(3).

52. Deshpande, S., 2003, *Contemporary India : A Sociological View*, New Delhi : Viking.
53. Jayaram, N., 2004 (ed.), *The Indian Diaspora : Dynamics of Migration*, Delhi : Sage.
54. Krishna, S., 1999, *Post-Colonial Anxieties : India, Sri Lanka and the Question of Nationhood*, Minneapolis : University of Minnesota Press.
55. Ludden, D., 2002, *India and South Asia : A Short History*, Oxford : One World.
56. Sen, A., 2006, *Identity and Violence : The Illusion of Destiny*, London : Allen Lane/Penguin.
57. Sen, A., 2005, *Argumentative Indian Writings on Indian History, Culture and Identity*, London : Allen Lane/Penguin.

**Option (f): Dalit Movements and Issues in India**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective of the Course:** The purpose of this paper is to make students familiar with major Dalit Movements and issues in India.

**UNIT-I**

*Anti-Caste and Adi Movements in the Colonial period-I*

Jyotiba Phule and Satyashodhak Samaj,  
Mangoo Ram and Ad-Dharm Movement,  
Periyar and Self-Respect Movement

**UNIT-II**

*Anti-Caste Movements in the Colonial period-II*

Dalit Movement and B.R. Ambedkar  
Caste and Untouchability  
Democracy and Representation of Minorities

### UNIT-III

#### Politics of Assertion and Representation in Independent India

Republican Party of India

Dalit Panthers

Bahujan Samaj Party

### UNIT-IV

#### Dalits and Contemporary Issues

Reservation and Politics of Inclusion

Dalits and Globalization

Dalit Women's Issues

#### Essential Readings

1. Aditya Nigam, "In search of a Bourgeoisie: Dalit politics enters a New Phase." *Economic and Political Weekly*, March 30, 2002, pp. 1190-1193.
2. Aditya Nigam, "Secularism, Modernity, National: Epistemology of the Dalit Critique." *Economic and Political Weekly*, November 25, 2000.
3. Aryama and Sukhadeo Thorat (ed.), *Ambedkar in Retrospect: Essays in Economics, Politics & Society*, Rawat Publications, New Delhi, 2007.
4. B.L. Mungekar, "Globalization and the Dalits." *Radical Humanist*, 65(1): April 2001: 9-10.
5. B.R. Ambedkar, *Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar: Writings and Speeches*, Vol.1-17 (compiled by Vasant Moon), Education Department, Government of Maharashtra, Bombay.
6. Christophe Jaffrelot, *India's Silent Revolution the Rise of the Low Castes in North Indian Politics*, Permanent Black, New Delhi, 2003.
7. Dhananjay Keer, *Dr. Ambedkar Life and Mission*, Popular Prakashan, Bombay 1991.
8. Dipankar Gupta, "Positive Discrimination and the Question of Fraternity: Contrasting Ambedkar and Mandal on Reservation." *Economic and Political Weekly*, 32(31): 2 August 1997.
9. Eleanor Zelliot, *Ambedkar and Mahar Movement*. University of Pennsylvania, 1982.
10. Eleanor Zelliot, *From Untouchable to Dalit: Essay on Ambedkar Movement*. Manohar: New Delhi, 1992.
11. G.P. Deshpande, (ed) *Selected Writings of Jotirao Phule*, Left World: New Delhi, 2002.
12. Gail Omvedt, *Dalits and Democratic Revolution: Dr. Ambedkar and Dalit Movement in Colonial India*. Sage: New Delhi, 1994.
13. Gail Omvedt, "Peasants, Dalits and Women: Democracy and India's New Social Movements." *Journal of Contemporary Asia*: 24 (1): 1994.
14. Gail Omvedt, *Ambedkar Towards an Enlightened India*. Penguin: New Delhi, 2004.
15. Gail Omvedt, *Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society: The Non – Brahman Movement in Western India*. Scientific Socialist Education Trust: Bombay, 1976.
16. Gail Omvedt, *Dalit Vision*. Orient Longman: New Delhi, 1996 first Published 1995.

### Suggested Readings

1. Geeta, V., Rajdurai 1993 "Dalits and Non-Brahmin Consciousness in Colonial Tamil Nadu" *Economic and Political Weekly*, 28(39), September 25.
2. George Mathew, "Will Reservation Ensure Participation." *Social Welfare: 42 (5-6): August-September, 1995.*
3. Harish K. Puri, (ed.) *Dalits in Regional Context*. Rawat: New Delhi, 2004.
4. J. Mencher, "The Caste System Upside Down," *Current Anthropology: 15: 469-93: 1974.*
5. J. Massey, *Downtrodden: The Struggle of Indian Dalits for Identity, Solidarity and Liberation*. WCC Publications: Geneva, 1997.
6. Jaffrelot, Christophe, *Dr. Ambedkar and Untouchability*. Permanent black: New Delhi, 2004.
7. Mark Juergensmeyer, *Religious Rebels in Punjab: The Social Vision Of Untouchables*. Ajanta: Delhi, 1988.
8. Michael Mahar, (ed) *The Untouchables in Contemporary India*. University of Arizona press, 1972.
9. N.S. Gehlot, "Dr. Ambedkar, Mahatma Gandhi and Dalit movement," *Indian Journal of Political Science, 54(3-4): July-December 1993.*
10. Pradeep Kumar, "Reservation within Reservations: Real Dalit Bahujans," *Economic and Political Weekly, 15 September 2001, 3305-3307.*
11. Ramaswamy R. Iyer, "Towards Clarity on Reservation Question," *Economic and Political Weekly, 26(9) and 10: 2-9 March 1991.*
12. Ramnarayan Rawat, "Making Claims for Power: A New Agenda In Dalit Politics of Uttar Pradesh, 1946-48", *Modern Asian Studies, Vol. 37, No. 3, 2003.*
13. Ronki Ram, "From servitude to assertion: Ambedkar's Subalterns Approach to Nationalism and Dalit liberation." *Social Sciences Research Journal, Vol. 9, November 2, 2001, p.160.*
14. Rosalind O' Hanlon, *Caste, Conflict and Ideology: Mahatma Phule and Low Caste Protest in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century*, CUP, 1985.
15. Sudha Pai, *Dalit Assertion and the Unfinished Democratic Revolution. The Bahujan Samajwadi Party in Uttar Pradesh.*, Sage : New Delhi, 2002.
16. V. Geetha, and S.V. Rajadurai. "Dalits and non-Brahmin Consciousness in Colonial Tamil Nadu." *Economic and Political Weekly, 28(3): 25 September 1993.*
17. V. Jha, "Stages in History of Untouchables," *Indian Historical Review, 2: 1975: 14-31.*
18. Valerian Rodrigues, (ed) *The Essential Writings of B.R. Ambedkar*, Oxford: New York, 2002.
19. Webster, John C.B. "Understanding the Modern Dalit Movement." *Sociological Bulletin 45 (2): September 1996.*

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**Course XVI :The candidates are required to offer any one of the following courses :**

**Option (a) : FEMINIST POLITICAL THEORY**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES:**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :**This course aims to introduce students to the major interventions of feminism in political theory. After introducing students to the feminist critique of mainstream political theory and the key conceptual categories in feminism, this course in the latter units examines 5 main issues to understand the major debates within various strands of feminism.

**Unit-I**

Feminism and the redefinition of the Political.  
Feminist critiques of mainstream political theory.

**Unit-II**

Key Feminist concepts—Patriarchy, Sex-Gender distinction, Production and Reproduction.  
Destabilizing the category of ‘woman’.

**Unit-III**

Key Issues in Feminist theory 1.  
Abortion.  
Pornography.

**Unit-IV**

Key Issues in Feminist theory 2.  
Race/Religion/Culture.  
Anti-Militarism.

### Reading List

1. Anne Philips, *Engendering Democracy*, Cambridge, Polity Press, 1991.
2. Allison Jagger, *Feminist Politics and Human Nature*, Rowman & Allanheld, 1983.
3. Judith Butler, *Gender Trouble : Feminism and the Subversion of Identity*, New York, Routledge, 1990.
4. Carole Pateman, *The Sexual Contract*, Stanford University Press, 1989.
5. Iris Marion Young, *Justice and the Politics of Difference*, Princeton University Press, 1990.
6. Kate Millet, *Sexual Politics*, Granada Publishing, 1969.
7. Simone de Beauvoir, *The Second Sex*, 1949 (translated by H.M. Parshley, Penguin 1972).
8. Germaine Greer, *The Female Eunuch*, 1970.
9. Nancy Fraser and Linda J. Nicholson, *Social Criticism without Philosophy : An Encounter between Feminism and Postmodernism in Theory Culture Society*, 1988; 5.
10. Susan Moller Okin : *Women in Western Political Thought*, Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1979.

### Option (b) : MAJOR THEMES IN RECENT POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

The paper setter must put note (ii) in the questionpaper as follows:

The syllabus has been divided into four units.

There shall be 9 questions in all.

The first question is compulsory and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each.

Rest of the paper shall contain 4 units. Each unit shall have two questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective of the Course:** This course is intended to be a companion to the compulsory courses on Western Political Thought and Key Concepts in Political Theory. It carries forward the discussion by focusing on themes and concerns which have occupied debates particularly since the late twentieth century.

#### Unit-I

1. Environmentalism.
2. Pacifism.

#### Unit-II

3. Feminism.
4. Multiculturalism.

**Unit-III**

5. Neoliberalism.
6. Post Marxism.

**Unit-IV**

7. Postcolonialism.
8. Postmodernism.

**ESSENTIAL READINGS:**

Relevant portions from the following textbooks and histories:

1. Colin Farelly, Contemporary Political Theory, Sage, 2004.
2. Gerald F. Gaus and ChandranKukathas, Handbook of Political Theory, Sage, 2004.
3. R.E. Goodin and P. Petit, A Companion to Contemporary Political Philosophy, Blackwell, 1995.
4. Terence Ball and Richard Bellamy (ed.), The Cambridge History of Twentieth Century Political Thought, Cambridge University Press (CUP), 2003.
5. Will Kymlicka, Contemporary Political Theory : An Introduction, OUP, 2002

**SUGGESTED READINGS**

**Environmentalism:**

6. John Dryzek and Scholberg, Debating the Earth : The Environmental Politics Reader, OUP, 1998.
7. Lorraine Eliot, Global Politics of Environment, Macmillan, 1998.
8. Ramchandra Guha and Juan Martinez-Alier, Varieties of Environmentalism: Essays on North and South, OUP, 1998.

**Pacifism:**

9. Allen Eickelmann, Eric Nelson and Tom Lansford, Violence, Pacifism and Cultural Transformation, Ashgate, 2005.
10. Peter Brock and Nigel Young, Pacifism in the Twentieth Century, Syracuse Univ. Press, 1999.

**Feminism:**

11. Alison Jaggar and Iris Marion Oung (ed.), A Companion to Feminist Philosophy, Blackwell, 1998.
12. Anne Phillips (ed.), Feminism and Politics, OUP, 1998.
13. Judith Butler and J.W. Scott (ed.), Feminists Theories : The Political, Routledge, 1992.

**Multiculturalism:**

14. Bhikhu Parekh, Rethinking Multiculturalism, Palgrave, 2006.
15. GurpreetMahajan, The Multicultural Path, Sage, 2002.

**Neoliberalism:**

16. Alfredo Saad-Filho and Deborah Johnson (eds.), Neoliberalism: A Critical Reader, Pluto Press, 2005.
17. David Harvey, A Brief History of Neoliberalism, OUP, 2005.

**Post- Marxism:**

18. Stuart Sim, Post Marxism: An Intellectual History, Routledge, 2000.

**Postmodernism:**

19. David Harvey, TheCondition of Postmodernity, Basil, Blackwell, 1989.
20. David Lyon, Postmodernity, Viva Books, 2002.

**Postcolonialism:**

21. Bill Ashcroft, Gareth Griffins and Helen Zigfin (eds.), The Postcolonial Studies Reader,Routledge, 2006.
22. ZiauddinSardar, Orientalism, Viva Books, 2002

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**Option (c) : READINGS IN THE PHILOSOPHY OF RESISTANCE AND LIBERATION**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This course is based on original texts. It seeks to study the ideas of resistance through the writings of the following Political Philosophers :

**Unit-I**

Gandhi : *Hind Swaraj* (1909), (Ahmedabad, Navjivan Trust, 1938).

**Unit-II**

Frantz Fanon : *The Wretched of the Earth* (London, Pluto Press, 1986).

**Unit-III**

Ernesto Che Guevara : *The Guerrilla Warfare*, with an Introduction and Case Studies by Brian Loveman and Thomas M. Davies, JR. (Lancaster University Press, 1985).

**Unit-IV**

Stokely Carmichael : *Black Power: The Politics of Liberation in America*, 1967.

**Suggested Readings**

1. Horace B. Davis, "Social Classes and the Formation of Nations : Fanon, Cabral and the African National Struggle" in Horace B. Davis, *Toward A Marxist Theory of Nationalism* (New York, Monthly Review Press, 1978, pp. 202-239).
2. Homi Bhabha, "Remembering Fanon: Self, Psyche and the Colonial Condition", Foreword to Frantz Fanon, *Black Skin, White Masks* (London, Pluto Press, 1986).
3. Irene Gentizier, *Frantz Fanon – A Critical Study* (New York, Vintage, 1973).
4. Renate Zahar, *Frantz Fanon : Colonialism and Alienation* (New York, Monthly Review Press, 1975).
5. Aristide R. Zolberg, "Frantz Fanon" in Maurice Cranston (ed.), *The New Left* (London, The Bodley Head, Indian Reprint, National Academy, Delhi, 1973).

6. Ashis Nandy, "Oppression and Human Liberation: Towards a Post-Gandhian Utopia", in Thomas Pantham and Karl Deutsch (eds.), *Political Thought in Modern India* (New Delhi, Sage Publications,

- 1986).
7. Anthony J. Parel (ed.), *Hind Swaraj and Other Writings*, Cambridge University Press, New Delhi, Foundation Books, 1997).
  8. Donald C. Hodges (ed.), *The Legacy of Che Guevara* (London, Thames and Hudson, 1977).
  9. Michael Lowy, *The Marxism of Che Guevara : Philosophy, Economics and Revolutionary Warfare*, (New York, Monthly Review Press, 1973)
  10. Renneth Minogue, "Che Guevara" in Maurice Cranston (ed.), *The New Left* (London, The Bodley Head, Indian Reprint, National Academy, Delhi, 1973).
  11. George Feaver, "Black Power", in Maurice Cranston (ed.), *The New Left* (London, The Bodley Head, Indian Reprint, National Academy, Delhi, 1973).
  12. Stokely Carmichael, "Black Power", in David Cooper (ed.), *The Dialectics of Liberation*, Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1968.
  13. Frantz Fanon, *The Wretched of the Earth* (Harmondsworth, Penguin, 1967).
  14. Deborah Wyrick, *Fanon for Beginners* (Hyderabad, Orient Longman, 1998).
  15. Sergio Sinay, *Che for Beginners* (Hyderabad, Orient Longman, 1997).

#### **Option (d) : CONTEMPORARY DEBATES IN THE 20TH CENTURY MARXISM**

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** This paper seeks to familiarize students with the Marxist engagement with critical issues in the late twentieth century.

#### **Unit-I**

Structure and Agency : Marxian Debates.

#### **Unit-II**

Feminism and Marxism : Production, Reproduction and Power.

#### **Unit-III**

Environmentalism and Marxism, Capitalism, Colonialism, Socialism and Environmental Degradation.

**Unit-IV**

Nationalism, Internationalism and  
Marxism.Globalization and Marxist Critique.

(Students are expected to consult the journals *Monthly Review*, *New Left Review* and *Socialist Register* regularly).

**Readings :**

1. Groz, A., *Farewell to the Working Class*, Pluto Press, London, 1982.
2. Barret, Michele, *Women's Oppression Today : Problems in Marxist Feminist Analysis*, Verso, London, 1980.
3. Landes, Joan, 'Marxism and the Women Question' in Sonia Kruks, Rayana Rapp and Marilyn B. Young (ed.), *Promissory Notes : Women in the Transition to Socialism*, Monthly Review Press, New York, 1989.
4. Mies, Maria, *Patriarchy and Accumulation on a World Scale*, Zed Books, London, 1986.
5. Mies, Maria, 'World Economy, Patriarchy and Accumulation' in Nelly Stromquist (ed.), *Women in the Third World*, Garland, New York, 1998.
6. Bahro, Rudolph, *From Red to Green*, 1984.
7. Foster, John Bellamy, *The Vulnerable Planet, A Short Economic History of the Environment*, Monthly Review Press, New York, 1994 (Indian Reprint) Cornerstone Publication, Kharagpur, 1999.
8. Foster, John Bellamy, *Marx's Ecology : Materialism and Nature*, Monthly Review Press, New York, 2000.
9. Harvey, David, 'The Nature of Environment : Dialectics of Social and Environmental Change' in Ralph Miliband and Leo Panitch (eds.), *Socialist Register*, The Marlin Press, London, 1993.
10. Pratt, Larry and Wendy Montgomery, 'Green Imperialism, Pollution, Penitence, Profits in Leo Panitch (ed.), *Socialist Register*, Marlin Press, London and K.P. Bagchi &Company, Calcutta, 1997.
11. Davis, Horace B., *Toward a Marxist Theory of Nationalism*, Monthly Review Press, New York, 1978.
12. Lowy, Michael, 'Why Nationalism?' in Ralph Miliband and Leo Panitch (eds.), *Socialist Register*, The Marlin Press, London, 1993.
13. Munck, R., *The Difficult Dialogue, Marxism and Nationalism*, Zed, London, 1986.
14. Magdoff, Harry, 'Globalisation –To What End?' in Ralph Miliband and Leo Panitch (eds.), *Socialist Register*, The Merlin Press, London, 1992.

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**Option (e) : INTRODUCING FEDERALISM**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objectives :** The paper introduces certain key concepts and issues in federalism. The aim of the paper is to enable the student to obtain a broad perspective on federalism in a comparative perspective and to evaluate its utility as a tool for accommodating diversity.

**Unit-I**

The Essence of the Federal Idea.  
Core features of Federations.  
Models and variants of Federalism : Successive Waves, Presidential and Parliamentary variants.

**Unit-II**

Approaches and Paths to Federalism.  
Institutionalist Explanations of Origins.  
Society-Centred Theories.  
The William Riker- Alfred Stepan debate.

**Unit-III**

Federal Democracy and the Articulation of Diversity.  
Federalism as a device for accommodating groups and interests.  
.Centralisation and Decentralisation in Federal Systems.  
Asymmetric Federalism : India and Canada.

**Unit-IV**

The Making and Unmaking of Federal Systems.  
Stress and Strains of Federalism : Failed Federations : USSR, Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia.  
New, Emerging, Incipient and Federal-type Solutions : South Africa, Belgium, Spain, Sri Lanka and the European Union.  
Relevance of Federalism in a globalising world.



### Readings

1. Alfred Stepan, "Federalism and Democracy : Beyond the US Model," *Journal of Democracy*, 1999, 10 : 4, 19-34.
2. Alfred Stepan, "Russian Federalism in Comparative Perspective," *Post-Soviet Affairs*, 2000b, 16 : 2, 133-176.
3. Alfred Stepan, *Arguing Comparative Politics* (Oxford : Oxford University Press, 2001).
4. Andrea Bosco (ed.), *The Federal Idea : The History of Federalism Since 1945* (London: Lothian Foundation Press, 1992).
5. Arend Lijphart, 1977, *Democracy in Plural Societies: A Comparative Exploration*, New Haven, London, Yale University Press.
6. Arend Lijphart, Ronald Rogowski and R. Kent Weaver, "Separation of Powers and Cleavage Management," in *Do Institutions Matter*, R. Kent Weaver and Bert A. Rockman (Brookings, 1997), 302-344.
7. Balveer Arora, and Douglas V. Verney, 1995, *Multiple Identities in a Single State : Indian Federalism in Comparative Perspective*, New Delhi : Konark Publishers.
8. Bertus de Villiers (ed.), *Evaluating Federal Systems* (Cape Town : Jutta & Co., 1994).
9. Birch, A.H., 'Approaches to the Study of Federalism,' *Political Studies*, 1966, 14(1), 15-33.
10. C.D. Tarlton 1965, "Symmetry and Asymmetry as Elements of Federalism : A Theoretical Speculation," *The Journal of Politics*, 27.
11. Carol Skalnik Leff, "Democratization and Disintegration in Multinational States : The Breakup of the Communist Federations," *World Politics*, 1999, 51, 205-35.
12. Daniel J. Elazar, "From Statism to Federalism - A Paradigm Shift," *International Political Science Review*, 1996 17(4), 417-429.
13. Daniel J. Elazar, "International and Comparative Federalism," *PS : Political Science and Politics*, 1993 (June).
14. Daniel J. Elazar, Federalism, in David Sills (ed.), *International Encyclopaedia of Social Sciences* (New York : Macmillan, 1968) 353-367.
15. Daniel J. Elazar, *Exploring Federalism* (Tuscaloosa : University of Alabama Press, 1987).
16. Graham Smith (ed.), *Federalism : The Multiethnic Challenge* (New York : Longman, 1995).
17. Graham Smith, "Russia Multiculturalism and Federal Justice," *Europe-Asia Studies*, 1998, 50(8), 1393-1411.
18. J. Coakley, 1994, "Approaches to the Resolution of Ethnic Conflict : The Strategy of Non-territorial Autonomy", *International Political Science Review*, Vol. 15, No. 3: 297-314.
19. Juan Linz and Alfred Stepan, *Problems of Democratic Transition and Consolidation : Southern Europe, South America and Post-Communist Europe*, (Baltimore, Johns Hopkins University Press, 1996).
20. Juan Linz and Alfred Stepan, "Political Identities and Electoral Consequences : Spain, the Soviet Union and Yugoslavia," *Daedalus*, 1992, 121.
21. Ivo Duchacek, *Comparative Federalism*, (Lanham Md : Reissued by University Press of America, 1987).
22. K.C. Wheare, *Federal Government*, Second Edition, London and New York : Oxford University Press, pp.1-34 (1951).

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (SEMESTER SYSTEM) SYLLABUS

23. Michael Burgess and Alain-G. Gagnon (ed.), *Comparative Federalism and Federation* (Harvester: Wheatsheaf) (1993).
24. Michael Stein (1971), "Federal Political Systems and Federal Societies", in J. Peter Meekison (ed.), *Canadian Federalism : Myth or Reality?*, Second Edition, Toronto: Methuen, 37-48.
25. Peter C. Ordershook, "Russia's Party System : Is Russian Federalism Viable?" *Post-Soviet Affairs*, 1996, 12(3), 195-217.
26. Richard Gunther and Anthony Mughan, "Political Institutions and Cleavage Management" in *Do Institutions Matter*, R. Kent Weaver and Bert A. Rockman (Brookings), 1997, 272-301.
27. Robert Agranoff (ed.) (1999), *Accommodating Diversity : Asymmetry in Federal States*, Baden- Baden: Nomos.
28. Robert Sharlet, "The Prospects for Federalism in Russian Constitutional Politics," *Publius* 1994, 24 (Spring), 115-127.
29. Ronald L. Watts, "Canada : Three Decades of Periodic Federal Crises," *International Political Science Review*, 1996 17(4), 353-371.
30. Ronald L. Watts, "Intergovernmental Relations : Conceptual Issues", in Norman Levy and Chris Tapscott (ed.), *Intergovernmental Relations in South Africa : The Challenges of Co-operative Government* (West Cape : IDASA, 2001) 22-42.
31. Ronald L. Watts, *Comparing Federal Systems in the 1990s* (Institute of Intergovernmental Relations, Queen's University Ontario, 1999).
32. Ronald L. Watts, "Asymmetrical Decentralization : Functional or Dysfunctional", *Indian Journal of Federalism*, 2004, 1-42.
33. Steven Solnick, "Will Russia Survive? Centre and Periphery in the Russian Federation," in Barnett R. Rubin and Jack Snyder (ed.), *Post-Soviet Political Order : Conflict and State Building* (London: Routledge, 1998), 58-80.
34. William Riker, "Federalism", in Fred I. Greenstein and Nelson W. Polsby (eds.), *Handbook of Political Science : Governmental Institutions and Processes*, Vol. 5 : (Reading : Addison-Wesley, 1975), 93-172.
35. William S. Livingston (1952), "A Note on the Nature of Federalism", *Political Science Quarterly*, 67, 81-95.
36. Peter C. Ordeshook and Olga Shvetsova, "Federalism and Constitutional Design", *Journal of Democracy*, 8.1 (1997) 27-42.

**Option (f) : PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW-II**

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PAPER-SETTERS AND CANDIDATES :**

- (i) The theory question paper will be of 80 marks and 20 marks will be for internal assessment.
- (ii) For private candidates, who have not been assessed earlier for internal assessment, the marks secured by them in theory paper will proportionately be increased to maximum marks of the paper in lieu of internal assessment.

**The paper setter must put note (ii) in the question paper.**

*The syllabus has been divided into four units.*

There shall be **9** questions in all. The first question is **compulsory** and shall be a short answer type containing 15 short questions spread over the whole syllabus to be answered in about 25 to 30 words each. The candidates are required to attempt any 10 short answer type questions carrying 20 marks i.e. 2 marks for each. Rest of the paper shall contain **4** units. Each unit shall have **two** questions, and the candidates shall be given internal choice of attempting one question from each Unit – 4 in all. Each question will carry 15 marks.

**Objective :** This paper introduces the students to certain specific subjects and the recent trends of Public International Law.

**Unit-I : States in general**

State Territory :

Land Territory, National Waters, Territorial Sea, Air-Space and Subsoil under Earth, Modes of acquiring and losing State Territory.

State Jurisdiction :

Territorial Jurisdiction  
Jurisdiction on High Seas  
Jurisdiction on Aircraft  
Jurisdiction on Antarctica and Outer-Space

**Unit-II : Law of the Sea**

The First and the Second United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea

Third United Nations Conference on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS III)

Convention on the Law of the Sea, 1982

Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (1994).

**Unit-III : Individual in International Law**

Nationality  
Aliens  
Extradition  
Asylum  
Human Rights

**Unit-IV : Recent Trends**

Recent Trends and the changing structure of International Law

Feminist Perspectives of International Law

Some new approaches to the study of International Law

The conflicts of Political Ideologies and the universality of International Law with particular reference to the Communist Approach to International Law, the Third and Fourth World Countries and International Law.

**Books Recommended**

1. Stark, J.G., *Introduction to International Law*, Butterworths, 1963.
2. Wolfgang Friedmann, *The Changing Structure of International Law*, Columbia University Press, 1964.
3. Gerhard Von Glahn, *Law Among Nations : An Introduction to Public International Law*, Longman, 1966.
4. D.P. O'Connell, *International Law*, Stevens and Sons, 1965, 2 Vols.
5. Richard A. Falk, *The Status of Law in International Society*, Princeton University Press, 1970, pp 447-539.
6. Anand, R.P., *Asian States and the Development of Universal International Law*, Vikas, 1972.
7. Anand, R.P., *New States and International Laws*, Vikas, 1972.
8. Ian Brownlie, *Principles of Public International Law*, Oxford University Press, 1973.
9. Grigory Tunkin, *Contemporary International Law*, Progress Publishers, 1969.
10. Corbett, P.E., *The Growth of World Law*, Princeton, 1971.
11. Quincy Wright, *Contemporary International Law : A Balance Sheet*, Random House, 1963.
12. *Journals* : (i) American Journal of International Law  
(ii) Indian Journal of International Law
13. Dallmeyer, G. Droninda (ed.), *Reconceiving Reality : Women and International Law*, American Society of International Law, 1999.

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